The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 77. TOLEDO, OHIO, SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 25, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK N.Y.

MANTELS

Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others. It's not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

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Who Does Your Watch Repairing Try Us. CAWOOD.	Diamonds!
Watches!	We think we can please you with our ENGAGEMENT RINGS. CAWOOD.

LET YOUR LIGHT SHINE

And see to it that it shines from one of those Elegant New Lamps that

J. J. FREEMAN

is just putting on the market. Rich "Onyx and Gold," "First Empire," "Oxydized Silver," and and all the new finishes.

Magnificent Onyx Tables, Mirrors, Etc. If you wish to look at beautiful goods, at summer prices, come in and we

WILL CLOSE AT 6:30. WILL HELP YOU.

MAPS OF LUCAS COUNTY

$5.00 EACH

And of the City 25c Each.

BROWN, EAGER & HULL.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at low prices; Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

ELLSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

Is There a Crack in Your Wall?

Have your rooms papered while we are selling goods below cost.

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Fair weather, slightly cooler; northwesterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Stationary temperature, fair weather; westerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.—Fair weather, slightly warmer; northwesterly winds.

LOCAL.

The natural gas trustees' meeting.

Topics of interest to workingmen.

A Tiffin man hustling on a bicycle.

Marine intelligence of importance.

Ohio Yacht club blowout last night.

Toledo exposition progress and plans.

The Robisons will pay $1.80 all around.

The coming Odd Fellows' encampment.

Steubenville people camping at Point Place.

Fishermen off for supplies for fresh stories.

Foresters' day call by Chief Ranger Southard.

Proposition made by M. Bartlett for a 14-story building.

Statement of Mr. Clarence Brown relative to pipe contracts.

UNITED STATES.

Gossip from Sandusky.

Prof. Foster's weather forecast.

Ozbum had to die on the scaffold.

Successful test of the new 12-inch rifle.

Reports from the once troublesome Indians.

Rev. Dr. Stokes has trouble with the bathers.

The state of trade as reviewed by R. G. Dun & Co.

Phillips Brooks to be consecrated bishop October 14.

Pennsylvania mills to resume work with non-union labor.

FOREIGN.

Hayti in sad need of funds.

Official report of the Chilian execution of July 12.

"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE"

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

THIS ORIGINAL AND WORLD RENOWNED DIETETIC PREPARATION IS A SUBSTANCE OF UNRIVALLED PURITY AND MEDICINAL WORTH, A SOLID EXTRACT DERIVED BY A NEW PROCESS FROM VERY SUPERIOR GROWTHS OF WHEAT—NOTHING MORE. IT HAS JUSTLY ACQUIRED THE REPUTATION OF BEING THE SALVATOR FOR

INVALIDS AND THE AGED.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT FOR THE GROWTH AND PROTECTION OF INFANTS AND

CHILDREN

A SUPERIOR NUTRITIVE IN CONTINUED FEVERS AND A RELIABLE REMEDIAL AGENT IN ALL DISEASES OF THE STOMACH AND INTESTINES.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

SHIPPING DEPOT—JOHN CARLE & SONS, NEW YORK

OUR IMPROVED

WIRE SCREENS!

Are far in advance of all others in make durability. They are finished in hard or soft wood, any colored desired, with the best quality of shade cloth or hardware. Our screens slide like a sash, and may be used at top window as well as lower part. Do not disfigure your homes by cheaply made screens, but secure the best at

TOLEDO WIRE & IRON WORKS

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RECIPROCITY.

Mr. Blaine is right. We believe in reciprocity and practice it as far as possible with our customers.

Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, &c., sold on Installments at cash prices. Baby Carriages and Refrigerators $1 down and $1 per week. Goods delivered free anywhere in Toledo.

Honorable and square dealing every time. Ask your friends about us. Come in and examine our goods and learn our prices.

DRAPER & NUGENT.

IN ARICA HARBOR.

Several American Sailors Killed.

Torpedoed Out of Existence by the Chilians.

The Pensacola's Launch Blown Out of the Water.

An Apology All that the Offenders Offered.

Every Effort Being Made to Confirm the Startling Rumor—The Navy Department Trying to Keep it a Secret.

New York, July 25.—The World this morning publishes a letter dated Callao, Peru, June 24, giving the details of a sad accident at Arica, Chili, by which five sailors of the United States steamship Pensacola lost their lives.

The steam launch of the man-of-war was blown up in the harbor of Arica by the Chilian torpedo boat Condell and every man on board killed. The list of dead includes:

C. O. Smith, New York.

Wm. Hayes, Brooklyn.

Frank Peckham, Newark, N. J.

Arthur E. Dykeman, Pearsalls, L. I.

Teddy O'Rourke, Huntington, L. I.

The accident occurred on the evening of June 1. The Condell, one of Balmaceda's cruisers, stole into the harbor of Arica about 7 p. m. There was a heavy fog and objects at a distance of 100 yards could not be discerned with any distinctness.

The steam launch had left the Pensacola for a trip to the shore and was making her way slowly when suddenly those on the man-of-war saw the little boat lifted completely out of the water. There was the dull echo of a half-smothered explosion, and then wreckage was scattered in every direction.

Not a sound of a human voice was heard. The quiet that followed told plainly that the men aboard the launch had either been killed or so maimed as to be unable to make their condition known.

The search light of the Pensacola was brought into play and at the same instant orders were given to man the boats. By the flash of the search light the Condell was discovered only a short distance away.

The Chilian cruiser had mistaken the launch for an insurgent boat and had used a torpedo with deadly effect. There was intense excitement on board both vessels when the situation of affairs became known.

The commander of the Condell dipped his colors and sent his chief officer aboard the Pensacola. It then became known that the explosion of the torpedo was a stupid blunder on the part of the cruiser.

Such apologies as could be offered were made, but the feeling among the comrades of the dead sailors was very bitter. The bodies were not recovered.

The Pensacola proceeded to Iqueque, and on June 9 was again exposed to great danger. Balmaceda's cruisers, the Lynch and the Condell, pursued the insurgent vessel Aconcagua and would have captured her had not the Esmeralda hove in sight.

She finally put the government vessels to flight, but the engagement was hot while it lasted. Shot and shell were flying everywhere. On board the Pensacola the men crowded the rigging to see as much of the fight as possible. One shell exploded within a ship's length of the Pensacola's bow.

The Pensacola will probably be ordered to San Francisco for repairs.

At the navy yard the officers stationed there say they have had advices from Admiral McCann, who commands the fleet now in Chilian waters, dated as late as July 6. The admiral made no mention of an accident to the Pensacola's launch, and the officers incline to the opinion that there is no truth in the story.

An attempt was made to locate the relatives of the men mentioned as belonging in this vicinity. Only those of Dykeman could be found. They say he left home about a year ago and they did not know of his whereabouts until a month ago, when a letter was received from him in which he said he was in Brazil and doing well. He did not mention the fact that he was in the navy.

IT SHOOTS FIVE MILES.

Successful Test of the 12-Inch Rifle.

It Took 250 Pounds of Powder to Fire a Projectile Weighing a Thousand Pounds.

New York, July 25.—The great 12-inch rifle, the first piece of modern heavy ordnance ever built in this country, was successfully tested at Sandy Hook yesterday. A reduced charge of 250 pounds of powder and a projectile weighing 1,000 pounds were used.

With this charge the projectile was thrown a distance of five miles, with an initial velocity of 1,473 feet per second The pressure gauges showed 20,000 to the square inch.

These results showed but a slight difference from those estimated by experts before the gun left the foundry, and were eminently satisfactory to Capt. Bruff, who superintended its construction at the Watervliet National foundry.

The new gun, though it will become an important factor in the problem of coast defense, will not be the largest calibre that may be used to repel an attack.

Ocean Mail Service.

Washington, July 25.—Postmaster General Wanamaker has informed the postmaster general of New Zealand that "under the recent act of congress to provide ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, limiting compensation to outward voyages," he is endeavoring to arrange for fast fortnightly service in ten year contracts between San Francisco and Australia, via New Zealand, calling alternately at Wellington and Auckland; and he transmits this information that the postmaster general of New Zealand, if he thinks best, may co-operate in securing quicker communication and regulating return voyages in the interests of his country.

And no Election in Progress.

Washington, July 25.—The treasury department to-day shipped $400,000 in small notes to Chicago in exchange for deposits at New York.

ON THE WISBECH ELECTION.

Gladstone Has Placed Himself in the Lead Again.

London, July 25.—The Times says of the result of the Wisbech election: "This defeat is the worst the unionists have sustained. Gladstone has at length obtained an argument supporting his predictions of success at the general election. The reverse was not due to popular adoption of home-rule, but rather to the unionist liberals withdrawing their support from the conservatives under the belief that the time has come when they can again exercise freedom in their choice of politics."

The Post says: "The election was an undoubted defeat for the unionists. Nothing can be gained by attempting to minimize it. The result was due to unionist carelessness and apathy. The decline of its former spirit gravely menaces the unionist cause."

The Chronicle believes the result to have been due to the conservative candidates adopting the protection cry. Laborers recognize that protection for farmers will not increase their wages. They voted for the Gladstonian candidate, believing that radical measures had better be trusted to a radical government.

The Daily News is jubilant. It declares that the result of the election is proof that the country generally is awaiting to reverse the decision of 1886.

Keep Clear of the Chilian Navy.

London, July 25.—Capt. Armit, recently an officer on board the Chilian warship Presidente Pinto, writes to the Press warning Englishmen not to accept the offers made by the agents of Balmaceda. Capt. Armit says that he served for three months in the Chilian navy under Admiral Latorre, and that he was unable to get payment for his services. He adds that sailors who asked for their pay were put in irons.

Will Let Them Fight.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 25.—A Grand Rapids, Minn., dispatch to the Journal says that Pokegama athletic association of Grand Rapids has decided to offer $10,000 for the Hall-Fitzsimmons fight with or without gloves. The club will furnish a guarantee that a fight in Itasca county will not be interfered with.

EIGHTEEN PER CENT.

Hayti is in Sad Need of Funds.

Hippolyte Fails to Obtain a Needed Loan.

The People Want the Contracts of Legitime Made Good Before They Shell Out Again.

New York, July 25.—A special to the World from Port-au-Prince says that Hippolyte needs money badly.

Yesterday the government asked the merchants of Port-au-Prince for a loan of $1,600,000 in paper. The promise was made that the sum would be repaid in gold, with interest at 1½ per cent. per month.

The merchants, including those of all foreign nations doing business in the city, held a meeting and decided that it would be unwise to advance the money unless the Haytian government would promise to redeem the $500,000 in paper issued by the government of Legitime.

Hippolyte was unwilling to do this and the question will probably be submitted for settlement to the national chamber.

The San Domingo government officially announced yesterday that it will never cede or sell Samana Bay to the United States.

OZBURN HAD TO DIE.

Executed on the Gallows at Atlanta Yesterday.

Atlanta, Ga., July 25.—Charles M. Ozburn was hanged here yesterday for the murder of John M. Bradley on May 5, 1890. The drop fell at 22 minutes to one o'clock. The execution took place in the county jail before about forty witnesses.

Ozburn was a commission merchant of this city. He stood well and was highly connected. He had a dispute with Bradley about a barrel of potatoes which he had sold him and on which Bradley claimed there was 54 cents overcharges. Ozburn went to Bradley's store and shot him dead. Desperate efforts were made to prevent the execution; an appeal being made to the legislature to interfere in behalf of Ozbura; but the legislature refused to do so.

Treasury Surplus.

Washington, July 25.—The treasury surplus to-day aggregates $54,175,647, of which amount $25,024,391 is in dispositary banks and $19,449,353 is subsidary silver.

The comptroller of the currency to-day authorized the following national banks to begin business, each with a capital of $50,000: The German national bank, Beaver Dam, Wis.; the First national bank, Vermillion, S. D., and the First national bank of Sheridan, Wyo.

Application for authority to organize the Union national bank of Sioux Falls, S. D., was to-day filed with the comptroller of the currency.

A Wife for Ferdinand.

Bucharest, July 25.—The Prince of Wales and the king of Roumania will meet at Blankenberg, a fashionable watering place in West Flanders, during the month of August for the purpose of discussing the question of the marriage of Prince Ferdinand to the eldest daughter of the duke of Edinburg.

Did Not Indict Him.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 25.—Alfred Hull, who recently assaulted Maj. John H. Walker, inflicting injuries from which he died at St. Mary's hospital, was released to-day from Raymond street jail, the grand jury having failed to find an indictment against him.

FILLED FULL OF BULLETS.

Twelve Shots Fired Into Three Men.

The Official Report of the Execution at Peru on July 13, as Told By the Cable.

New York, July 25.—A Lima, Peru, cable dispatch to the Herald gives the government account, as published in the Imparcial de Valparaiso of July 18, of the execution of Richard Cumming, Nicolas Politeo and Pio Sepulveda, which took place Sunday morning, July 12.

Cumming was a Chilian merchant at Valparaiso and was about 40 years old. Politeo was an Austrian and also a merchant. Sepulveda was a deserter from the navy.

The three men were accused of bribery, sedition and with having attempted to blow up the Chilian cruisers Lynch and Condell.

They were condemned to death by a verbal council of war and the sentence was approved by the commanding general.

At the time of the execution Cumming blindfolded himself, but the other two were blindfolded by the soldiers. Twelve shots were fired by the soldiers, who stood four paces from the doomed men. Death was instantaneous.

GROVER TO HIS NEIGHBOR

The Spoils of Partisan Success are Not

The Sole Objects of Political Success These Days.

Ex-President Cleveland Talks to His Neighbors in a Fatherly Manner at Sandwich, Mass.

Sandwich, Mass., July 25.—Without regard to politics the people of Barnstable county tendered a reception to ex-President Cleveland to-day in honor of his becoming a summer resident of the county.

Over two hundred guests arrived at Buzzard's Bay at 11 o'clock on a special train from Boston. On their arrival Mr. Cleveland held a public reception which was continued until 12:30. At 1 o'clock dinner was served in the Casino with over eight hundred persons seated, the presiding officer being Harry C. Thatcher of Yarmouth. After a short speech of welcome by Mr. Thatcher, Mr. Cleveland responded upon the subject of ex-presidents of the United States, saying:

"Mr. Chairman and Ladies and Gentlemen: More than eighteen hundred years ago a lawyer pertly asked the Divine Teacher, 'And who is my neighbor?' The answer given to this question is quite familiar to us, and is embodied in the parable of the Good Samaritan.

"I hasten to assure you that this parable is here introduced for the lesson it teaches rather than for the purpose of suggesting that its incidents have any appropriateness to this occasion or its surroundings. I see no similarity between my situation and the man who went down from Jerusalem to Jericho and fell among thieves.

"I suppose that when you greet me as your neighbor to-day you have in mind the fact that I have come among you to spend at least a large part of each year, and that I intend to maintain this sort of residence here as long as the expense of farming and fishing enable me, from a slender purse, to meet your rate of taxation and the cost of provisions.

"In the meantime I declare my intention to be a good neighbor. No quarrels can arise over my line fences, for I have none. I keep no chickens, and my cattle do not run at large. I suppose I have pretty decided political opinions, and I judge from the election returns of this country that they are not such as have heretofore received the utmost sympathy and encouragement in this particular locality.

"Notwithstanding, however, my positive knowledge that the large majority of my new neighbors are in a sad state of delusion politically, I shall not quarrel with them on this subject, nor permit myself to become a political scold.

"I must be peaceful and neighborly, even if I see my neighbors go to political destruction before my eyes. Besides, there are prudential reasons why I should, in present circumstances, be politically docile. To be sure I have not, like the man who started for Jericho, fallen among thieves; but I know perfectly well that I have politically fallen among those who are too many for me, and that only my own peacefulness, or many conversions to my side in Barnstable county, can secure my immunity from being stripped of my political raiment and, wounded, left half dead, as was the case with the man from Jerusalem.

"While I do not want to tempt such a fate, I confess that my political convictions are so fixed that I can hadrly avoid dwelling upon them even here.

"Some things we can certainly do safely and properly. We can be tolerant to one another. We can constantly test our political beliefs by the light of patriotism, good citizenship and true Americanism, and we can be brave enough and honest enough to follow where they lead.

"We shall thus elevate our political efforts and find incentives to activity in a determination to aid in making our country as great, as it ought to be, and in securing to ourselves and our fellow-countrymen the happiness and prosperity due to all of us under a free government by the people. If our political endeavor is thus directed, we shall rid ourselves of the blindness and bigotry which accept unreasoning party assertions as a sufficient guide to political action, and which count the spoils of partisan success the sole object of political struggle.

"So, though we may differ in party affiliation, if we thoughtfully and sincerely believe and act, we may still be the best of neighbors, bound together by an unselfish willingness to forego special advantages which can only be gained at the expense of our fellows, and all engaged, with hearty co-operation, in the achievement of our country's high destiny.

"With a heart full of gratitude for the cordiality and consideration which you have at all times extended to me, I have, with the utmost sincerity, attempted to demonstrate my appreciation of all I enjoy among you, and to prove myself in your sight as worthy to be admitted to free fellowship in the Cape Cod community.

I must remember that you have not only kindly spoken of me as your neighbor, but have also referred to me as an ex-president. I have never failed to be profoundly sensible of the generosity and confidence of my countrymen in making me the recipient of the greatest honor that can be bestowed on any man; but what I remember most vividly in connection with the great office of president are its responsibilities and the labor and anxiety attending an attempt to do the work which the people had entrusted to me.

"The impress made upon the mind and heart of one who stands daily face to face with the American people, charged with the protection of their rights and the advancement of their varied interests, can never be effaced, and scarcely gives room for the gratification naturally supposed to attach to high and exalted place.

"I am led to mention in this connection, as a spur to official labor and as a sign of political health, the watchfulness of the people and their exactions from their chosen representatives to whom they have confided their highest trust.

"If they are exacting and critical, sometimes almost to the point of injustice, this is better than popular heedlessness and indifference concerning the conduct of public servants.

"It has always seemed to me beyond the greatness of the office and the supreme importance of its duties and responsibilities, the most impressive thing connected with the presidency is the fact that after its honor has been relinquished and after its labor and responsibility are past we simply see that a citizen whom the people had selected from the ranks to do their bidding for a time, and to be their agent in the discharge of public duty, has laid aside the honor and the work of the highest office in the world and has returned again to the people, to resume at their side the ordinary duties which pertain to every day citizenship.

Here he is, or should be, subject to the same rules of behavior which apply to his fellow-countrymen, and should be accorded the same fair and decent treatment, unless he has in some way forfeited it.

"But it must be admitted that our people are by no means united in their ideas concerning the place which our ex-presidents ought to occupy or the disposition which should be made of them.

"Of course the subject would be relieved of all uncertainty and embarrassment if every president would die at the end of his term.

This does not seem, however, to meet the views of those who under such an arrangement would be called upon to do the dying, and so some of them continue to live and thus perpetuate the perplexity of those who burden themselves with plans for their utilization or disposition.

"A very amusing class among these anxious souls make us useful by laying upon our shoulders all sorts of political conspiracies. If they are to be believed, we are constantly engaged in plotting for our own benefit and advancement, and are quite willing, for the sake of reaching our ends, not only to destroy the party to which we belong, but to subvert popular liberty and utterly uproot our free American institutions.

"Others seem of the opinion that we should be utilized as orators at county fairs and other occasions of all sorts and at all sorts of places.

"Some think we should interfere in every political contest and should be constantly in readiness to express an opinion on every subject of a political character that anybody has the ingenuity to suggest.

Others still regard it as simply dreadful for us to do these things, and are greatly disturbed every time an ex-president ventures to express an opinion on any subject. Not a few appear to think we should simply exist and be blind, deaf and dumb the remainder of our days.

In the midst of all this a vast majority of the plain American people are, as usual, sound and sensible. They are self-respecting enough and have dignity enough to appreciate the fact that their respect and confidence as neighbors is something which an ex-president may well covet and which, like any other man, he ought to earn.

They will measure the regard and consideration due to him by his usefulness and worth as a private citizen. They will not agree that the fact of his having been president gives him any license for bad behavior, nor that it burdens him with an unfavorable presumption.

"These are sentiments which we, on the side of the ex-presidents, will gladly adopt, and these conditions we can well afford to accept. In conclusion, I desire to express the confident opinion, based upon a short experience and supplemented by the kindness which characterizes this occasion, that no better place can be found as a retreat for ex-presidents than Barnstable county.

They are sure to receive here all the Cape Cod hospitality and friendly treatment they deserve with a great many other things thrown in.

"From the bottom of my heart I say to you, that while I do not mean in the least to detract from the honor arising from the incumbency of the high official place, nor undervalue the designation of ex-president, the pleasure which this occasion affords me chiefly consists in the cordiality with which you have greeted me as your neighbor."

The speech was an able one and was frequently interrupted by loud bursts of applause.

When Mr. Cleveland was seated and the noise of clapping of hands and cheers subsided, Gov. Russell rose amid the plaudits of the audience and spoke on the commonwealth.

The Commissioners in Paris.

Paris, July 25.—M. Roche, minister of commerce, and M. Berger, member of the chamber of deputies, will meet the Chicago world's fair commissioners at the office of M. Guyot, minister of public works.

It is thought probable that M. Berger will be appointed French commissioner general of the fair.

Can Come In Free.

Washington, July 25.—The treasury department has instructed the collector of customs at New York to allow free entry of the baggage and personal effects of Sir Alfred Maloney, governor of British Honduras, and his family who will arrive in New York shortly on their way to British Honduras.

2,700 Pilgrims.

Berlin, July 25.—The pope has approved of the exhibition of the "Holy Coat" at Treves, and has sanctioned the forgiveness of the sins of pilgrims who journey thither. Three steamers each with 900 pilgrims aboard have arrived from America.

A Strike Off.

Pittsburg, July 25.—The strike at the Bessemer steel works at Duquesne was officially declared yesterday. All the men were advised to secure their former positions at once. Many of the strikers, however, will not be taken back.

HAULED DOWN OUR FLAG.

The Italian Emblem Flies in Its Place.

Another Chance for a Bloody Race War.

Glen Hazel, Pa., in a Great State of Excitement Over the Killing of One of Its Citizens.

Pittsburg, July 25.—Glen Hazel, a pretty little lumbering hamlet, 14 miles from Ridgeway, Elk county, may soon be the scene of a race war that will create as great a furor in diplomatic circles as the famous Italian episode at New Orleans.

During a drunken row between lumbermen and Italians employed in grading an extension of the New York, Lake Erie & Western railroad, Horace Fisher, a jobber, was fatally stabbed in the abdomen by Paolo Fassuzzi.

The latter then made his escape to the Italian camp, and has not yet been captured, although the county commissioners have offered a reward of $500 for the apprehension of the murderer.

Soon after the murder the Italians at Glen Hazel flung the national flag of Italy to the breeze and boastfully defied arrest. The woodsmen then began to talk of shooting every dago in the town.

Their blood is at fever heat and they are determined that the brutal murder of their companion shall be avenged. They have consulted among themselves what they will do in retaliation and the result of their councils has been conveyed to the leader of the Italian band.

They have served a notice on him, giving him five days to deliver the body of Passuzzi, the murderer of Fisher. If he shall not be placed behind the bars of the county jail at Ridgway at the expiration of that time every Italian is to be driven out of the county at the point of Winchester rifles.

The dagoes are terribly frightened at the way things are looking and have notified the Italian consul at Philadelphia of their danger. The consul opened communication with District Attorney Ernest J. Witmer, demanding protection for Italy's subjects. In answer to the consul's letter the District Attorney wrote him that he had better advise Italy's subjects to deliver up the murderer.

The consul sent two men here to quietly look into the matter, and they were in this city to-day. There are at least 5,000 woodsmen in Elk county and they are a unit in demanding reparation for this horrible crime.

It now looks as though a conflict between the Italians and the woodsmen is inevitable.

Will Go Out In the Garden.

London, July 25.—Major Moses B. Handy and Mr. F. S. Peck, Chicago, world's fair commissioners, will represent the commission at the garden party given in its honor by Lord Salisbury at Hatfield house to-day.

The T. & C. Bee Line.

Sylvania, July 25.—The surveyors for the new railroad surveyed through here this week. We now have fair prospects of railroad accommodations, as we have none from the Lake Shore.

SEVEN WERE DROWNED.

A Sad Accident Reported from the St. Lawrence.

Quebec, July 25.—A dispatch received from Seven Islands on the lower St. Lawrence, reports the drowning of seven children—Alfred, Joseph, Marie, Louise and Cecile Montiguy and Marmed and Marguerite Pouras.

Details have not been received, but it is stated that a little boy only 7 years old, who was in the party showed extraordinary courage and succeeded in saving one of his companions, a little girl, 8 years old. Five of the bodies have been already recovered.

The Bazoo Won't Be In It.

Washington, July 25.—Lieut. H. R. Lemley, the special commissioner of the Chicago exposition in Colombia, writes that a typical orchestra from that country consisting of ten musicians playing their native instruments, which are unlike those of any other people, has been organized. It will appear at Chicago during the exposition in connection with the exhibit from the republic of Colombia.

Committed Suicide.

Baltimore, July 25.—Miss Mary Passano, aged 20, a girl known for her beauty, committed suicide by shooting herself in the breast Thursday night.

The family to which Miss Passano belonged is a wealthy one and stands high socially, but she was an orphan girl and poor, and it is only in her wounded pride that any theory can be found to account for her self-murder.

RULED BY THE SPIRITS.

A Real Circus in a Circus Tent.

The Lord and the Devil in a Combat for the Soul of Man.

Bloomington, Ind., July 25.—The "trance women," who are now conducting a big show at Fairfax, about twelve miles south of this town, are not drawing as big crowds as they did during their first engagement at Mt. Eba1.

They now have a circus tent erected in Henry Nikirk's back yard. The tent is not a very large one, seating probably about 200. The seats are made of stumps, boards and old branches.

At one end is the platform on which the women operate, or manipulate. There are now two more females, recent converts, who assist them in running the show.

One of these assistants—a rather good-looking young girl—sat on the platform last Sunday, chewing gum. All of a sudden she keeled over, and after giving three or four kicks and pawing the air with her fists she succumbed.

She lay there about a half hour as if dead, and finally got up again and resumed her wax-chewing. About forty men, women and children were shaking at one time. Their performance was on the style of calisthenics taught in the schools.

One fellow groaned and yelled and "cussed" loudly. A "preacher woman" encouraged him by calling out, "Keep it up, brother!" She explained that it was the Lord and the devil fighting for control of the man, and that so far the devil had the best of it, but the Lord would finally "get there, just the same."

While the performance was going on on the inside of the tent, there were a lot of people coming and going on the outside. A number of them were misbelievers, but among the crowd might be seen many pacing up and down the road, kicking up the dust and shaking.

One big, able-bodied fellow, in his shirt sleeves and barefooted, was dancing about and thrusting out his arms like Sullivan in a 40-foot ring. Three good-looking girls came down the road where the dust was ankle deep, sweeping it with their skirts and beating their breasts with one hand, while they fanned themselves with the other.

The performances of these women and their victims are tolerated in the neighborhood because two-thirds of the community believe in them.

Most of them are ignorant, weak-minded and superstitious, and it takes not little excitement to lead them off into a cataleptic state. The women preachers are supported by contributions, and their victims are always ready to "contribute to the Lord."

Although it was Sunday, the outside of the tent had the appearance of circus grounds. There were the lemonade and peanut stands, while the praying and shouting on the inside sounded like the whoop-la of the grand entree. The show will be continued indefinitely.

He Was a Thief.

New York, July 25.—Cornelius King, a man 45 years old who was for six years assessor of taxes in Paterson, N. J., was arraigned to-day for sentence on three indictments charging him with larceny in the first degree. For a number of years King was collector and manager of the Hinchcliffe brewing company of Paterson and attended to the business of the company in this city. It was discovered that he had appropriated $21,000 of the firms money. He pleaded guilty to one of the indictments and was sentenced to 4½ years imprisonment.

In The Hands of a Receiver.

Chicago, July 25.—The Columbia oil company, dealers in cotton seed and cotton seed oil with office in Chicago, London, Memphis and Owatonna, Minn., was placed in the hands of a receiver to-day by Judge Blodgett. The company was capitalized for $1,000,000 and the liabilities are in the neighborhood of $500,000.

Will Enforce the Law.

Augusta, Me., July 25.—A communication was received yesterday by the sheriff of Aroostook county from Gov. Burleigh calling attention to complaints that have been made that the prohibitory laws are not being properly enforced. The governor says that if more efficiency is not shown special constables will be appointed.

Died Young.

London, July 25.—Cecil-Ralph Howard, sixth earl of Wicklow and a representative peer, is dead in the 49th year of his age. Ralph-Francis, Lord Clonmore, the son of the late earl by his wife, succeeds to the earldom.

None Too Light.

New York, July 25.—Geo. Reppert, who was convicted of an atrocious assault on his 16-year-old daughter, was to-day sentenced to state prison for 19 years and 9 months.

THE JURY IS STILL OUT.

They Ask Further Information from Judge Pugh.

It Looks as Though Some of the Men Were Holding Off for an Acquittal.

Columbus, O., July 25.—The jury in the Elliott murder trial this morning asked to have certain portions of the evidence read in their hearing, saying their memories did not agree as to whether P. J. Elliott shot at Osborn before Osborn shot at him, and as to where P. J. Eliott stood when W. J. Elliott yelled "Patsy kill the s— of a —."

Judge Pugh sent the jury back to their room, and said he would pick out certain portions of the testimony and read it to them at 4 p. m.

From this question of the jury it seems that some one or ones are hanging out for acquittal, and the people are very much incensed because of it.

An outbreak is feared if such should be the verdict, as there is strong feeling against the Elliotts.

WILL INGALLIZE HIM.

Foster Tells of the Scheme to Down John.

He Weeps a Hypocritical Tear While Talking.

The National Alliance Think They Will Have Done Enough If They Defeat Sherman.

Philadelphia, July 25.—Secretary Foster, fresh from a conference with the president at Cape May, frankly admitted the fact that the national organization of the Farmers' alliance has determined to open a campaign against the re-election of Senator Sherman, with all the earnestness and unrelenting vigor of the fight made against Ingalls, of Kansas. They look upon this field as presenting the best opportunity for a triumph, which, if won, they can point to as an alliance victory pure and simple.

"What are the plans of the alliance in the Ohio campaign?" was the query which opened a spicy talk on the political situation in the Buckeye state.

"The fact is," replied Secretary Foster, with deliberation, "that as far as the governorship is concerned we do not look for much activity or decisive results. There are no reasons why the alliance should fight Major McKinley, and we do not calculate on any defections among the republican farmers. The democrats, or most of them, perhaps, will stand by their party candidate."

"As to the senatorship, what will be the attitude of the alliance men?"

"Oh," exclaimed the secretary, "that is where they propose to make the fight. I don't care if you do publish it, for I have it from a reliable source. The truth is that the alliance leaders have entered into a combination to defeat Senator Sherman's re-election if they can accomplish it by any possible means. Mind, this is not so much the purpose of the rank and file of the alliance organization throughout our state, as it is the avowed determination of the national alliance leaders. They hope to make a distinct and well-defined issue which will attract wide-spread interest in this senatorial election.

Their single purpose will be to drive Senator Sherman out of the field. If they could only succeed in preventing his re-election they feel that they could claim it as a great alliance victory. They say they can well afford to direct all their energies in this direction. If success should crown their efforts they believe their national organization would be wonderfully strengthened and their cause would be given a prestige which could not be obtained so effectually in any other manner."

"What is your opinion of the outcome of this anticipated battle?"

"I do not think that Senator Sherman need fear to meet the issue," was the reply. "He has long served the people of Ohio faithfully and well, and they know well his worth."

A RUNAWAY CAR.

One Girl Killed and Another Fatally Injured.

Scranton, Pa., July 25.—A street car on the Dunmore electric line, coming to this city from Laurel Hill park late last night became unmanageable. Two girls, frightened by the efforts of the motor man to stop the car, jumped. One of them, Nettie Morgan, living in Hyde park, broke her neck and was instantly killed. The other girl, Stella Hughes, suffered internal injuries believed to be fatal. Several others received slight injuries in jumping, but those remaining on the car escaped uninjured. A broken brake was the cause of the trouble.

SENT HIM TO SIBERIA.

An American Citizen Grossly Abused.

Seized in Poland and Hustled Off to the Frozen Zone for a Period of Five Years.

Omaha, Neb., July 25.—Abraham Goldstein, a well known resident of this city, has received a letter from Russia which conveys the information that S. Gerber, an American citizen, who lived here for five years, has been exiled to Siberia by the Russian authorities.

Mr. Gerber went last March to his native town in Poland for the purpose of bringing his family to America.

While there he was seized on a charge of running away to America to escape the military service and despite his claim that he was a citizen of the United States he was banished to Siberia for five years.

To Resume With Non-Union Men.

Reading, Pa., July 25.—Next Monday an attempt will be made to resume with non-union men the work with three furnaces at the Hamburg rolling mill, at Hamburg, this county. The mill has been idle for three weeks on account of the lessees, the Pottsville Iron and Steel company, not having signed the amalgamated scale.

At S. R. Seyfert's mill at Seyfert's station, where the men have been on a strike for the past four months, will also probably resume work, as negotiations are now pending to that end.

G. A. R. Aides.

Rutland, Vt., July 25.—Appointments of aides de camp to the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic were to-day made public as follows:

Potomac—Edward S. Godfrey, Washington, D. C.; W. E. Rogers, Washington, D. C. (of George A. Custer Post No. 1).

Pennsylvania—B. F. Wyman, Pittsburg.

Michigan—Lucius D. Dix, Berrien Springs; G. Lee X. Prentice, Lawton; J. A. Crozier, Menominee; Russell A. Fealer, Three Rivers; C. M. Hall, Union City; L. J. Allen, Battle Creek.

Secret Crookedness.

Bath, Me., July 25.—This city has been greatly disturbed by the report that two foreign built steamers have been admitted to American registry and to the California trade of this port.

Capt. Whitmore was sent to-day as a delegate to interview Senator Frye and Congressman Dingley at Squirrel island. The senator was emphatic in his denial of the accuracy of the report, and Mr. Dingley indorsed Mr. Frye's views, saying that Bath builders need have no fear of such competition.

Destructive Fire.

Dallas, Tex., July 25.—What proved to be a very destructive fire started in J. B. Cowan & Co.'s large liquor house on Commerce street shortly after midnight, and spread rapidly to the adjoining buildings of the Benbrook School Furniture company, Ben Wolffe & Co.'s Gin and the Brower's Storage company's warehouse. Sanger Bros. lose 500 bales of cotton stored with Wolffe. The opera house, in course of re-construction, narrowly escaped. The approximate loss at a late hour is $3,000,000.

Indians Are Quiet.

Chicago, July 25.—Capt. Higgins, of Gen. Miles' staff, has returned here from a trip to the agencies in the Sioux reservation. He reports that the Indians have about wholly abandoned the idea of war and have gone back to their old pursuits. Their country, however, is cursed with drought and crops are almost a total failure and have been for the past three seasons.

FROM THE SUNNY SOUTH.

Politics as Viewed by Men from Alabama.

Congressmen Oates and Clark on the Situation.

They Think Grover Cleveland Holds the Winning Cards—Western State Elections May Prove a Factor.

Washington, July 25.—There are two Alabama members of congress in the city at present, Representatives Oates and Clark. Mr. Oates has been here for some time, but returns to Alabama for a few days every month or so and keeps well up with the current of affairs in the state.

Mr. Clark has been at his home for some months past, but is here at present looking after the interests of Mobile in connection with the establishment of the subsidized lines of steamers.

He called on the postmaster-general to-day to urge that Mobile be made one of the ports from which a line of steamers will run. Speaking to your correspondent Mr. Clark said that they were going to be able to ship coal from that port cheaper than anywhere else in the country, as there was clear water navigation from the coal fields to the city.

He says that there is not at this time much political activity in Alabama, but they have promise of a lively fight when the time comes to elect another congressional delegation.

"The alliance leaders," he said, "are very active and determined. The chances are that they will not go into a third party movement, but will try to capture the democratic organization. I think it is better that they should be kept within the old party organization.

"Many of the things they consider important issues I do not approve of, but it would do less harm if they accomplished what they want in a democratic convention than it would if they bolted the party. They are really democrats and they will come around all right in time, but if they get clear out of the party it will be harder to get them back again.

"I don't think they can do any real harm as long as they remain in the party. Individuals may suffer; they may retire me and others from congress, but the fate of the individual citizen does not count for much. The affairs of the party and of the country will go on as usual, no matter how many new men come into the place of those who have served before."

Speaking of presidential preferences, Mr. Clark said: "The people of Alabama have always thought a great deal of Cleveland. Before he wrote his famous silver letter they would not hear of any one else in connection with the nomination. That letter was a shock to them, though it is hard to say why, as they knew what his position was on that question.

"Almost all of our people believe in the free coinage of silver and they are embarrassed by Mr. Cleveland's attitude. They scarcely know what to do about him. If he is nominated they will all support him. It is hard to tell what may happen yet. Democratic success in Ohio and Iowa might make a change in the situation.

"I do not know what to think of the situation in Ohio. I don't want to be too sanguine. The friction in the democratic party there may prevent Campbell being elected. If we were as united there as we are in Iowa I should have no doubt as to the result.

"I am perfectly sastsfied that Boise will be elected in Iowa. That will bring his name prominently to the front as a probability on the national ticket. If Campbell is elected governor of Ohio he will probably aim higher than the vice-presidency. If he should carry the state by a large majority he will probably be the democratic candidate for the presidency in 1892."

Mr. Oates takes a different view of things regarding the alliance and its relations to the democratic party from his colleague, Mr. Clark. Mr. Oates is in favor of fighting the alliance. He says it will not do for the democratic leaders to be guided by the public utterances of the promoters of the alliance.

In the southern states they are giving it out that they do not want to join a third party movement, but are still democrats. All such statements are accompanied by a proviso to the effect that the democrats must swallow the subtreasury and land-loan scheme, otherwise the alliance will be obliged to look to a third party for redress.

"The truth of the matter is there are certain men who have joined hands with the alliance movement simply with a desire to advance personal interests and pull down every man who has gained any political prominence, be he democrat or republican."

When asked if the alliance is making any progress in the south Gen. Oates replied that it is difficult to tell just what they are going to do. They say one thing in public, but in their secret councils they may talk differently.

Such proceedings have a communistic flavor which the true democrats of the country cannot and will not sanction, even to gain control of the government. Unless the democrats of the south come to some understanding and determine to live up to the principles of the democratic party, the alliance, in its efforts to dominate in that section, may capture either Alabama or Georgia, and perhaps both Carolinas.

Gen. Oates says he does not wish to be regarded as a sensationalist, but he firmly believes the leaders of the alliance will form any combination possible if they think they can gain an advantage.

Their declaration of faith in the democratic party amounts to nothing as long as they continue to act to the contrary. Gen. Oates says he is in favor of free silver, and so voted whenever opportunity presented itself, but he thinks there are many other things to be desired besides the adoption of a law providing for the free coinage of silver.

After all there will be more or less disappointment among the poorer classes after such a bill shall have become a law, because the mere fact of congress enacting a law will not put money in their pockets unless the prices of necessities of life are reduced and wages are advanced.

Concerning the Presidential question General Oates was asked to explain the difference of opinion between Senator Morgan and Congressman Herber with regard to the Cleveland sentiment in Alabama.

General Oates says the middle ground about expresses the real situation. In other words, the people of Alabama have the greatest confidence in the ability and high standing of Mr. Cleveland, and they will cheerfully support him for renomination of he comes to the convention with a solid delegation from his own State.

In spite of his opposition to free silver they believe he would serve the Democratic party honestly and faithfully and they would rejoice to see him again in the White House with them. It is a question of party success rather than the advancement of any one man.

If Mr. Cleveland is the choice of the New York Democracy, Alabama and all the Southern States will gladly give him an enthusiastic support.

General Oates said that if the public report that Mr. Cleveland was going to take an active part on the stump in the Ohio campaign was true it would have a splendid influence on his chances all over the country. He thought that Mr. Cleveland ought to take a hand in Democratic campaigns, as he undoubtedly has more influence at the present time than any other individual Democrat in the country.

He thought that going on the stump and speaking directly to the people would bring him nearer to the people, enlarge confidence in him and make it easier for Democratic leaders to satisfy the rank and file of the party that it would be better to accept Cleveland, free coinage or no free coinage, than to experiment with a weaker man.

BISHOP PHILLIPS BROOKS

Will Be Consecrated at Trinity Church, Boston, in October.

Boston, July 25.—The consecration of the Rev. Phillips Brooks, D. D., as bishop of the diocese of Massachusetts will take place in Trinity church, Boston, Wednesday, October 14. The Right Rev. John Williams, D. D., LL. D., bishop of Connecticut and presiding bishop, will be the consecrator.

The Right Rev. Thomas M. Clark, D. D., LL. D., bishop of Rhode Island, will be one of the presbyters.

The name of the bishop appointed as the other presenter is not given, as his acceptance of the appointment has not yet been received. The Right Rev. Henry C. Potter, D. D., LL. D., Bishop of New York, will be the preacher.

The two clerical brothers of the bishop elect, the Rev. Arthur Brooks, rector of the church of the incarnation, New York city, and the Rev. John Cotton Brooks, rector of Christ church, Springfield, will be the attending presbyters.

Napoleon Notes.

Napoleon, July 25.—(Special.)—Frank Coe, Sr., a respected citizen of Hamler, was killed yesterday in falling with a load of shingles. The load was piled too far forward, and Mr. Coe's weight added to the force produced by a rut and caused the accident.

The merchants of this place are waging a violent war against a band of traveling Jews who have opened up a stock of cheap clothing for a month or so which they allege has been damaged by fire.

TO THANK THE POPE.

What the Catholic Hierarchy Will Do.

Cahensly's Idea Would Only Have Brought Ruin and Anarchy Where Peace Now Reigns.

Cape May, July 25.—At the next meeting of the Catholic hierarchy of the United States a letter of thanks will be sent to the pope in the name of the bishops of the country thanking him for having rejected the petition of Herr Cahensly and his associates.

The hierarchy looked upon the memorial as unwarrantable interference with the business of the church in America. To a man the bishops were against it. It was believed the scheme would bring ruin and anarchy where peace now exists. The consequence of two bishops in the same territory would be disastrous.

The proposition is considered an insult to the American hierarchy, and the bishops were prepared to resent it if necessary. The bishops, individually and collectively, believe there should be no race in the United States, and some of them are in favor of the government taking positive action in suppressing the teaching of any language in any school but the English language.

The trouble over the Cahensly petition, it is said, grew out of the scheming of a clique of Catholics of foreign birth in this country, who have been endeavoring to propagate this foreign idea in the United States.

Since the rejection of the petition by the pope it is believed the instigators of it in this country were moved by hopes of self-aggrandizement. If there is any one characteristic of the hierarchy of the Catholic church more prominent than another it is that it is American, and to make it such Cardinal Gibbons has been laboring for years.

He believes that every Catholic bishop should be a patriot, because he is a large property holder and his country's interests are his. Secondly, the Catholic bishop is a leader of the people, and should in his life and work show the character of patriotism.

Archbishop Ireland has joined Cardinal Gibbons. He arrived in time yesterday to be present at a dinner given by Mr. Cockroft Thomas, of Philadelphia, in honor of the fifty-seventh anniversary of the birth of Cardinal Gibbons.

At the residence of the cardinal in this city telegrams and letters were received in great numbers yesterday and to-day. They all testified to the esteem in which he is held, and congratulated him upon his attitude regarding the Cahensly memorial.

SIC 'EM, JOHN; SIC 'EM, JOE.

The Republican Situation Tersely Told.

How the Squabble for Office is Viewed from the National Capital.

Washington, July 25.—The outbreak of the war between Sherman and Foraker is causing a deal of uneasiness among the republican politicians here. They are beginning to realize what a prominent Ohio democrat said the other day—that in the democratic ranks the fighting has mostly been on the surface, while in the republican ranks the harmony has all been on the surface and the fighting has been going on behind the scenes.

If the battle is to be transferred to the front of the stage it means that the Sherman and Foraker force will spend their powder on each other, instead of on their common enemy.

Foraker gave a sample of what he can do in mudslinging in parading the ballot box forgeries. Sensible republicans tremble to think what he may accomplish if he turns his entire energies to blackening the character of those of his own party.

It is well understood that most of the better element of the party in Ohio are for Sherman for senator, and in view of his towering abilities and great services they consider it a piece of audacious impudence for Foraker to aspire to rattle around in the seat of the great financier.

The fact that Senator Sherman himself appears so patient with Foraker's antics is a subject of some comment here, and is generally attributed to his patriotic willingness to remove any cause of irritation from the campaign.

THE BLUE BOOK IS OUT.

The New Orleans Riots Renewed Once More.

The Government at Washington Suspected Trouble Long Before It Took Place.

Washington, July 25.—The blue book containing the correspondence in relation to the killing of the Italian prisoners in the jail at New Orleans on March 14 has just been issued by the state department. It appears from the correspondence which dates as far back as October 21, 1890, that the state department was even then awake to the possibilities of international complications arising from the murder of Chief Hennessy. On that date Gov. Nicholls telegraphed, in response to Mr. Blaine's inquiry, that there was no occasion for executive or unusual action in the premises.

On November 13 the Italian council complained to Secretary Blaine, through Baron Fava, that the Italian prisoners had been severely ill-treated in the jail. It appears, on investigation, that the complaints were well founded and the evils complained of were immediately abolished.

An exceedingly interesting letter from Minister Porter to Mr. Blaine, which gives an account of Mr. Porter's interview with Count D'Arco, goes to show that the action of the Italian ministry was taken chiefly for political effect at home.

Most of the rest of the correspondence has already been published.

The record of cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla can never be completely written. The peculiar curative powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla are successful when everything else has failed. If your blood is impure, your digestion out of order, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

TROUBLE IN THE CAMP.

Rev. Dr. Stokes Runs Against a Snag.

He Has Undertaken to Reform Bathing Suits.

The Girls and Plump Women Arrayed Against Those of More Uncertain Age and Form.

New York, July 25.—There was more indignation than piety at the Ocean Grove camp meeting yesterday morning. Many caustic expressions indicate that bitter feeling exists among the summer residents over the Rev. E. H. Stokes' latest order regulating the wearing of bathing suits, which the ladies consider an insult to their modesty and womanhood.

Rev. Dr. Stokes is president of the camp meeting association and an autocrat of Ocean Grove, who has ideas of his own about the propriety of things, which, however, do not coincide with the views of everybody else.

The thousands of ladies and children who occupy cottages in the neighborhood of the beach have been in the habit of disrobing and walking down to the ocean in their bathing suits, all ready to take a plunge into the sea.

The story is told that President Stokes used to take as much delight and pleasure as others in watching the bathers on the board walk and coming down the streets and avenues until a few days ago, when he visited the beach in company with several prim and spectacled ladies of uncertain age, one of whom was so shocked at what she called "the vulgar disportment of those creatures," that she nearly fainted and insisted on leaving the spot at once, all the while holding her hand before her eyes.

Next day—that is, Thursday—a policeman was stationed at the beach, who warned off all bathers who, in his judgment, were not dressed for a swim with becoming modesty. When the indignant bathers protested he pointed to the following notice posted on the wall and printed in large black type:

All the police force have orders to rigidly enforce the following ordinance concerning bathing:

"Be it enacted by the trustees of the Ocean Grove Camp-Meeting association of the Methodist Episcopal church that bathing in a nude state or in improper or indecent bathing apparel or passing through the streets or avenues, or from the bathing grounds without suitable covering is hereby prohibited at all times within the limit of jurisdiction of said association, and any person offending against the provisions of this by-law shall, on conviction before any justice of the peace, police justice, or officer especially commissioned, possessing the powers of police justice of this corporation, be punished by a fine of $5, or by imprisonment in the county jail for five days, to be imposed at the discretion of such justice aforesaid.

E. H. STOKES, President.

Just what sort of bathing costumes the camp-meeting association considered proper and decent, the order of the Rev. Mr. Stokes did not state. The reverend doctor was busy all the day at a meeting in the auditorium, but his policeman consented to tell what people must wear if they want to go swimming here.

"It must be a bathing suit that covers the form from neck to the toe nails," was the elegant way Dr. Stokes' minions put it. "They must all wear cloaks, gossamers or some sort of covering over the bathing suits while walking through the streets or along the board walk," added the official censor.

Miss Edith Hodgson, of Philadelphia, expressed herself very plainly about the matter. "If anybody has acted indecently or made a public display," she said, "it has not been any of the ladies. The indecency of this whole thing consists in calling attention to it. Of course no modest woman would walk down to the beach in her bathing dress again. Nobody ever saw anything wrong in it till now."

"I think this is all spite work of the women up at the camp grounds, who never go in bathing," said another lady. "You see the young men don't go to the meetings unless we do, and the people who are so solicitous for the souls of others fear the young men will lose their salvation by neglecting their camp-meeting for the bathing beach."

FROM SANDUSKY CITY.

The Sixteenth Regiment Preparing for Camp.

Reunion of the 123d O. V. V. I. at Cedar Point a Most Enjoyable Time.

Sandusky City, July 25.—(Special.)—Yesterday Cedar Point was the scene of one of those gatherings so dear to the hearts of the surviving veterans of the late civil war—an annual reunion.

This event was the meeting of the 123d regiment, O. V. I., and the local members of the regiment made every arrangement for a pleasant and jolly time.

A paper giving the names of those who died in prison was read by Mr. J. P. Snyder, of Peru, Huron county, who also recounted his experience in Andersonville.

Corporal J. P. Dry, of Upper Sandusky, gave a talk on the private soldier and Major E. B. King delivered the address of welcome. A rousing camp fire and music were prominent features of this happy occasion.

The 16th regiment, O. N. G., will go into camp at Sage's Grove, Huron, August 6, for the annual week of field duty required by the laws of the state. A rifle team, composed of members of Co. B, of this city, has been organized that will be entered in the contest at the coming encampment. The boys are practicing twice a week and were trying their skill at Cedar Point, Wednesday.

The tea and coffee store of Edward Laidke on Columbus avenue has been closed by Sheriff Weidel on an action brought by the Citizens' National bank, whom he owed in the neighborhood of $300.

An assignment was made to Messrs. John Dierr and Geo. E. Reiter by Jacob Widmer, the Jefferson street grocer. The failure is not a bad one, the assets only amounting to about $1,000.

It is rumored on the streets that after August 1, the Adams Express company will discontinue its business here, and that the express matter over the Big Four road will be handled by the American Express company.

The floating saloon near Cedar Point has been seized by Constable Gundlach, by authority of County Treasurer Byron Gager, who claims a Dow tax due to the extent of $108. E. Reinheimer, the owner, was given a few days in which to settle, and in event of neglect the saloon will be towed to the dock in this city and sold.

An Old Nurse for Children.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Hail storms do not occur in well-wooded districts, according to the observations of a noted Swiss forester. In evidence of this he points out that a district formerly exempt from such storms has been visited by very fierce ones since gaps were made in the forests, and that upon re-planting the cleared ground with firs the storms ceased entirely.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

BRYAN NOTES.

Progress Made With the Oil Well—General Mention.

Bryan, July 25.—(Special)—Well No. 6 is down a few feet over the 400 mark, and work is going along nicely.

A. J. Tressler and family are visiting friends at Geneva, Mich.

An ice cream festival by the Christian people will be given in A. C. Daniels' ware rooms this evening.

A new hotel project is now under contemplation in Bryan. Mr. Locke, now proprietor of the Locke hotel in Waterloo, Ind., has submitted a proposition to the people of Bryan to erect and furnish a hotel of all the latest conveniences, and being a hotel keeper of long experience, agrees to come here and take charge of the business himself. Bryan people will miss a rare treat if they do not accept.

It is estimated that over 300 ex-soldiers from Williams county will attend the G. A. R. encampment at Detroit the 1st of August.

IN A BUSINESS WAY.

What the Leading Industries are Doing.

Speculation and Exports, and the Bearing They Have on the Country's Trade.

New York, July 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Some improvement in the business situation is still noted. There is more actual trade in some of the leading branches and more general confidence as to the future. But the monetary situation does not grow clearer. Speculation in products is springing up, which threatens to make trouble when the crop movement becomes large.

Distribution of circulars in enormous number from Minneapolis and Washington, professedly by the Farmers' alliance, advising all farmers to hold their wheat does not yet affect actual receipts, but stimulates speculators to buy largely in expectation of a boom, and much money has already been locked up in carrying accumulating stocks.

With the utmost freedom in movement of wheat, recovery from Europe of the $70,000,000 gold shipped this year would be difficult, but with wheat exports checked for some months, scarcity of money would be felt in all markets and all branches of industry.

Reports of the condition of trade are generally more favorable than a week ago. At Boston there is further improvement. Philadelphia notes improved demand for wool. Groceries move better than usual for the season, but collections are poor.

At Buffalo trade improves in some lines, but at Pittsburg and Cleveland it is quiet. At Cincinnati the shoe trade is busy and the demand for leather good, and at Detroit lumber is firm, and charcoal iron selling more freely.

At the west, crop prospects stimulate everywhere. Chicago reports wheat receipts five times last year's, an increase of 30 to 50 per cent in dressed beef, hides and butter, but some decrease in cured meats and lard.

Dry goods sales are a trifle smaller at present, and trade in clothing and shoes seasonably dull, with collections improving, confidence in the future being general. At Milwaukee trade is fairly active; at St. Paul improving, and at Minneapolis active for lumber and better for flour. Wheat does not yet move largely at St. Louis, though more is going into Illinois towns to some extent.

Trade improves at Kansas City, money being in demand for packers and grain dealers. At the south little change is noted, and money is generally tight and trade inactive.

But crop prospects decidedly improve in Alabama, sugar is active and firm at New Orleans and trade holds its own at Savannah. Suspension of a bank at Palatka causes some depression in trade there, but heavy purchases of tobacco at Key West show unusual activity in cigar making. Business in Florida is more promising than last year.

Speculation in breadstuffs has suddenly become active. Sales of 48,000,000 bushels of wheat here have resulted in an advance of 3 1-2 cents per bushel, though the moderate official estimate of this year's crop would leave nearly 200,000,000 bushels in the country for export, a quantity greater than has ever yet been taken abroad. Corn has declined 1 cents and oats 1 3-4 cents on small trade, having been unnaturally high.

Pork products rise again and a speculation in them is foreshadowed. Coffee remains unchanged and oil is an eighth higher, while cotton has fallen 3-8 to 8 cents for spot, with sales of 608,000 bales, an enormous trade for the season. Potatoes and apples are lower and farm products are generally getting back to a normal range. The average prices of all commodities have fallen 1 1-2 per cent, during the week. Tin is lower at London; copper in small demand, with lake at 12 3-4 cents, and lead unchanged The reported improvement in coal is mythical for free selling continues by parties not named at the May prices.

The great industries show improvement in wool and leather manufacture, but no signs of recovery in iron or coal. The depression in iron is serious, though prices are on the whole but little changed.

In the wool trade the larger sales at eastern cities and continued large receipts at the west reflect the improvement which a better demand for dry goods naturally causes. Leather is awakening, and manufacturers are laying in stocks more liberally.

The boot and shoe prospects at the south and west are excellent and Boston shipments again exceed last year's. But the money markets at the west show increasing demand, and at some points approaching stringency, and collections are not, on the whole, good for the season.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 294, as compared with a total of 274 last week. For the corresponding week last year the figures were 199.

TAFFY FOR TWO.

Russia and France Loving Each Other.

The Czar Does Honor to the People from Whom He Expects Help in a Pinch.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The station which marks the St. Petersburg terminus of the little 20-mile railway that connects this city with Cronstadt was this morning handsomely decked out in brilliant bunting and numerous Russian and French flags in honor of the distinguished visitors from the fleet of the French republic now anchored in Cronstadt roadway.

When the train pulled into the station and the French admiral and the officers of his staff, accompanied by M. De Laboulaye, the ambassador of France to Russia, and the members of the embassy stepped upon the platform they were received by the grand duke Alexis, representing the czar and by a number of ministers of state.

An enormous crowd had assembled in the vicinity of the station and as soon as the Frenchmen were discovered they were greeted by repeated and hearty cheers. The visitors were at once driven to the quarters which had been prepared for their reception.

Later in the day a grand banquet was given in honor of Admiral Gervais and his officers by the French ambassador. Among those who met to greet the admiral were the grand duke Alexis, the Russian ministers of marine; of interior; of commerce and the assistant minister of foreign affairs.

The French ambassador offered the toast to the czar which was acknowledged by the Grand Duke Alexis, who in turn gave the toast to President Carnot and the "gallant French squadron." Both toasts were drunk standing, and both were greeted with enthusiastic cheers.

BIG TIME IN FREMONT.

St. Ann's Church to be Dedicated To-Morrow.

People Will be There from all the Surrounding Country—General Mention.

Fremont, July 25.—(Special)—Judging from present indications there will be at least five thousand strangers in the city Sunday to attend the dedication of the new St. Ann's church. One of the largest delegations will come from Toledo.

Over a thousand people are expected from there. This delegation will consist of several societies of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, also the Young Men's Catholic association and members of the Immaculate Conception, all under the leadership of Rev. Father McCarthy, formerly of this city.

Excursion trains will also be run from Sandusky, Clyde, Bellevue, Norwalk and Tiffin. There will be about fifteen priests in attendance from all parts of the state. The dedication ceremony will be conducted by the Very Rev. Mgr. Boff, after which the first high mass will be said by Rev. McCarthy, assisted by all the visiting priests. In the afternoon a grand parade will take place. Gen. R. B. Hayes will probably deliver an address.

The Catholic Knights of America gave a pleasant excursion to Cedar Point recently. About eight hundred excursionists were in attendance.

J. H. Clauss, of the Clauss Shear Works, treated his employes to a pleasant boat ride on the Jenks to Cedar Point Wednesday. All of his employes, including the 10 traveling men, were present. The Light Guard band furnished the music.

Work on John Hochenedel's new block Croghan street is progressing finely. Mr. Hochenedel will have a fine building when completed. It will be used as a hotel. A fine bar will be a feature of the new place.

J. Joseph and Louis' new three story block on Front street is about completed. The building is of modern design and presents a fine appearance. It will be used for wholesale dry goods, notions, carpets, curtains and cloaks.

The new trunk sewer is about completed. The sewer is one of the best improvements that Fremont has enjoyed for some time.

There is not a city in Ohio that has as many paved streets for its size as Fremont. All the principal business streets are already paved and as soon as possible work will be commenced on Napoleon street and Buckland avenue. Other streets are being graded, curbed and macadamized and many streets are being sewered.

A meeting of the Pioneer and Historical association of Sandusky county will be held at Birchard Library, at 2 o'clock p. m. August 1. The meeting is called for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and for fixing a date for holding the 19th annual picnic.

While excavating for the foundation of the new school house, near Fort Stephenson park, this week, a number of human skeletons were unearthed. Two of them were undoubtedly those of British officers who perished in the late battle of Fort Stephenson and were buried on the spot. Beside the remains were a number of brass buttons bearing the figures 41, the number of the regiment which attacked the fort. Several Spanish coins of ancient date were also found. There were still some pieces of clothing left, the bright scarlet color of one was still discernable. Pieces of the wooden coffins were also found together with several hand wrought iron nails.

Another grave, probably that of an Indian, was unearthed. Large pieces of cloth were found, one being deeply fringed. Beside it lay a stone pipe of curious design. The relics were eagerly picked up by the relic hunters.

Young William Whitehead has been arrested on a warrant sworn out by Lizzie Sherlob. The girl is poor and the boy well off, and the arrest is causing unusual comment.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet efficiently. It tones the stomach, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, banishes headache, and refreshes the mind.

Distress After Eating — Sick Headache — Heart-burn — Sour Stomach

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. After eating I would have a faint or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble was aggravated by my business, painting. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Can You Believe It?

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and claim it assimilated in every detail to

Carter's LITTLE LIVER Pills!

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrappers, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecting purchaser, who wants CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING.

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A Positive Cure for Sick Headache.

Small Pill — Small Dose — Small Price

Bergen's Asthma Cure Did It.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Dec. 20, 1889.

Dr. J. W. Bergen, Petersburg, Ind.:

Dear Sir—It is with pleasure that I testify to the virtue of your Asthma Cure. I had been a sufferer for years, and had almost come to the conclusion that there was no cure for asthma; but your remedy was recommended and I commenced taking it last June, and have not had an attack since, and I feel that the cure is permanent and complete. I hope that all asthmatics will give it a trial, as I firmly believe it is a specific. Truly yours,

S. B. LEWIS, Dentest.

FOR SALE BY

THOS. VANSTONE

Manhood Restored.

Small weak organs Enlarged. Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) *Free* to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

TORTURING ECZEMA

Editor Iowa Plain Dealer Cured of Insufferable Itching and Pain by the Cuticura Remedies.

No Less Than Five Physicians Consulted. Their Combined Wisdom Followed Without Benefit.

I am sixty-six years old. In August, 1889, was troubled with the peculiar skin disease to which people of my age are subject, known among medical men as eczema. Its first appearance was near the ankles. It rapidly extended over the lower extremities until my legs were nearly one raw sore; from legs the trouble extended across the hips, shoulders and the entire length of the arms, the legs and arms greatly swollen with an itching, burning pain, without cessation. Although the best medical advice attainable was employed, no less than five physicians of the place being consulted and the prescriptions being the result of their combined wisdom, the disease, though apparently checked, would recur in a few days as bad as ever; during its progress my weight fell away about twenty-five pounds. As an experiment I began the use of CUTICURA, following the simple and plain instructions given with the REMEDIES, and in four weeks found myself well, with skin soft and natural in color, the itching and pain entirely relieved. W. R. MEAD,

Editor Iowa Plain Dealer, Cresco, Ia.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus remove the cause), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), speedily cure every humor and disease of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, whether itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy, whether simple, scrofulous, hereditary or contagious, when physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1; Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin cured by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

FREE FROM RHEUMATISM, in one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weak losses. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

Sure Cure

ROBINSON'S SURE CURE

—FOR—

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.

R. W. ROBINSON & SON,

181 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

Ask my nts for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *he case we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5. 00 genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4. 00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price, same grade as custom made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3. 50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2. 50 fine calf, no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2. 25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they see on their merits as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish, equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, send direct to the factory, enclosing advertised price, or postal for order blanks. Mail orders promptly filled. Shoes sent by mail, postage free. Catalogue free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

S. W. NETTLETON, 241 SUMMIT ST.

Our Agent for Toledo.

Our immense stock of piece goods for suitings and trouserings has dwindled down to remnants. We must rid ourselves of these odds and ends before July 1, '91. Experience has taught us only one sure and rapid way, and that is a sweeping reduction on our already low prices on Suiting and Trousering.

It will pay you to call on us.

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,

344 SUMMIT ST., TOLEDO, O.

"DRESSY MEN"

Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the

Newest Designs in Woolens!

Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.

LOUIS STONE,

422 Adams Street.

LADIES, $500 REWARD!

DR. ANDERSON'S ENGLISH FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are the safest and most reliable. Give them a trial and be convinced. Sent by mail, postpaid, per box, $1.00; 6 boxes for $5.00. MOSS MEDICINE CO., Toledo, O.

Also for sale by F. Hebly, M. D., 402 Nebraska ave.; Wm. Kirchmaier & Son, 601 Adams st.; Auburndale Pharmacy, Monroe and Milburn ave.; Depot Pharmacy, Knapp and Broadway; F. C. Stephens, Tenth and Washington sts.; C. Reinert, Ph. C., cor 13th and Adams st.

J. W. CUMMINGS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Rooms 5 and 6 Kaufman Building,

17 Superior St. TOLEDO, O

Summer Resorts

Huron's Beach for Prospectus write Marcus Young Port Huron Mich.

HOTEL LAFAYETTE

CAPE MAY, N. J.

New management, elevator and all modern improvements. Apply to JOHN TRACY, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or Cape May.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, ASBURY PARK, N. J. WILL OPEN JUNE 13, 1891. THEO. OVES PROP'R.

GRAND VIEW HOTEL

WEISBEACH, ONT., CANADA.

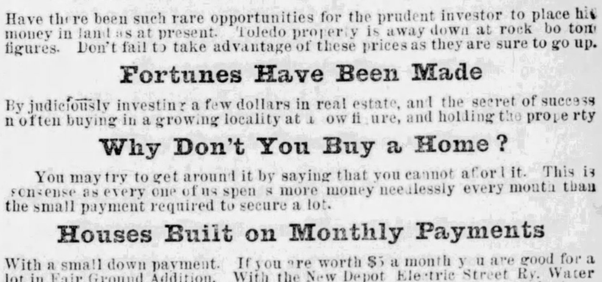
Beautifully situated at the foot of Lake Huron, in full view of all ships passing in and out of the River St Clair. Thoroughly refitted and enlarged since last season.

BOATING, BATHING, **FISHING,** TENNIS AND CROQUET

SEINE FISHING DAILY IN FRONT OF HOTEL

This beautiful resort is within two miles of Sarnia and Port Huron, and of easy access to all railway and steamer lines. Terms moderate. J. VAN WYCK, Manager.

D. WEIS, Prop., Sarnia, Ont.



HOTEL GRANDE POINT, Grande Point St. Clair Co., Mich.

An elegant new Hotel, just across the river from Algonac. Every room a water front. Excellent water works, affording purest water. Perfect drainage. Every modern convenience. Finest bathing beach on the St. Clair river. Fresh milk and vegetables from the adjoining farm. Rates $2.50 per day. Special rates by week or month. Reached via Toledo and Detroit and "Starr-Cole" and "Red Star" line steamers daily. Leave Toledo at 5:35 a. m. on M. C., connecting with Detroit boat at 9 a.m. Dinner at Grande Point. Toledo docks foot of Jefferson st., Detroit docks foot of Griswold street.

J. S. BRUBAKER, roprietor.

"THE WINDERMERE,"

GRATIOT BEACH.

The most popular resort on the lakes enlarged and remodeled. For rates write J. O. West, Manager.

FORT GRATIOT, MICH.

Put-in-Bay House!

Put-in-Bay Island, O.

OPENS JUNE 20th.

A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.

MRS. A. BALBRIDGE,

Formerly of "The Carlisle," the leading family hotel of Cincinnati.

THE WARD

Summer Resort Hotel,

FORMERLY THE BUNKER.

Remodeled and Refurnished.

J. B. WARD, PROP'R,

Put-in-Bay Island, Lake Erie, Ohio.

First-Class Livery in Connection.

"OAK RIDGE,"

GREEN SPRING, O.

Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium. $12 to $21 Per Week.

KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

Put-in-Bay House!

Put-in-Bay Island, O.

OPENS JUNE 20th.

A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.

MRS. A. BALBRIDGE,

Formerly of "The Car

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS.

The Project for a Whaleback Passenger Steamer.

Increased Business at the Ironville Docks.

A Big Load of Ore—The Pontiac to be Raised—Business of the River—General Marine.

Speeial marine weather bulletin, compiled from the war department weather map. Observations taken 8:0 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Dir.	Vel.	We'r.
Oswego	29.96	62	W	10	cloudy
Buffalo	29.90	62	W	6	cloudy
Cleveland	30.06	62	N	10	cloudy
Toledo	30.16	56	NW	12	clear
Port Huron	30.14	50	NW	12	clear
Alpena	30.10	54	W	14	clear
Green Bay	30.18	56	SW	11	cloudy
Milwaukee	30.18	60	W	6	clear
Grand Haven	30.16	54	E	11	cloudy
Chicago	30.18	62	W	8	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	30.06	50	W	14	cloudy
Marquette	30.02	56	W	12	cloudy
Duluth	30 12	56	NW	12	cloudy

Lake region forecast: For Western New York and Ohio—Fair to-night; slightly cooler, northwest winds.

For Indiana and Illinois—Light local showers; stationary temperature, except slightly cooler in extreme south Indiana; north winds.

For Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair to-night; slightly warmer; winds becoming southwest.

The clearing condition has moved south to Nebraska and stretches in a ridge of high pressure from the south Atlantic states to Alberta.

The Ironville Docks.

"Business has been exceptionally good at the Ironville docks this season," said A. G. Blair, traffic manager of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad this morning. "It has thus far been a much better year than last, and business is steadily on the increase. The recent strike of the miners set us back a little, but we will rapidly catch up again."

The Clover Leaf Boats.

The business done by the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad company's boats between Toledo and Buffalo has far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the projectors. Although it was expected it would be a light season, the result has been that both boats have had as much as they could handle. Now that wheat is moving the boats are hardly adequate to take care of the business. Next year the company will buy or lease another boat or perhaps purchase three new steamers.

A Big Load.

The steamer E. C. Pope took on 3,221 net tons or 3,607 gross tons of ore at Gladstone yesterday. She is bound for Ashtabula. This is the largest cargo ever loaded for the lower lakes. The previous largest cargo was that of the Pontiac, 2,936 tons.

Whaleback Passenger Boats.

"In 90 days," said Capt. Alexander McDougall, in a recent interview, "our mills for the construction of steel plates, angle irons, and bolts, will be completed at Duluth, and we shall immediately lay the keels for 10 more whaleback boats for service on the Atlantic. Until this time we shall will take it easy. We shall build a whaleback steamer 550 feet long with cabin accommodations for 2,000 passengers for service during the world's fair. After the fair is over she will be cut in two and taken to the Atlantic. It is possible that we will build more than one of these boats. They will be given great speed and will be elegantly fitted out."

The Wetmore, Capt. McDougall added, will load with a partial cargo of machinery for the new ship yard on Puget Sound near Seattle, and will then return to New York, where she will take on material for the first two boats to be built on the Pacific coast. He had no fear about her doubling Cape Horn after she had behaved so handsomely in crossing the Atlantic.

Capt. McDougall is sanguine that the whaleback boats are to be as successful in ocean trade as on the great lakes. The success of the Wetmore in carrying wheat to Liverpool but confirmed his confidence. The American Steel Barge company, which is building the whalebacks at so great a rate, is largely composed of officials of the Northern Pacific railroad, who are as confident of their success as is the captain himself.

This interview confirms a report regarding a whaleback passenger steamer, printed in the Bee early in the season. That was the first mention of the project by any newspaper.

Will Rais the Pontiac.

Cleveland, July 25.—Mr. J. R. Oldham, of the Record of American and Foreign Shipping, who represented the English underwriters of the Pontiac at the Sault, returned to Cleveland yesterday. He laughed at the report that the Pontiac would be abandoned by her owners, and treated with ridicule the statement recently made in an exchange that it would cost $75,000 to raise her. He stated the steamer will be raised and that it will not cost more than half of the sum mentioned.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Schr Bessie, St Clair, mdse.
Schr M T Downing, Buffalo, 600 tons coal.
Schr Mary Birchall, Sarnia, cedar ties.
Schr Golden Age, Buffalo, light.
Prop Wm Edwards, Buffalo, light.
Stmr Abercorn, Alpena, 250,000 ft lumber.
Schr Lyman Casey, Alpena, 307,000 ft lumber.
Stmr John Pridgeon, jr, Buffalo, mdse.
Schr C C Barnes, Gladstone, 1,019 tons iron ore.
Schr Maize, Alpena, 350,000 ft lumber.
Schr Richard Winslow, Escanaba, 1,498 tons iron ore.

CLEARED.

Tug Harley, Pt Huron, light.
Stmr Helvetia, Ashland, light.
Stmr Abercorn, Chicago, light.
Schr Maize, Chicago, light.
Schr Lyman Casey, Chicago, light.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Schr Waubaushene, Collins Bay, timber.
Schr Valencia, Kingston, 25,000 ft ship timber.
Stmr D D Calvin, Kingston, 20,000 ft ship timber.
Stmr Bessie, Alpena, mdse.
Stmr John C Gault, Buffalo, mdse.
Stmr Wm Edwards, 57,000 bu wheat.
Schr Golden Age, Buffalo, 80,000 bu wheat.
Stmr John Pridgeon, Jr, Buffalo, mdse.
Schr Glenora, Kingston, 47,000 bu wheat.
Schr John Gaskins, Kingston, 37,000 bu wheat.
Schr Prussia, Pt Edward, 550 tons coal.

Snags.

The steamer A. G. Lindsay is in for grain.

The steamer Ida M. Torrent arrived last night with lumber.

The steamer Western Reserve arrived this morning for grain.

The Wabash steamer John C. Gault left this morning with a full load for Buffalo.

The schooner Kate Kelly was taken out of the creek this morning and will load grain.

The steamer William Edwards and the barge Golden Age arrived yesterday afternoon for grain.

The tug Schenck this morning brought in the schooner M. T. Downing loaded with hard coal from Buffalo.

Another steam pump was placed on board the schooner Sage yesterday afternoon, and the tug Gee left with her for Buffalo.

The schooner Prussia loaded at the Ironville docks by the Wheeling & Lake Erie, cleared to-day with coal for Pt. Edwards.

The harbor master finished repairing the Cherry street bridge yesterday. Two new segments were put in and an entire set of new bolts.

The steamer Oregon left this morning behind the tug Uncle Sam. Her consort, the Alverson, was taken out by the Birckhead yesterday.

The schooner Richard Winslow, ore laden for the Ohio Central, arrived yesterday. The schooner C. C. Barnes, also ore laden, arrived yesterday.

The steamer Minneapolis and consorts, Red Wing and San Diego, coal laden, left to-day. The schooners were taken out by the tugs Butler and Schenck.

Barge 101, ore laden, arrived yesterday afternoon. She is at the Hocking.

The steamer Abercorn, with consorts Casey and Maize, arrived in with lumber last evening.

The following notice is given to navigators: A red barrel with a small tripod on top marks the wreck of the scow Hannah Moore, sunk on the middle ground off Black River.

The Quito and Houghton left to-day with grain.

The steamer Pickard left to-day with coal.

The Helvetia was taken out light this morning by the tug Andrews.

The schooner S. H. Dunn was brought in by the tug Andrews this morning.

The steam calliope of the Pastime has again been placed on board the steamer.

The yacht Nadjy, Capt. Harry Alexander, leaves this evening for Monroe with a fishing party.

A party from the Produce Exchange made a trip about the harbor this morning on the steamer Wilson. They inspected the different elevators and the vessels loading grain.

The steamer Kirby took hydraulic jacks and blocking from Detroit to Sandusky Thursday, and work has begun on the raising of the schooner Col. Cook, which sank recently at her dock at Marblehead while loading stone for this port.

The schooners John Gaskins and Glenora left to-day. They will be picked up by their steambarge the Glengarry.

The steamer D. D. Calvin and consort Valencia left to-day with ship timber.

THE ROBISONS

Agree to Give Their Men $1.80 a Day All Around.

The committee appointed by the street car men visited the officials of the Robison line this morning, and that company promised to do the right thing and pay the men $1.80 a day all around. The Consolidated officials can hardly do anything else now, as the Robisons have acknowledged that the men were right in their understanding of the agreement. The Consolidated will be seen Monday for an answer.

IMPORTING CONTRACT LABOR

Street Laborers to be Brought Here from Cincinnati

To Work on the City Pipe Line—After Somebody's Scalp—General Local Labor News.

Somewhat of a flurry was created in labor circles this morning by the receipt of the following self-explanatory letter by Supt. Murphy of the free employment office:

CINCINNATI O., July 24.

Chas. W. Murphy, Supt. Toledo, O.

DEAR SIR. I am in receipt of a letter from Kerlin Bros., contractors for your city pipe line, requesting that I send them 300 laborers or street work. In answering them I referred to the matter of transportation, asking what arrangements, if any, they proposed to make. As yet they have failed to answer. As I have quite a number of men who are willing to go if they could get there, I wish you would ascertain if possible what kind of contractors they are; also if that amount of laborers are needed in your city. An early reply will be appreciated. Very truly yours,

W. J. STEVENSON,
Supt. Free Employment office.

Mr. Murphy was hot under the collar when he read the epistle.

"Mr. Kerlin came here and I told him I could furnish 500 men if necessary. All the men now at work on the streets are being laid off and the supply is greater than I have ever known it."

"What can have been Mr. Kerlin's idea in sending outside for help?"

"I cannot imagine, unless it is a scheme to flood the city with unskilled labor, and then he could make his own price. If his contract will not allow him to give a fair day's wages for a fair day's labor, then he had better throw it up."

Coming out of the Free Employment office a Bee man again Mr. Clarence Brown, to whom the above letter was shown.

"Mr. Kerlin has made a mistake," he said. "His contract specifically says that home labor must be employed and I for one will see that the contract is lived up to in this respect."

Yesterday the wives of quite a number of street car men met in the Worthington block and effected a temporary organization. At the meeting of the street car men's union to-night a communication will be presented from the newly-formed auxiliary branch asking for information and suggestions relative to the organization and aims of the union.

The local union of Journeymen Painters and Decorators of Toledo are so increasing in membership that they find their present quarters too small. A committee was appointed to secure a suitable hall for the union, where they hope to see all the members, as well as all painters of the city who would like to avail themselves of an opportunity to join the union. It is rumored that the latch string will hang on the outside, and all that is necessary is to pull the string and enter. They meet for the first time next Monday night, in Turley's hall, corner Monroe and Huron streets.

Card From Mr. Fellows.

TO THE EDITOR:—In yesterday's daily papers I notice a reference to a conversation of mine with an electric wage worker on the recent strike settlement. It was not intended for the press and was not correctly reported. My position on the question is this, when the companies schedule a man less than 12 hours for a day's work and pay him less than $1.80 for that day's work, they are not living up to the agreement as it was understood. It is all rot to schedule a man a day's work that is less than a day's work, and pay a day's wages that is less than a day's wages and then talk about living up to the agreement. If that is the way companies live up to an agreement they deserve trouble, and the more they get the better.

WM. FELLOWS.

Last evening the Electric Line Men's union perfected their organization and elected delegates to the Central Labor Union. The tinners' hall has been secured as permanent headquarters and a special meeting will be held there next Friday afternoon. The printers' strike and the clerks' early closing movement were both endorsed.

The Plasterers' union held an interesting meeting last night and among other things discussed the pro posed demonstration on Labor day.

At a regular meeting of the Wood Work Machine Hands' union last evening, a number of grievances pertaining to rules and regulations of certain firms in Toledo was brought up for discussion and the proper action taken for investigation.

FOR ONCE AND ALL.

Messrs. Gunckel, Lorenz, Machen and Lanz Are Going to Settle a Little Matter.

Since Charlie Gates has returned from beyond New York and Boston and has a metropolitan air to his fish stories, he is becoming very proud and swells a good deal before John Gunckel and the other boys who have to stay around home. However, this condition of affairs is not to exist long. The boys have got their backs up, and are going to break any record in fishing even made by Mr. Gates and are going to do it right at home. John Gunckel, Geo. E. Lorenz, August Machin, H. L. Lorenz and Superintendent Lanz of the Ohio Fish Commission left this morning with their war paint on, and when they return Mr. Gates will have to look to his laurels. The gentlemen, while they are about it, have decided to lay out Jim Pheatt and Rev. Hunt at the same time, and make a clean job of it. Arrangements have been made to bring the catch home, and more rigs will be telegraphed for if the catch is unusually large.

Mr. Gunckel says that there will be no fish lying in their official report. He severely scored persons who misled the public with wild stories of what they did down in Maine. He didn't care to get personal and wouldn't mention any names.

Seamless Tube Lawn hose.
TOLEDO RUBBER CO.

Taylor's Winter Wheat Flour is the best domestic flour in the market.

WHAT YOU WANT | Good Furniture at lowest prices. We have it.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

Sold by the Sheriff.

Sheriff Stuart this morning disposed of the following property at sheriff's sale:

To Geo. T. Metzger lot 619, Oliver's division, $1,667.

To Horace S. Walbridge lots ¾ of 657, 658 and 659, Vistula division, $2,450.

New Court of Foresters.

A new court of Foresters will be instituted at Maumee, August 4. The lodge begins life under most flattering circumstances, there being at present over forty names to be enrolled in the charter. A large delegation of Toledo Foresters will attend, including the uniform rank.

Tub Races at Presque Isle.

Arrangements are being made for a program of old-fashioned sport at Presque Isle on Sunday of next week. The feature of the day will be a tub race in the afternoon, open to all comers. There will be three money prizes for this race and any one wishing to enter should address the Presque Isle company.

Wants Her Own Name.

Josephine M. Cherry filed an application in common pleas court to-day for a divorce and alimony from her husband, Charles H. Cherry. She charges gross neglect, extreme cruelty and adultery. She asks that she be given the custody of their children and restored to her maiden name, Josephine M. Blanchard.

G. A. R. Visitors.

Ransom Post No. 131, G. A. R., of St. Louis, Gen. Sherman's old post, will arrive in Toledo Saturday morning, August 1, 200 strong, including ladies. The party will take breakfast here and then go to Put-in-Bay, where they will spend Sunday. From there they go to the encampment at Detroit. Volunteer Post, of this city will meet the visitors in uniform and act as their escort while in the city.

Church Dedication at Fremont To-Morrow.

St. Ann's Catholic church, at Fremont, will be dedicated to-morrow with the usual ceremonies. Rev. Father Boff, of Cleveland, Father McCarthy, of Toledo, besides priests from the surrounding country will be present to lend their aid. Many will attend from Toledo, including the Catholic Young Men's Benevolent Association, who always turn out in great numbers. 'Twill be a great day for Fremont.

Y. M. C. A. Summer Meeting Postponed.

For the convenience of a number of athletes living out of the city who will compete at the Y. M. C. A. games, and in order to finish the improvements now being made at the park, the committee have decided to postpone the summer meeting until August 29. The entry blanks, which contain 18 events, are now on file at the office of the secretary of the association, ready for signatures. The Y. M. C. A. park is one of the finest in the state.

He Didn't Ride and Demands Redress.

Action was instituted in common pleas court to-day, by Joseph McDougal against the Toledo Consolidated Street Railway company to recover $3,000 damages.

For cause of action the plaintiff alleges that on June 26, 1891, he purchased a passage on the Dorr street line from East Toledo. That when he arrived at the transfer station and boarded an Broadway car intending to ride to his employment, the conductor refused to permit his passage, and violently ejected him from the car.

Improved Order Red Men.

The following officers have been elected by Calumet tribe, No. 134, Improved Order of Red Men, East Toledo:

Prophet—J. McKindley.
Sachem—Gilbert Meeker.
Senior Sagamore—Dr. Walter Hast.
Junior Sagamore—G. Munding.
K. of W.—Thomas Sheon.
C. of R.—Arthur Sautter.
First Senap—G. Sautter.
Second Senap—Henry Weatherhold.
Representative to Grand Lodge—Gottob Sautter.
Guard of Wigwam—Oliver Groan.
Guard of Forest—George Meeker.

I. O. G. T. Notes.

The lodge at Ironville will hold an open meeting August 6, at which time there will be good speakers present and everybody is invited to come.

Beacon Light lodge, No. 105, have moved into their new hall, corner Broadway and South streets, and they will give a lawn fete Tuesday evening, July 28, at 1822 Broadway.

The Fifth District meeting will be held in Toledo July 30 and 31, and it is expected that every Good Templar Lodge in the District will be well represented. The local lodges have made all arrangements to entertain them while here. They have also chartered the steamer Idlewild and will give a moonlight ride Thursday evening, to which everybody is invited. There will be splendid music and a good time is assured. The meeting will be held in Clark's hall on Cherry street, near Summit.

Monday's Bids at the Council Chamber.

Bids for the following improvements will be received at noon on Monday by City Clerk Durian and City Engineer Wickenden:

Walbridge avenue, grading, from Hiett avenue to Wendall street; sewer No. 376, alley 118 feet west of Sumner street, from sewer No. 234 to a point 15 feet south of Segur avenue; sewer No. 377, alley between Walbridge avenue and Knower street, from Maumee avenue to Dix street; sewer No. 378, alley 110 feet and 130 feet north of Western avenue, from sewer No. 161 to southeast line Avenue addition; sewer No. 379, Webster street from sewer No. 356 to a point 175 feet southwest of Cherry street; sewer No. 380, alley between Austin and Houseman streets from Lagrange street to easterly line E. D. Morris' addition.

Unpleasant, but True.

If you spent more money yesterday than you made or was made for you, and you are in the habit of doing this, you are a candidate for physical, mental and moral misery. Your friends will be things of the past. Unable to protect yourself or those dependent upon you, both you and they will be scorched by the heat of summer and chilled by the blasts of winter. Saving Five Cents a day will prevent this.

July Is the Time

to begin an account and deposit any amount up to Ten Thousand Dollars with The People's Savings & Loan Co., at 239 Superior St., as your deposit will begin to earn most advantageously and you will get your first dividend next February. The People's Company secures your Nickels and your Thousands just the same by almost three-quarters of a million of first mortgages on real estate and has never paid less than 8 per cent, per annum, compounded semi-annually. The next dividend will be declared on the first Tuesday of August and payable after the second Tuesday of August. People's Nickel Savings Stamps can be purchased of Agents in all parts of the city.

No Aspirations.

Chief Justice Fuller has no aspirations in the presidency line. He favors the nomination of the man who appointed him to the bench—Grover Cleveland.—Boston Globe.

That Is His Bent.

Sherman acknowledges that there is nothing politically crooked in Foraker's aim at the senatorship, if he's bent that way. And that is his bent.—Columbus Post.

Even The Sheep.

The Ohio sheep are so mortified at the lower price of wool under the McKinley tariff that they will decline to vote the republican ticket this year.—N. Y. World.

Taylor's Flour sold by all grocers and flour dealers.

Mackintosh Yacht Caps.
TOLEDO RUBBER CO.

EXPLANATION IN ORDER.

Trustee Clarence Brown Talks Interestingly on the Proposed Contracts for Piping the City.

The letting of the contracts for piping the city is exciting a great deal of interest. Inasmuch as a misapprehension seems to have arisen a plain statement of the facts may not be uninteresting.

The original advertisement called for bids for the furnishing and constructing of about 50 miles of pipe ranging in size from one and one-half inch to ten inch. The contract as awarded and signed yesterday calls for the furnishing and construction of four miles of pipe at a cost not exceeding $20,000. The statement, therefore, that there can be $97,000 profit in this contract is incorrect.

The contract furthermore does not say where these miles of pipe shall be laid or what size the pipe shall be. The cost, therefore, has yet to be determined.

"How could the misunderstanding have arisen?" Mr. Clarence Brown was asked by a Bee this morning.

"The fact is Mr. Backus has never read either the specifications or the contract," he said, "and I will agree to take back everything I have said or done in this matter if Mr. Backus will prove that any of the statements he has made are correct."

"What do you know about that statement of Mr. Parsons?"

"I don't understand Mr. Parsons' position. At a conference at which he, Dr. Jones, Mr. Greene and myself were present, we discussed the figures fully and thoroughly, and finally decided to award the contracts. I was over at the office this morning and Mr. Manton furnished me with the following explanation of that "statement:"

Mr. Clarence Brown, Dear Sir: The statement, concerning the price of pipe, signed by me and submitted to the board yesterday, contains a mistake. It does not express what I intended it should.

The statement that "the amount $97,-117.50 is the difference between the price of wrought iron pipe bid for and price of pipe of same sizes received and on file is not correct. That amount, $97,-117.50, is the difference between the first cost of pipe, on board cars, and the cost of the same quantity of pipe furnished and laid in the streets. In other words, that sum represents, approximately, the cost of laying all the pipe, except the 10 inch, bid for in the four districts.

Respectfully,
JOHN P. MANTON,
Assistant Secretary.

Continuing he said:

"The pipe bid for us was about sixty miles, so that the figures above given and stated to be a profit or job, represent the cost of laying over sixty miles of pipe.

"The staement which Mr. Manton signed was written by Col. Parsons, and Mr. Manton is in no way to blame for it. It had been explained time and again in the board that a comparison between the first cost of pipe and the cost of pipe laid was unjust. It would be just as fair to take the cost of 100 miles of steel rails and compare it with 100 miles of completed railroad and then say that the difference represented the profit in the price of the rails."

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

You can go around the Belt Line now.

Go to the Asylum to-morrow on the Electric Line.

There was 30 deaths in the city during the past week.

Judge Harmon will adjourn court for this term to-day.

A marriage license was issued William J. Ellis and Patience S. E. Roe to-day.

Bids for the armory building will be received at Col. Smead's office on Monday.

St. Paul's Sunday school and friends went to Put-in-Bay this morning on their annual excursion.

The contract for the construction of the armory building will be awarded next Monday at noon.

Policemen will hereafter do duty at Forest cemetery on Sundays. This move will be appreciated by owners of lots and the public generally.

Judge Harmon modified the Thiede injunction to-day, applying the same to the homestead only. Mrs. Thiede was allowed $50 per month alimony.

Go around the Belt Line.

Five boys were arrested yesterday for bathing within the city limits. Three were released and two fined the costs.

Next Wednesday is democratic day at Lakeside. Gov. Campbell and Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge are on the program for addresses.

An old man was about the court house this morning securing signatures to a petition to make him "governor of the United States."

Try the Belt Line to-morrow.

Commodore Budtz has resigned as president of the Fifth ward republican club, and the place has been filled by the election of Mr. J. J. Baird.

The Sunday Free Press now comes over on a special train at 6 o'clock. Mr. M. Reith will furnish subscribers and others who will leave their orders with him at the Burnett house.

Go to the Asylum to-morrow on the Electric Line.

The case of the Pennsylvania Railway company against Daniel E. Bailey et al., will be taken up for hearing in probate court Monday morning. It is an action to condemn property on Water street.

Go to the Asylum to-morrow on the Electric Line.

Mrs. Kneissel was in police court to-day, charged with the larceny of clothing to the amount of $300, the property of Mrs. Otto Cushing. The case was continued, bail being fixed at $500.

At the first of the month Toledo looses one of its enterprising wholesale tobacco houses. The firm of C. B. Berger & Co. will remove their entire stock to Detroit, Mich., where they will conduct business. The best wishes of the Bee go with them.

Mrs. Rathbone, of Paulding, who had a hearing yesterday afternoon before U. S. Commissioner Hall on a charge of sending obscene literature through the mails, pleaded guilty and was bound over to the United States grand jury in $300.

An error was made in last evening's Bee, it being stated that Ostrander and Kate Sexton were bound over by Justice Parker. It seems that Ostrander was the complaining party, and the Sexten woman was the only one placed under bond.

Volunteer post, G. A. R., will hold a special meeting in their new quarters, Pythian castle, next Wednesday evening, for the delivery of new hats and canes to be used at the national encampment. This post will leave for Detroit at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning on the Michigan Central.

PERSONAL MENTION.

A. Rausch, of the R. Brand Co., leaves to-day for a trip around the lakes.

Miss Fannie Boon, of Lima, is in the city, guest of Miss Kittie Waldorf.

Mr. Jos. D. Derringer, of Mt. Vernon, is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Miss Lizzie Tripp is visiting her cousin, Miss Della C. Chase, of Washington street.

Mrs. Major Scott, of 1014 Broadway, is visiting her parents and other friends at Bryan, O.

Miss Emelie Klotz leaves for Findlay this evening to spend Sunday with Miss Hanah Buck.

Miss Emma Hannes, of South Erie street, left this morning to spend a few days in Cincinnati, after which she will go west.

Mrs. Rev. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, and David L. Brumback and wife, of Van Wert, are in the city, guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Brumback, 1603 Madison street.

Misses May McNelly and Jennie McWayne, with their gentlemen friends, are enjoying themselves at Presque Isle this afternoon.

Mr. R. F. Hamilton, press representative for Barnum & Baily's big show, is in the city to-day with the second car. Mr. Hamilton is a veteran in the show business, and is worthy of the great show he represents.

The Misses Lily and Lottie Downey last evening entertained a company of friends at their home on Segur avenue. Music, dancing and refreshments offorded abundant opportunity for an enjoyable occasion.

Mrs. John P. Alter, in company with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Kuttner, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., will leave Sunday for the east to attend the ceremony of her sister in taking her last vow in the convent of Notre Dame, at the Institution of the Holy Angels, Fort Lee, New Jersey. Her sister Carrie, Sr. M. Eustochium, of Baltimore, Md., will also attend.

Lost to View.

Prices are clear out of sight in John Daiber's Slaughter Sale of Fine Summer Suitings. The time to order is now.

THE STOLEN SEAT.

Action of the Republican Club Last Night.

The Resolutions Adopted, With Some Which Might Have Been Approved.

True to the party rule, as laid down by Tom Reed, the republican party of Toledo has come out in a card asking Mr. Hyatt to resign the seat to which the people elected Foster R. Warren, because the theft has become known.

At a meeting of republicans held last evening at the headquarters of the famous unpaid-for-green-turtle-soup club, a set of resolutions were read, amended and finally adopted, asking Mr. Hyatt to resign his seat.

The resolutions as adopted read as follows:

Whereas, At the election in November last it appears by the returns it canvassed and declared that Hon. B. F. Hyatt was duly elected one of the members of the state board of equalization for this district, and that all parties and persons were satisfied with the result thus declared—no questions being raised by anybody, either as to the fairness of the election or the accuracy of the canvass of the returns—such canvass having been according to law and publicly, members of the Lucas county democratic committee being present at the time of such canvass and all returns being open to their inspection and to others interested, and,

Whereas, Such returns have been at all times since accessable to any person who desired to examine them, and were believed by the public, and all persons and parties interested, to have been correctly canvassed, and that said Hyatt was duly elected, until a few days since, when a rumor reached this city from Columbus that an error had been discovered in the footing, or total, of the vote in Putnam county, whereby Hon. F. R. Warren had been deprived of 100 votes. The Lucas county clerk, with others, at once made a carefulex amination of the returns for that county, but could find no error. On Tuesday, the 21st inst., word came from Columbus that there was an error in the canvass of the vote of the Third ward of Toledo. Again, the county clerk and others, including democrats, made careful examinations, but could find no error, and publication to such effect was made in the Bee, a democratic newspaper, Wednesday evening, the 22d inst. The examination, however was continued, and yesterday it was discovered that there was an error of 100 votes. The footing or total for Mr. Warren was made to appear 100 too small. In fact, Mr. Warren had been elected while the canvass of the returns had snowed Mr. Hyatt elected and the certificate had been given to him. No one seems to be responsible for this error. It was a mistake liable to happen, much more indeed than failure to discover it, when the correct vote had been read at the election board, taken down by all the reporters, published in the papers, and used by numerous persons in figuring for the result of the election. Especially does it seem strange that no one discovered it here, in view of the fact that each of the other democratic candidates received about the same vote, and yet with this fact before every one interested, no one obtained a different total vote than that which left Mr. Hyatt into a majority sufficient to elect him. But as it now appears that Mr. Warren was really elected, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the republicans of Toledo, who have met in response to a call of the Lucas county republican committee to consider the matter, that in view of the facts above stated, and the further fact that no republican desires to outer upon or continue in an office to which he has not been clearly elected, or has clear title to, that we approve of the expressed intention of Hon. B. F. Hyatt to resign, and that he at once tender said resignation as member of said board of equalization, so that by appointment or otherwise Hon. F. R. Warren may promptly enter upon the discharge of the duties of a member of such board is

Messrs. W. H. Tucker, Samuel Hunter and John P. Bronson were appointed a committee to present resolutions to Mr. Hyatt at his home in Findlay, and they departed for that place this morning.

Fifteen Honest Republicans.

The resolutions created considerable discussion. The organ of the party had made a double-leaded appeal to every honest republican in Toledo to turn out to the meeting, and when the roll was called just 15 honest republicans stood up and said: Here!

Mr. Griffin told his fellow sufferers that they had a grave question to handle, and that as the republican party had been caught stealing an office, the best thing to do was to plead guilty, get the lightest possible sentence and keep the affair as quiet as possible.

The Proper Resolutions.

As stated above, the resolutions were amended, but they were not ameaded in the proper manner.

They should have read as follows:

Whereas, It is just as disgraceful to be caught stealing an office as it is to be caught stealing chickens; and,

Whereas, The attempt to defraud Foster R. Warren out of the seat to which the people elected him has been discovered; and

Whereas, The Republican Equalization board at Columbus has refused to investigate the charges of theft thereby condoning the offense, which the republican clerk of Lucas county now admits to be true, and,

Whereas, It being plainly evident that we can no longer conceal the stolen goods, therefore, be it

Resolved, That, following the traditions of the republican party, not to take anything it can't carry, we do hereby advise Mr. Hyatt to resign and get us out of the hole in the most convenient way.

Resolved, That we request Mr. Hyatt to turn over the salary of the office to Mr. Warren from January 1, at which time this condition of affairs was known to the republican party, and

Also: We recommend to Dan Ryan that if he has got any more skeletons in the republican closet at Columbus he keep his party friends posted, so that the shameful state of affairs forced on the republicans of Lucas county by the Toledo Bee may never occur again.

TO STEP DOWN AND OUT.

Hyatt Will Give Up the Stolen Seat.

He Will Turn Over His Office to Mr. Warren on Tuesday Next.

Findlay, July 25.—(Special)—A Bee had an interview with Hon. B. F. Hyatt this afternoon regarding what he intended to do in reference to his seat as a member of the state board of equalization.

He said it had been mutually agreed between himself and Mr. Warren to meet at Columbus next Tuesday and exchange places, Mr. Hyatt quietly stepping down and out, and Mr. Warren, of Lucas county, taking the seat he was lawfully elected to last spring.

The Lucas county committee met Mr. Hyatt at the Joy house this afternoon and the above is the substance of their meeting.

Attention, 111th O. V. I.

You have been invited by the 23rd Mich. Infantry to meet with them in reunion at Detroit, Wednesday, Aug. 5th next, in Circuit Court Room, No. 2, Detroit City Hall. Come and meet your old comrades.

JNO. W. SMITH, Sec'y.

Country papers please copy for information of readers.

New Mackintoshes.
TOLEDO RUBBER CO.

Taylor's Flour surpasses all other flour, either spring or winter, for domestic use

BEAUTIFUL PARLOR | Set can be bought of Stolberg & Parks for a very little money. They are manufacturers

FORESTERS' DAY.

Chief Ranger Southard Calls on His Brethren to Observe It.

The 15th of August has been set apart by the Foresters' governing body as a day on which the members should have a good time, and the high chief ranger, Mr. E. B. Southard, of this city, is out in a circular calling attention to the occasion. The Toledo courts are arranging for a grand day, and it is likely the same will be done elsewhere. The following is a copy of Mr. Southard's circular:

The executive council of the grand court of Ohio desire to urge upon all true Foresters the duty of devoting one day to the cause of the order.

Aug. 15 of each year has been designated as "Foresters' Day," and it becomes the duty of every loyal Forester to lay aside his customary labors and give himself freely and heartily to the good of our noble order. You will be better mentally, morally and socially in celebrating our day. You will meet one another, exchange fraternal greetings and will be made stronger for the battle of life.

Don't say you can't afford the time; just stop your labors, lay aside your cares and resolve to increase your happiness and add to your days by having a grand time. You owe it to the order, yourselves and to your families. Turn out and make Foresters' day a grand success.

Greet each other cordially, take an interest in one another's welfare, get acquainted, strengthen fraternal ties, cheer the unfortunate, say a good word to and about our brothers and order. In short, be brothers in a forestic sense.

Advance the cause of Forestry by your presence and manly bearing, take your families along, don't be selfish, make it a whole-souled affair.

Carry our banner at the head of the column. Let no one have cause to point the finger of shame at any member of our order, stand by one another.

Turn out on August 15 next and make Foresters' day in Ohio an event memorable in our history.

By order of the executive council.
E. B. SOUTHARD, H. C. R.
W. H. TUCKER, H. Secretary.

Rubber Belting and Hose of all kinds.
TOLEDO RUBBER CO.

Cotton Hose for fire protection.
TOLEDO RUBBER CO.

ONLY $15.00 | Come and see what a nice Bedroom set. STOLBERG & PARKS.

DIED.

ZIMMERMAN—Friday, July 24, at 11 p m, Magdelena Zimmerman, aged 59 years.

Funeral Sunday, July 26, at 3 o'clock p m from residence of Chas Zimmerman, 346 Hamilton st. Friends invited. p

SHERIDAN, nee GERBER—At Silver City, New Mexico, Monday night, July 20, 1891, Mrs. J. E. Sheridan, daughter of Mr. Chris. Gerber, now of Elyria, O. p

MEGEA—Friday, July 24, 1891, at 6:30 p m, Louis Megea, at the residence on Front st, East Toledo.

Funeral from St. Louis French Catholic church, East Toledo, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—A very comfortable, nice sleeping room to one or two gentlemen; house is first-class with every modern convenience; only neat reliable gentlemen wanted. 234 Huron st. 25jy6p

FOR EXCHANGE—First-class improved property in Minneapolis, Minn., for same kind of property in Toledo. Address J T, care of Bee. 25jy2p

LOST—Last Thursday, a package of table linen and napkins, between Lion store to Erie and Monroe, and Oliver house. Please return same to Oliver house. p

WANTED—Situation, by lady, as cook or chambermaid, or work of any kind to do. Address Mrs Lauch, room 11, Evoy block, cor St clair and Lafayette sts. 25jy3

COOK—Wanted, a good hotel cook; one understanding the business; lady preferred Inquire or write to Central House, Fayette, O G M Weldon, propr

GENTLEMEN owning horses that are sore with galls call on Mr Lock Barrett, 811 Erie st, for a bottle of medicine; one bottle will cure the worst sores in four days; you can work every day. 81 per bottle at Allen's drug store cor Cherry and Huron sts. 25jy6p

THE BEST is the cheapest; No 9 is the best machine on earth; trial free to all in your own homes. I can save you money; get my prices. A Austin, 317 Adams st, Toledo, O p

FOR SALE—66 feet front on Curtis st, 200 feet deep, at a big bargain. Apply at once to David Miller, 999 Curtis st. p

WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be good cook. Inquire 1415 Superior st. 25jy3p

FOR SALE—House and lot on paved street, ten minutes' walk from depot; gas, well and cistern, and all sewer connections; $1,050 on easy payments. Address P, care Bee. 25jy2p

PIN—Lost gentleman's gold bird scarf pin with small diamond pendant. Liberal reward by returning to 712 Michigan st. 25jy3p

Erie Street Improvement.

Swan Creek to Logan Street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of Erie street improvement, can save 13 857 per cent. by paying cash—which can be accepted to close of Thursday, August 6th proximo.

W. J. WALKER, City Auditor.
first pub sat july25.28.30aug1.3.4.6

STOP.
HAVE YOU THE CATARRH?

If you have, use the WHITE INDIAN CATARRH CURE.
IT WILL CURE YOU.
It has cured and will cure when all other medicines failed.
It is warranted.
Manufactured by
J. H. Andrews, M. D., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all druggists.
Price, 75 cts. per bottle.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Ohio.

TAXATION.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1891, to amend Section 2, of Article XII, of the Constitution of the State of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

SECTION 2. Laws may be passed which shall tax by a uniform rule all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint-stock companies, or otherwise; and all real and personal property according to the true value thereof in money. In addition thereto, laws may be passed taxing rights, privileges, franchises and such other subject matters as the legislature may direct; but burying gr

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 15 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is always for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST

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TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 25, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN Mc AMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
H. S. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

Governor Campbell and the united Ohio democracy are already training the guns upon the tin plate fortifications of the enemy.

The revolt of the farmers against the high tax robbery was portentious to the republican party last year. It will be duplicated in Ohio this fall.

McKinley to the farmers—"A cheap coat makes a cheap man."

The farmers to McKinley—Cheap wool makes dear coats and poor farmers.

The Philadelphia Press opines that the special correspondents may do their best to kill Blaine off, but the chances are that "it will be Harrison's funeral."

One of the favorabe signs of the political times is the uncorking of Halstead in the Commercial-Gazette. The more he effervesces the greater will be Campbell's majority, even in Hamilton county.

The steal of Foster R. Warren's seat will doubtless cause much expensive litigation. It is alleged that counties whose valuation was increased by Mr. Hyatt's vote, will go into the courts to test the validity of such action.

Let every honest republican turn out to the meeting at the Republican club rooms, to-night, to take action—Blade, on the Hyatt steal.

There were just fifteen persons present at the meeting. Draw your own inference.

Another "triangle fight" is likely to absorb public attention. Sherman, Foster and Foraker are in it, and revelations may result that will be more astonishing than those following the overthrow of the Clan-na-Gael triangle.

The review of trade does not indicate a pleasant state of things is immediately ahead for the business world. The money situation has not improved, and will become worse if contemplated deals for holding back produce are carried out. All branches of legitimate industry are adversely affected by speculative combinations, and that seems to be the present trouble.

The Illinois weekly-payment law will be fought in the courts by corporations affected, on the ground that it is discriminating in its application. Railroads and farmers are not included in its operations. Nothing is more evident than that a law of this kind, if enacted, should not discriminate for or against any class of employers, but should be general and impartial in its scope.

The Bee presents with pride to-day the third in a series of letters one of the staff of this paper is sending from abroad. The glimpse given our readers of Glasgow is interesting in its revelations of that metropolis as it flourishes to-day, with some suggested thoughts of what good municipal governments can accomplish; and the comments upon the older Glasgow, now shown in its statues, burial grounds and ancient buildings, are no less impressive.

The newspaper proprietors who testified before the Handley steal committee that they were "compelled to pay a 40 per cent. commission" to secure the advertising are not a credit to the business, and are, by their own testimony, dishonored. The first duty of a newspaper is to tell the truth and to expose fraud wherever found, not to become a partner in a criminal transaction whereby the taxpayers who are its patrons are robbed. Political chicanery in letting out government printing is not confined to Philadelphia, but no self-respecting newspaper proprietor will become a party to it, there or elsewhere.

It is officially decided that the Welsh tin plate workers may be brought to this country notwithstanding the alien labor contract law. It is stated that the intent of this law is not violated, as there are no American tin plate workers for the Welshmen to compete with. The real interesting thing would be to get an official decision as to why this law does not keep out the other men brought here under contract in defiance of its provisions, miners, glassworkers, mill hands, and others. Why, in short, with hundreds of thousands of undesirable emigrants arriving at New York port alone last year, only 520 of them could be sent back by this law. Is the alien labor contract law so loosely built that not only "a coach and four" but an emigrant ship can be driven through it? That is what the American laborer wants to know before he hurrahs any more for "protection to American labor."

Let the holding of offices by the vote of a minority continue to be the shame of the democratic party. Republicanism will have none of it.—Blade.

The greatest crime in history against the elective franchise was committed by the republican party in 1876. There is not a self-respecting republican leader in the United States who will not now admit that the presidency filled by Rutherford B. Hayes was stolen from Samuel J. Tilden. The blackest spot upon American history will be the outrage of '76. The republican party committed that crime—not a single man nor a score of men—and, since 1876, so off-color has been that party that the two elections which gave the republicans a presidenoy were obtained by the fraud of Dorsey, and the blocks of five of Dudley, and the fat-frying of Wanamaker. Give the people of the United States the free ballot and the fair count which the Australian system will assure, and there will not be enough left of republican office-holding to make a reputable showing in Washington.

The present tariff is a disappointment to its friends. In its enactment it was a political blunder, and in its operation it is discovered to be an economic blunder. The unfavorable results of its application in some directions were not even foreseen by those who opposed it because its general principles were wrong. The effect of the changes in the wool schedule is a most striking illustration. It was assumed that the result of the imposition of the wool tax would be twofold: The restriction of the importation of foreign-grown wools and the increase of price paid for American grown wool. It is now discovered that since the new tariff went into effect the importation of the very grades of wool that were discriminated against, in the interests of American wool-growers, have increased while the price paid for American wool is two and three cents a pound less than in 1890. The United States consul at Sydney, New South Wales, reports that the exports of wool to this country have been three times greater than those of any previous season. The woolen and worsted manufacturers have nothing offered them in American wools that can be substituted for it. As a matter of sentiment, these manufacturers, having been at all times ranged on the side of high protection, would have preferred to have bought in "the home market." As a matter of business they have had to buy the wool best adapted to the requirements of their business regardless of where the sheep fed which produced it. This is a double-action disappointment. The wool schedule has increased cost to buyers of the foreign wool, though they can in the end take it out of customers. But it has not widened the market for the home-grown wool, and in spite of its provisions the value of this wool has decreased. The McKinley tariff is an all around blunder and failure, and the operation of the wool schedule is a good illustration of it.

THE REPUBLICAN THEFT.

Driven in a corner the republican party of Toledo, to the astounding number of fifteen, met last night and resolved that Foster Warren, democrat, was last fall elected to the office of member of the board of equalization. These fifteen republicans further resolved that inasmuch as Hyatt's steal is fully exposed the de facto official should at once vacate and give way to the de jure member.

Great Scott, what virtue is here displayed.

The steal is nine months old.

It was known by republican officials all winter. It was exposed by a keeper of the secret in Columbus out of revenge. It is not to be presumed for one moment that such alert partisans as Griffin and Poe and Dan Ryan and Hyatt were not conversant with this fraud. They parade their virtue before the people when the crime is exposed, not before. Mr. Clerk Bronson writes a card that bears the impress of candor. We are willing to agree that perhaps he personally knew nothing about the steal, but more than one republican in Toledo did know that the crime was committed, and it is very, very singular that Mr. Bronson's attention was not called to it before this late day.

View it in any light you please, the concealment amounts to a crime, and every man connected with the concealment is a republican.

It was a shabby trick that will react upon the perpetrators.

HOW TO REST.

Is it true, as is so often asserted, that the American people do not know how to rest? The subject is discussed in the August number of the North American Review, by Dr. William A. Hammond, late surgeon U. S. A., and his conclusion is that while "wealthy and well-to-do Americans require more rest for their wearied minds and bodies than do any other people in the world, it is equally certain that they almost uniformly fail to meet the necessities of the system in this respect."

After passing eight months of each year under the pressure of business or excessive pleasure-seeking, a rejuvenation is not to be achieved by throwing oneself with equal energy into some other varieties of "pleasurable excesses," as Dr. Hammond aptly characterizes fashionable summer outings.

"The change of air" of which people speak as nature's great panacea he does not regard as always beneficial, and cites as "the healthiest people in the world" the stay-at-home-always Swiss, Norwegian and Scotch Highlander.

For change of labor Dr. Hammond speaks a good word, and illustrates by the student who after eight hours of mental application may benefit not only his brain but his whole body by a brisk walk of two or three hours, or chopping wood for a like period. With a proper balance between physical and mental exercise, sufficient sleep, healthful food and reasonable amusements, one might "go on indefinitely in any ordinary healthy locality. The body does not require absolute rest, and, as a matter of fact, never gets it, for even in sleep there is a not inconsiderable functional activity of various organs going on."

Against two manners of taking summer vacation strong protest is entered. One of these is the habit business men have of allowing their business cares to follow them. Change of air and scene, even change of occupation from the counting room to the boat, from the stock exchange to the fishing rod, do not benefit a man if he allows business letters and telegrams to follow him and harass him. In this case the man returns to his work as weary as he left it. On the other hand, "to lie down in a hammock, or to loll on the sand," and not exercise the muscles by boating, hunting or walking, to "read trashy novels, talk with trashy men and women," is to enervate mind and body and to go back to routine life "with a surplus of adipose tissue and mind and body enfeebled by disease."

The temperament, manners and habits of the American are very cleverly summed up by Dr. Hammond, and he concludes:

"In short, a man or woman is to be managed in respect to rest very much the same way a farmer manages his field. The latter knows the advantage of a succession of crops. . . . He knows, also, how much his land is improved by allowing it to lie fallow every now and then. Men and women, like the fields of the earth, require change and like them they require rest, and these objects can never be attained in the way that the average American sets out to get them."

Neal's Work.

There had to be a Neal somewhere in the fight, so Col. James Neal, of Hamilton, has been chosen to lead the Campbell forces. That he can do it, and victoriously too, it is only necessary to look back at the work he did two years ago.—Lima Times.

TALKING ON THE WEATHER.

An Abundant Corn Crop is Promised.

Farmers May Expect a Heavy and Early Fall of Snow.

Cattle Will Have to be Well Cared for and Fed—A Study in Planetory Meteorology.

Special to the Bee.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 25.—My last letter gave forecasts of the storm wave due to cross the continent from the Pacific to the Atlantic from 24th to 28th. The next will be due to leave the Pacific coast about the 29th, cross the Rocky-Allegheny valley from 30th to August 1, and reach the Atlantic coast about the 2d.

This storm will probably develope no special features beyond what may be expected from the fact that we have now fairly entered the great storm period of 1891-2 and therefore all storm waves will possess more than average energy.

Rains will not be as general but will incline toward heavy rainfalls in limited localities and local drouths in other places.

A large corn crop is assured in the corn belt of the Mississippi valley, but the cotton crop has some serious difficulties yet to contend with.

Farmers should manage their work so to crib their corn early, for otherwise they will lose much of it by a very early winter and great snowstorms.

Stock will need unusual care very early in the winter and the weather will average very cold throughout the winter with sudden changes and storms that will be of great injury to stock not carefully sheltered.

The cotton states will miss it if they count on 7,000,000 bales and they should push their cotton picking early in the season. As tornadoes are expected to be frequent during the next three months I will repeat that these busters do no usually occur on the regular storm wave dates. They generally occur in advance of the storm centers.

Classe-in Meteorology.

I will give special instructions in meteorology to all persons who are subscribers to this paper in which my weekly letters are regularly published. It will be necessary for each person to have copies of my published letters.

To understand planetary meteorology the astronomy of the solar systems must be understood. The astronomy taught in our schools, taking the ecliptic or the earth's orbit, as the base from which to calculate and this is like beginning the study of arithmetic in decimal fractions.

I take the sun's equator as the base from which to calculate and by this means the solar system and the relations of the planets to each other are much more easily understood.

Astronomy as taught in our schools is adapted to surveying and navigation, but not to planetary meteorology. To individuals, clubs and societies that desire to study or discuss planetary meteorology I will furnish diagrams once in a week and give special instructions which, with the letters published in this paper, will enable any one to calculate the future of the weather from the standpoint of planetary meteorology.

Parties interested in this matter will please correspond with me. This will give to literary and scientific societies a new feature for their fall and winter meetings and the expense will be so small that individuals may well afford to engage in the study alone.

Weather and Scientific Notes.

Our cold winters are caused by the eastward oscillation of the North Atlantic permanent high barometer, therefore when we have cold winters in the Mississippi valley the winters are warm in Europe.

This North Atlantic high barometer controls the routes of our storm centers and the tropical hurricanes and these control the cold waves.

When the high barometer swings eastward our storm centers take southern routes causing our cold winters and at the same time that high barometer covers southern Europe causing their storm centers to take northern routes and warm winters ensue.

To a less extent this affects the northeastern states and Canada in a similar manner and this will cause their coming winter to be less severe than will be experienced in the Mississippi valley.

A more complete knowledge of the oscillations of the North Atlantic permanent high barometer is indispensible for correct forecasts of the weather on this continent and Europe and the weather bureaus of the United States and Europe should give this matter careful attention.

If we had a correct record of the weather of the Bermudas, the Azores, the West Indies and the Windward islands and a ship signal station between the Bermudas and the Azores we would be in possession of the means by which we could calculate the periods of hurricanes and give warning of their approach. In order to forecast cold waves the weather bureau is looking toward the northwest when the cause of these cold waves is to be found in the opposite direction.

Cold waves and hurricanes are matters of great importance to the United States and should have more practical investigation by the weather bureau. Such investigations are too expensive for independent meteorologists to undertake.

In this matter of oscillations of the North Atlantic high barometer, Europe is as much interested as is North America and the expenses should be shared by both.

A correct foreknowledge of cold and warm winters, early springs, late and early frosts on both continents and our tropical hurricanes depends on a better knowledge of this North Atlantic permanent high barometer. In other respects the weather record is good, but in this it is seriously deficient.

W. T. FOSTER

Hardly Probable

I Blaine saving his strength to help McKinley out? Hardly. The man who smashed a new silk hat against the wall of the senatorial tariff committee room in emphasizing a denunciation of the McKinley bill, and declared it would not give us a market for another bushel of wheat or another barrel of pork is hardly the man to get up from a sick bed to make speeches for its author.—Wheeling Register.

Blight of McKinleyism.

Despite the finest crops this country has had in a decade, there is depression and stagnation. Business men are not feeling good. Manufacturers are curtailing. Wage-earners can hardly make ends meet. Farmers are not realizing from their products as they should. Why? Why? Because of the blight of McKinleyism.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

Foster as a Napoleon.

What's the matter with Secretary Foster coming before the national convention of the republicans as a Napoleon of finance and getting first or second place? The great Windom himself could not have done more than get an extension of the bonds which the billion congress had not left money enough in the treasury to pay.—Courier-Journal.

A Pertinent Query.

If Senator Sherman were to start a great financial paper somewhere in Ohio, how many columns of it would he devote to urging manufacturers to give the benefit of their competition to the people in cheaper production?—Louisville Courier Journal.

Certainly He Will Be.

Will Campbell be elected? we are frequently asked. To all inquirers we say: Of course; any democrat could be elected this year, and that is why we strove to get the honor for northern Ohio.—Catholic Knight.

What Democrats Predicted.

The McKinley bill has increased the price of the clothing which the farmer buys, and reduced the price of the wool which he sells. In other words, it has done just what the democrats predicted it would do.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

The Beerage.

Another British brewer has been made a lord. At this rate it will soon be proper to call it the beerage.—Chicago Times.

THOUSAND MILE JAUNT.

Judge Bunn, of Tiffin, Is Taking a Long Ride on His Bicycle.

Judge J. F. Bunn, one of Tiffin's prominent lawyers and ex-probate judge, is making a long trip on a Singer safety bicycle. He was in Utica, N. Y., yesterday, after a pleasant ride through the Mohawk valley. He had been on the road 10 days and had covered 500 miles, making eight miles an hour, or 50 miles a day. He is going to New York, and will return on his wheel as far as Harrisburg in order to round out 1,000 miles. Mr. Bunn is a member of the League of American Wheelmen, and has been royally entertained along the line by the members.

TURNING THE TABLES.

Warm Discussion Among the Natural Gas Trustees

Over the Awarding of Contracts—A Statement that Proved a Boomerang—The Contracts Signed.

Something was expected to drop at the special meeting of the natural gas trustees yesterday afternoon when the proposed contracts came up for ratification. Messrs. Backus and Parsons were on hand at 2 o'clock sharp, and Messrs. Jones and Brown dropped in a few minutes later, followed still later by Gen. Greene.

Messrs. Frank J. and Maurice Scott and L. S. Baumgardner, the protestants in the Scottwood avenue contract, were also on hand.

Mr. Frank Scott said nearly all the avenue was unimproved property, and it was necessary to widen and open certain parts of the avenue before it could be improved. When the proposed improvements were under way then was the time to pipe the avenue. There were but six consumers on it, and there are no sales being made upon it. Those he represented desired that no assessment be levied for gas purposes at present.

Mr. Backus said the contract for piping the street had already been made. It needed nothing but the signature of the president of the board.

Mr. Scott said he understood the contract gave 70 cents whereas other similar contracts had been and could be let for 35 cents.

Mr. Maurice Scott said there were but three buildings at the point indicated. Two of these have already gas and the other was making a contract with the Northwestern.

Mr. Clarence Brown said that Mr. Scott's statement lacked the element of facts so conspicuously absent in Mr. Baumgardner's written statement. He was sorry that Mr. Scott had not investigated the facts before making his argument. The assessment is not $1,500, as stated by Mr. Scott, nor half that, but was less than $700. The street is dead and has been dead for the very reason that the property owners have refused to improve. Instead of sidewalks they had cow tracks. He (Brown) had to advance the money to put down the water mains.

Mr. Baumgardner—"Is it not a fact that the water works trustees require the signature of a certain number of consumers before putting down a line?"

Mr. Brown—"It is not. Mr. Scott says there will only be three consumers on the street. There is Mr. Court Brown, his neighbor, Mr. Wheeler, Mr. Whittaker, Mr. Winans, Mr. Smith, and he (Brown) wants gas.

Mr. Scott—"Is it fair to assess us, Mr. Brown?"

Mr. Brown—"You receive a benefit."

Mr. Scott—"How much is the contract per foot?"

Mr. Brown—"Seventy-five cents a foot."

Mr. Scott—"I understand you lay similar line for 48c."

Mr. Brown—"Similar lines have cost the board 70 cents a foot. It did cost more for the reason the contractor knew he was buying a lawsuit."

Mr. Scott: "You, as a member of this board, try to make us pay for your conveniences."

Mr. Brown: "I don't propose anything of the kind, but myself and other residents of that street don't propose to remain another winter without gas."

Mr. Scott said he was not opposed to piping the street, but simply asked that it be delayed.

Mr. Baumgardner said the question of laying pipe was simply a question of supplying a few consumers at the expense of a majority of the property owners.

Mr. Brown: "Mr. Baumgardner, have the Scottwood syndicate protested against the assessments for electric lighting?"

Mr. Baumgardner: "No, I think not, but what has the question of lighting to do with it? It is no parallel case."

Dr. Jones moved that further consideration of the matter be postponed until the next regular meeting.

Mr. Backus: "I second the motion. Call the yeas and nays."

Mr. Brown: "I have no objection."

Dr. Jones: "This matter can be amicably settled, I think."

Mr. Brown: "I make this offer. If those who now protest will agree to pay for the actual cost of the line in front of their property I will agree to carry their assessments for 12 months without interest."

The motion was then put and carried and the syndicate contracts were then taken up.

The Parks-Foster bond, signed by Parks Foster, Robert McCaskey and Geo. K. Detwiler, next came up.

Mr. Backus said from figures obtainable in the board he was prepared to state that the price is fully 50 per cent. over its cash value. The amount of the contract is about $250,000. The profit in the pipe is about $97,000. The construction was 50 per cent. too high. He would vote against the bond and the contract.

Mr. Brown said the statement made by Mr. Backus was absolutely false. He (Backus) did not know what he was talking about. He had never read the contract.

Mr. Backus—"My statement can be certified to by an officer of this board."

Mr. Greene—"Produce your statement. It is simply his (Backus') opinion and has no foundation in fact."

Mr. Parsons—"The difference in the cost of pipe as secured by direct bids from manufacturers and the price given by these contracts is $97,000."

Mr. Greene—"It is not so. Produce that statement."

After considerable wrangling the statement was produced

Here it is:

	8 inch.	6 inch.	4 inch.
Bid	$79 400 00	157,000 00	$ 45,099 00
Last quotation	15,320 00	25,000 00	18,527 50
Difference	$14,070 00	$27,000 00	$ 26,462 50
	3 inch.	2 inch.	Total.
Bid	$41,600 00	$ 5,600 00	$127,099 00
Last quotation	18,875 00	1,640 00	70,872 00
Difference	$21,625 00	$ 3,960 00	$ 97,117 50

The amount $97,117 50 is the difference between price of wrought iron pipe bid for in districts three five, seven and nine, on July 18, 1890, and the price of same sizes received and on file in gas trustees' office, of which the city purchased about $85,000 worth.

The 3,000 feet of 10-inch pipe is not included in above comparison.

Dr. Jones was understood to say he presumed there would be $100,000 profit in the contract.

"I desire to know who made out this statement," said Mr. Brown hotly.

Mr. Backus: "It was made by an officer of the board."

Mr. Greene: "It is false, I don't care who made it."

Mr. Parsons, in reply to a direct query, said the statement had been made out by Mr. Manton, assistant secretary.

Mr. Brown hastily left the room and returned in a few minutes with a peculiar smile on his face.

"Mr. President, you say that Mr. Manton made out this statement?"

"Yes, sir."

"Mr. Manton tells me that he made it out from a copy furnished him by you. He tells me that the excess is for construction, in other words instead of being the difference in the cost of pipe in price it is the difference in the cost of pipe in the one case and the cost of price, plus the cost of construction in the other," the one case and the cost of price plus the cost of construction in the other."

Mr. Greene and Dr. Jones denounced the intended fraud, while Mr. Parsons and Mr. Backus said nothing.

The bond was approved, and on motion the contract was signed by Vice-President Brown.

BARBARA MOSS ABROAD.

Glasgow, the Commercial Metropolis of Scotland.

Bank and Brae, Upland and Lowland.

Glimpses from the Top of the Tramway—The Working People's Holiday—University and Cathedral.

Staff Correspondence Toledo Bee:

Glasgow, July 11.—The threatened rain clouds drifted away and the sun shone out gloriously as we made our debut in Glasgow. It is never hot weather in Scotland, the air is bracing, and the beauty of sky and the softness of the atmosphere quite surprised us, for we had been told repeatedly that we might expect rain; that it always rains during the weeks of Glasgow fair. The chief officer of the Nevada, who sat at the head of our table, when he was asked if it always rains in Glasgow said, "No, sometimes it snows." And we were again happily surprised to find Glasgow beautiful, when we had been informed that it was the rich, busy, commercial metropolis of Scotland, and that only.

After twelve days of compelled inactivity on shipboard it was a delight to walk abroad in the open air once more. We wobbled some, yet full of the motion of the boat. We sent our luggage to the hotel in a van and walked many blocks before we mounted the two-story horse cars (riding on top) which took us through the business portion of the town and put us down at the Waverly on Sauchiehall street. The Scots pronounce it "Sauceyall."

The first impression of Glasgow or any other European city upon the American is its enduring solidity. The Scots put more stone and iron into a little burnie bridge than Americans do into a building. When an inclosure isn't a smooth, neatly finished stone wall it is heavy wrought iron, painted pretty and neat and built for a thousand years. It is no wonder our new wooden cities look like pasteboard to the foreigner and as if they might blow away. Every thing here is solid rock, clamped with iron.

The "roads" are broad and handsome, paved with a concrete—feet thick, or smooth block stone. The narrower cross thoroughfares are called "streets." When a road or street is built all the pipes are first laid and the pavement once down is down to stay. If it must be broken for the placing of wires, the work is done by the city as perfect as before and the benefited ones pay the bill. The roadways are kept scrupulously clean. Lined with beautiful terraces laid out in parks, public and private, we would call them "avenues," but strength and simplicity is the charm of the Scotch language as of everything else Scotch.

Glasgow is alternate bank and brae, upland and lowland, and some of the steep side streets remind one of those in San Francisco. This is often remarked by those who have seen both places. One has to see for oneself a great city with no wires and poles to disfigure it, to realize the difference. It seems so free, open, space-y and airy. Here all wires are underground.

The funny little tile chimneys rising in rows and clusters from all buildings are among the first things to attract the attention of the newcomer. We read the announcements on the billboards as we rode along, perched on the top of the tramway.

These are the days of the Glasgow "fair," the working people's holidays. For two weeks every year at this time the factory hands and some other classes of laborers have a vacation and cheap excursions run in every direction, and at certain hours of certain days the galleries, museums and gardens are open free. Ordinarily it is two pence, six pence, shilling, to pass through any gate or door to park, castle or garden. And this is the secret of Scotch thrift—gathering up and saving the pennies. With us, a nickel or a dime or a quarter is small and it goes. With these people it comes and stays.

And so the bill boards are gay with advertisements for excursions to the "isle of Arran," to Loch Katrine and Loch Lomond, to Ayr and other points, the names of which seem to us to belong only in story and song.

Before we reached our hotel, and we have been a long time getting there, on paper, our program was made out for Wednesday, July 8. We would go to Ayr and witness the unveiling of the monument to the memory of Robbie Burns and visit the cottage where he was born and the fields where he plowed up the daisies and the hawthorn trees beneath whose fragrant shade he sat with his "Sweet Highland Mary."

Our immediate party separated in Glasgow; the Detreiters and Toledoans, saving myself, rushed on to Edinburg, and to London, to meet the German emperor. I would rather see the "Twa brigs o' Doon" than any potentate living. Our group of nine at the Waverly were all eastern people except your scribe, who is also an easterner, from a standpoint farther on.

From present limited observations, the Scotch are not good hotelkeepers; they have no spontaneity and are too serious. They cannot smile and smile and be a villain. One of the driollest things I ever saw was at one of our boat concerts: a good singer of sentimental ballads, blacked-up, put on the wide shirt collar, took his banjo and in broad Scotch language sang the "Yellow Rose of Texas," like a hymn. A "Scotch nigger" is the worst combination yet; he thought from the applause, he had made a hit, and so he had.

At the "Waverly" they consider it an affront if one locks her door and takes the key to the office. "Leave it in the door," the clerk said to me, shortly. The "Waverly" is a combination affair; hotels by the same name and under the same firm being in other large cities of Great Britain. They are temperance hotels, so very temperate they furnish neither napkins nor toothpicks. It costs three dollars a day, more or less, to live here, according to the way you perform.

Everything is clean and wholesome, but clumsy and solemn. We arrived here at 8 in the morning, but so many Americans were ahead of us I couldn't get a room until 10, so sat around and took observations. Then I was put in a pleasant little private parlor on the second floor, which means much, as there are no elevators; and an iron frame easy chair unfolded and spread out for my bed, at night.

We are waited on by pleasant maids who wear tall, white caps and white aprons and sit in the hall and knit, at intervals. They also expect fees, though they are too well-mannered to make it manifest.

At table the bread is brought on a tray with a bread knife, and you cut it for yourself. The butter is unsalted and made up into little stamped wads the size of hickory nuts. There is one advantage in this; they cannot palm off candle grease or any other stuff on you, or any ancient butter. As you can take a fork and help yourself to the butter balls, it isn't so bad. The cooking is good. Oatmeal is made into biscuits (crackers) and ever so many styles of little cakes and wafers. The marmalade and jelly is made of fruit, but the coffee is bad. The average Scot or Englishman has little use for tea and coffee. He takes ale, porter, stout, champagne or claret.

One advantage in this European style of hotel keeping: if you don't like the table d' hote and its prices you can go somewhere else, for other meals than breakfast; that you are expected to pay nine hout for. We found a nice Swiss restaurant where one could get food and service for thirty cents that would cost fifty in Toledo.

After noonday refreshments we sallied out to see the town. Carriages are a needless luxury where the double-deck tramways furnish such accommodations for sight-seeing and are drawn by two stout Clydesdales, fare two-pence (four cents) and no transfers. They give you little tickets for your money which are only receipts for the same.

First we went to the Botanic Gardens of the Royal Institution, over the fine Great Western "road," open (the gardens) "every lawful day, 1s." The gardens are on a grand scale, beautiful and picturesque and perfectly kept. We strolled through four immense conservatories and exclaimed at the wonderful roses, fuchsias, orchids and palms. The great domes built for the palms and ferns are said to shelter every distinct variety in the known world.

Next came the famous university. To tell you it is at the top of High street and crowns a beautiful terrace that looks down on sloping gardens across a clear winding stream of running water with iron bridges, bordered with wild roses and American elder in blossom, may give you an idea of its location, but simply to say that the grand pile of stone with its solid paved courts and lofty walls topped with uncounted towers and turrets, with its ample grounds has already cost over two and a half million dollars, presents no picture to the mind's eye.

The University had a fame before the present busy city of 700,000 inhabitants clustered about it. The rectorship of the institution is a distinguished honor for an already distinguished man. It was the consummation of Carlyle's glory, and the disappointment of the later life of Disraeli that he was defeated as a candidate for such honor.

I will not tire you by attempted descriptions of the galleries, gardens and museums. They are on a scale of completeness everywhere else manifest. Whatever is owned and managed by "the corporation" (municipal) is well accomplished.

Throughout Scotland the names of places were made for poetry. There must be an unconscious strain in the blood. Ask what stream is this, and the lowliest laborer will take time to say "Kelvin Water," "the water of Leith" or "the braes of Ardeossan"; Allan's bridge is "the bridge of Allan." Indeed they know no other speech.

The Scotch "take time" yet they accomplish wonders. It is steady, every day plodding and pulling. They tell me the town seems slow now owing to the Fair holidays.

Somebody aptly said the pretty Scotch women must all be with Highland Mary in heaven. They have rich color, strong faces and forms, but no beauty of feature or grace of movement. The men are stout and stumpy or tall and scraggy; light skinned, florid for color, flaxen haired and with musical voices, and a love for flowers in their natures. They wear them in their caps as they go about their ordinary business. Strange blending rough and the gentle.

It isn't dark in Glasgow at this season of the year until 9:30 or 10 o'clock. To-night, as we passed along the street to our hotel, in a shaded angle we saw a sign painter doing small fine work in letters, and our watches said 9:15.

The encyclopedias will tell you about the factories and mills of Glasgow. As this is the two-weeks' holiday for the working classes we see them at their best on the streets and they compare favorably with our own. They are better tenemented in that they are obliged to obey sanitary rules. Somehow city government in this country seems to command respect and obedience. And another thing; when you make note of the difference in wages between this country and our own, note always with it, the difference in cost of nearly everything the laborer buys. I wish the old world people would learn to make the good food out of corn that we do and our cooks would learn to put oatmeal into as many palatable dishes as the Scotch do. They wouldn't touch our oatmeal messes.

St. George's square is a grand space in the middle of the city—walks, gardens and statues. The British Isles are studded with statues. Scotland has only to take the granite from her hills and put it into shape. In this square is a column eighty feet high surmounted by a colossal figure, in memory of Walter Scott. Queen Victoria, Prince Albert, Sir Robert Peel, Sir John More, Lord Clyde, Dr. Thomas Graham, Burns, Dr. Livingstone, Campbell the poet, James Watts and others less honored are remembered more or less loftily and elaborately in bronze and granite.

The Glasgow Cathedral is adjacent to the "Bell of Brae" which overhangs "the ravine of Molindinar burn." It was founded in 1136 and contains wonderful work in stone. It has been added to in later centuries and now possesses a wealth of remarkably beautiful stained glass richer than any other edifice in Great Britain.

To step into the place is like walking into the midst of past centuries. It has a magnificent organ and choir, and to worship there is an event. Just in the lingering twilight we were ushered in and the stone floor, stone walls set with tablets inscribed to the illustrious of the long dead years, some of them in Latin half effaced, and the immense fluted stone columns, too many to count, rising into the lofty arched roof so far above our heads we could scarcely see it for the height and gloom, the magnificent windows in which, first and last nearly all the striking scenes of the Bible are pictured—it all impressed me so I could scarcely hear or understand a word our Scotch guide was saying about the kings and priests and saints and martyrs.

The crypt underneath the pile was so full of shadows the guide had to strike matches to show us the wonderful carvings and the names of the immortal dead. There was a tomb-like smell, nearly every slab you stepped or bore an inscription for the dust beneath it. The ghosts of seven hundred and fifty years thronged the long aisles and pillared labyrinths. There was a carved figure on the wall with its head stricken off, done during the time of the Reformation, by savage reformers they were, and the old cathedral went through the struggle with them.

To get lost somewhere in these great stone vaults and locked in would be to die of the horrors in the midst of the stone coffins before morning.

It grew too dark to see it all and I was glad to get out into daylight and the pure air of earth and heaven. Perhaps with the sunlight against the beautiful windows and the music of the grand organ rolling along the lofty spaces, it would seem different, but the thought came to me that I would rather worship God on a green hill under a greenwood tree with Shelley's skylark singing in the clouds, than in such a charnel house of the centuries.

It was here that Norman McLeod thundered forth his eloquence, and a fine monument to his memory lifts out of the trees and shrubbery of the park across the way, and on an opposite corner is the fine new church, built of red sandstone and gray granite. Both cathedral and church have large membership.

To my mind the most picturesque scene in all Glasgow is the old cathedral burial place. It climbs up the rugged steep of the ravine, 250 feet above sea level, with its thick set monuments, ancient and modern, towering above the dark fir trees and blossoming shrubs. The loftiest column marks the grave of John Knox. The bridge over the ravine leading to the place is called "the bridge of sighs." From the crowning terrace one gets a grand view of a goodly portion of the city.

As one walks pensively through these crowded places, it occurs to mind that these monuments to the dead are fitting, in thankfulness that they died to make room for the millions that tread above them.

BARBARA MOSS.

HERE'S A PROPOSITION

Made by Mat Bartlett, Which Means Business.

When Mr. M. Bartlett, the furniture man, determined to erect his present establishment on Jefferson street, the supposed knowing ones shook their heads and prepared themselves to hear of his entering the insolvents' court in about three weeks. He hasn't, by any means. In fact, Mr. Bartlett informed a BEE the other evening that his trade had increased to a great extent.

Mr. Bartlett has faith in Toledo, and has much more in Jefferson street. He thinks that the need of the street now is a 14-story office building, and he is prepared to assist in its erection.

"I will make this proposition," said he to a BEE. "I will be one of 100 to contribute $1,000 toward its construction. If this does not seem possible, then I will be one of 50 to invest $2,000, and am ready to go into the business at any moment."

This proposition affords an excellent opportunity for some of Toledo's public-spirited citizens to take a hand in an enterprise that the city so much needs, and which cannot fail to prove a paying investment from the start.

Who will join Mr. Bartlett?

Housekeepers

Will Find great care necessary to prevent danger to the family food through the introduction of the low grade baking powders that contain lime and alum.

All baking powders that are offered the public under misrepresentation as to their ingredients are to be avoided.

Baking powders now advertised as having published upon their labels all the ingredients used in them are shown by the Government investigation to have in their composition four different substances not upon their label, amounting to a large per cent. of their entire weight, two of which substances are *lime and sulphuric acid!* Most of the alum powders are sold by falsely representing them as pure and wholesome cream of tartar powders.

Protection from alum baking powders can be had only by declining to accept any substitute for the Royal. All official tests prove it to be a cream of tartar baking powder superior to all others in purity, strength and wholesomeness.

See that no baking powder is received into your kitchen in place of the Royal.

PEACE IS RESTORED.

No Fighting Has Occurred at Briceville.

The Guards and Convicts Will Not Be Molested Pending Legislative Action.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 25.—The situation yesterday morning looked to those on the inside more dangerous than at any time since the beginning of the Briceville agitation. Clear-headed men in Knoxville wore grave countenances.

In the afternoon, however, the miners' committee met in a room at the Lamar house, and in half an hour the trouble was ended, although it was later in the day when the fact became known.

Hon. Dennis Leahy, at the beginning of the session, presented the draft of a series of resolutions, which were unanimously received.

The resolutions were presented to the Knoxville committee of citizens and by them approved and signed. Audience was then had with Gov. Buchanan and Attorney-General Pickle. Following are the resolutions:

"We, the undersigned committee, on behalf of the miners and friends of Briceville and Coal Creek, and in the interest of harmony, do submit the following, trusting that it will meet with your favorable consideration:

"1.—The status quo to be restored and the guards and convicts not to be molested on their return to the mines, and we will use all ordinary caution and honorable means to prevent any interference with them.

"2.—Reposing confidence in our governor and believing the general assembly, when they meet in extra session, will give the necessary relief from the oppression that now hangs over us, we will endeavor to conduct ourselves as law-abiding people, so as to maintain the confidence and sympathy of the public in the future as well as in the past.

"3.—And we do hereby express thanks to Gov. Buchanan for the kind consideration in holding the militia in this city and thereby preventing a conflict that might have resulted in bloodshed.

"4.—And to the committee of citizens we also express thanks for the interest they have shown by their counsel and advice in their efforts to adjust the existing difficulties.

Josiah T. Thomas, J. W. Hardin, S. R. Pickering, S. D. Moore, W. F. Smith.

"We, the citizens' committee hereby approve the above."

Dennis Leahy, Wm. Rule, J. C. J. Williams, D. A. Carpenter.

This ends the trouble in the mining districts. The militia on Chego hill were drawn up for dress parade at 6 o'clock this evening and orders read releasing them from strict discipline. The orders were received with tumultuous cheering, for the troops did not relish a week or two in the mountains. The 14 companies will leave for the homes to-morrow morning on a special train.

The convicts will removed to Briceville and Coal Creek at once.

HOW THEY V

VAN NOORDEN'S GREAT CLOTHING SALE

NOW GOING ON AT 435-437 Summit St

"THE SITTERLY"

Oyster and Chop House!

All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME.

340 SUMMIT STREET,

Between Madison and Adams.

F. I. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

"WE ARE IN IT"

That is, in OUR NEW STORE with the

LATEST PATTERNS AND BEST DESIGNS!

—IN—

FURNITURE.

HILLEBRAND BROS.

635 SOUTH ST. CLAIR ST.

Special Low Prices on Pianos at THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO.

Inasmuch as we have not moved our place of business for more than twenty years the expense incident to tearing up and removing every two or three years has been saved. This enables us to give lower prices, better bargains and better goods than any mercantile concern who uses the necessity for "moving" as a pretext for offering sham inducements. We shall continue through July and August, this year and next, to offer extraordinary inducements to buyers of pianos and organs to patronize our house. We sell the best pianos made, acknowledged and recognized as such, as well as commoner grades, such as offered by our competitors. Our price, when grade and quality is considered, is lower, by far, than has heretofore been offered by any Toledo dealer or agent.

THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO,

Entrance 219 Summit St.

COTOTURLEY'S

413 ADAMS STREET.

And Leave orders for

ICE CREAM and ICES.

Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

HAVE YOU TRIED —THE— BEST FLOUR MADE?

Geo. Miller & Son, Toledo Agts.

AMMUNITION

Guns Fishing Tackle.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

H. C. RUSHMORE

311 MONROE STREET.

NEAR SUMMIT.

CROCKER-WHEELER

PERFECTED

ELECTRIC MOTORS

From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.

Most Efficient Motor on the Market.

Merrell & Chapman

Room 11 Gardner Place Phone 837

Don't Get It Into Your Head

when you go by

MERRELL BROS.

At the corner of Monroe and Huron,

that they handle nothing but old traps.

If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus.

These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

PICTURE FRAMES

AND ENLARGING.

A specialty of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

F. A. MOHR,

314 OAK ST., NEAR SUMMIT.

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.

Brewers of Genuine

Pilsener, Export and LAGER BEER!

TOLEDO, OHIO.

JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL

Broadway and Prince St., New York,

Under new management, on the

EUROPEAN PLAN

Thoroughly renovated; in complete order. Restaurant equal to the best in the city. Rooms $1.0 per day and upward.

HILDRETH & ALLEN

IF YOU WANT GOOD WORK DONE AT REASONABLE RATES CONSULT

C. A. SIPE

DENTIST.

601 Summit Street

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BACON & HUBER

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Chemist and Assayer!

Laboratory, 1316 Adams St.

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MERCHANTS' HOTEL

St. Clair St., end of Perry St.

Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor. Specialties to parties and Theatrical People.

HERBERT E. HALL, - - Proprietor

THE VALE OF ROSES.

Somewhere hid in the lands of sun,
Lies the Vale of Roses:
Where of golden seasons spun,
The golden year encloses.
Between the rose-flushed peaks and skies,
The hidden valley hidden lies,
And happy he whose mortal eyes
Shall see the Vale of Roses.

Seaward from the mountains high,
Slopes the Vale of Roses.
Lazy sails go drifting by
Where the Vale of Roses,
Never stormy wind may roar
Round the placid lower shore—
Silence reigns forevermore
In the Vale of Roses.

Long dim aisles of roses shine
Up the Vale of Roses;
Scarlet flowers load the vine,
Where the palm reposes.
Oft the Persian minstrel flings
Wilder music on his strings,
As upon the plains he sings—
Of the Vale of Roses.

Sweet the story is to hear
Of the Vale of Roses;
But the heart that holds it dear
On its secret closes.
Not to eastern lands alone
Is the fabled valley known—
Every clime has for its own
Some fair Vale of Roses.

Heights that lie just out of reach
These are Vales of Roses;
Longing never set in speech
In each heart reposes.
Every soul its Vale has sought,
Glimpses of its beauty caught,
And is nobler for the thought
Of the Vale of Roses.

FLORENCE MAY ALT.

BEESWAX.

The first bloodshed in the civil war was on April 19, 1861, at Baltimore, Md., when Luther C. Ladd and A. O. Whitney, of Lowell, Mass., were shot.

It is estimated that the wealth of the United States now exceeds the wealth of the whole world at any period prior to the middle of the eighteenth century.

The honey crop this season will be the lightest California has ever known. The bees can't find nectar enough, and hives that yielded 20 tons last year will not produce a pound this season.

A French mechanic of 53 committed suicide because he had lost the power to drink. He left a letter saying: "One small glass makes me ill now. As I cannot live without drinking I am killing myself."

The catacombs of Rome contain the remains of about 6,000,000 human beings, and those of Paris about 3,000,000. The latter were formerly stone quarries. Many of the victims of the revolution of 1792-4 are buried there.

The boots which Daniel Webster wore on his farm at Franklin, N. H., are owned by the New Hampshire Historical society, and are on exhibition in a shoe store at Concord. They are of kip leather, pegged soles and heels, with squares toes.

Dr. Laurent, a student of criminals, has examined Boulanger's skull, with the result of pronouncing it similar in construction to the skulls of Ravaillac and several other assassins, and that the "moral sense is rudimentary, forehead very weak, and selfishness enormous."

The law of Mississippi requires three things of every voter: First, to register. Second, he must be a taxpayer. Third, he must be able to construe the constitution of the state. This last clause is vague and uncertain, and under it one-half the voters of the state can be deprived of the right of suffrage.

The ornithologist of the Death Valley (Cal.) expedition has secured many rare specimens of mammals, some of which are almost unknown. At Pigeon Spring some fifty specimens of a very rare mouse were taken. Of this peculiar species but one specimen, taken about fifty years ago, is said to exist.

Pure chloroform, something heretofore unattainable, will now be made by M. Pictet, a chemist of Geneva. The majority of deaths from chloroform are said to be traceable to impurities. One feature of M. Pictet's process is the reduction of the chloroform to the coldness of 130 degrees below zero.

Mr. Butt, of Manchester, has invented a pneumatic dynamite gun on a different principle from that of Capt. Zalinsky. Instead of having compressed air in the gun, he fills the rear portion of the projector with compressed air and fires it out by its own internal force.

A New York merchant, whose trade is mostly with Africa, says that Liberia offers no inducements for the migration of negroes from this country. The land is not so productive as the first accounts made it out to be, and the people there are doing no better than the negroes in this country. The exports from Liberia do not equal the imports, and the country cannot sustain a larger population than it now has.

An ant three-eighths of an inch long, carrying a burden one-sixth of a grain, moves at the rate of one mile in eleven hours. This weight—a small one compared with what they sometimes carry—is 18 times their own. In carrying this weight they compare with a man five feet six inches high, weighing 140 pounds, carrying a ton and a half of lead from St. Louis to Jefferson City and back again in 22½ hours.

The Russian press censorship is not only very rigorous in regard to letters posted in the country, but is extended to letters in transit. An English correspondent complains that letters in course of transit from Persia to Great Britain, and vice versa, are frequently tampered with while passing through Russian territory, being cut open, sometimes detained and sometimes destroyed. The British government has been requested to interfere.

The stock of paid notes in the Bank of England for five years is about 77,745,000 in number, and they fill 13,400 boxes, which if placed side by side, would reach two and one-third miles. If the notes were placed in a pile they would reach to a height of five and two-third miles, or if joined end to end would form a ribbon 12,455 miles long. The supercial extent is rather less than that of Hyde Park. Their original value was over £1,750,626,600, and their weight over ninety and two-thirds tons.

The jumping and pole-vaulting feats of our contemporary athletes seem but the work of babies and pygmies when compared with the extraordinary doings of the old-time acrobats. If history is to be believed, Pauyllus of Crotana could stand and make a 56 foot jump on the dead level. He was one of the main athletes at the old Olympic games, his enormous jump forming a part of the course of the Pentathon. Strutt, the noted English authority on games and amusements, speaks of a Yorkshire jumper named Ireland whose powers were something marvellous. He was six feet high at the age of 18, at which time, without the aid of springs or spring-board, he leaped over nine horses ranged side by side, and at another time lightly cleared a heavy wagon which was covered with an awning.

In the Japanese capital there is a gigantic image of a woman, made of wood and plaster, and dedicated to Hachiman, the god of war. In height it measures 54 feet; the head alone, which is reached by a winding stairway in the interior of the figure, being large enough to comfortably hold 20 persons. The figure holds a huge wooden sword in one hand, the blade of the weapon being 27 feet long, and a ball 12 feet in diameter in the other. Internally the model is fitted up with extraordinary anatomical arrangement which is supposed to represent the different portions of the brain. A fine view of the country is obtained by looking through one of the eyes of the figure. The admission to all parts of the structure is 2 cents. Japanese tradition says that during the time of the Te-Saoneng rebellion, in 1522, hundreds of cords of wood were piled around it and fired, but that the sacred object itself failed to burn or to even be scorched by the flames.

The solemnity of a Maine camp meeting came near being broken up by a festive mosquito the other day. A devout attendant became convinced that he had been singled out by a particularly persistent and vicious insect. As he bowed his head in the attitude of prayer the little piping poison bottle perched on his neck, and a sense of proper decorum was all that restrained a blow. The insect was gently dislodged with the left hand, but immediately took refuge on the right ear of the sorely tempted worshipper. Up went the right hand, and the bug took his departure, to reappear on the other ear. It was no use, the restraint of a lifetime was thrown off, and with a mighty thrust out went the right hand and snatched at the little offender, when, to the consternation of two people and the irresistible amusement of a score or less devout worshipers, the gentleman found in his hand the feather of a lady's hat, and the lady felt her hat violently wrenched from her bowed head.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

The O. Y. C. Boys Have a Good Time

At their Island Home Last Night—The Lantern Brigade Was Out Under Col. Voute.

A long line of lantern-bearers who appeared like so many giant fireflies against the gloom of the shore, wound with snake-like movement down to the Presque Isle dock last evening to meet the Pastime. They were O. Y. C. boys, young and old, and they were gathered for one of the good old-fashioned times for which the club is so justly famous.

The lantern party, about thirty-five in number, went down to the club house in the afternoon and took supper there, and a good supper it was, too. The cannon were drawn out on the bank, and salutes were fired for the City of Toledo, the Sigma and other boats as they passed.

A large number gathered at the city rooms at 7:30 o'clock, and headed by a drum corps marched to the Pastime. The reception at the island was a rousing one. The club house was illuminated and decorated, the guns boomed, refreshments were served, the crowd sang, and a pleasing impromptu program was rendered.

Jim Pheatt acted as chairman, and appointed committees to carry out gentlemen who when called upon for something or other, held back. By this process the program was carried out without an omission. The glee club sang Mary Had a Little Lamb, the three Magnets, D. W. Hall and Fred. Archer, of Rochester, and Ben Washburn, of Brooklyn, played the mandolin, guitar and banjo; Will Stackhouse sang Mary Lit the Fire with Kerosene, Charles O'Brien, Bert Burgert and Geo. W. Stevens whooped it up a little, Gus Leibius danced, and it was all very enjoyable.

Mayor Emmick told how the Cleveland delegation was met, or rather wasn't met, and drew a ludicrous picture of the reception committee on that occasion.

Commodore Ketcham welcomed all the members and made a few pleasant remarks. He said that the members should remember that the club is not exclusive, and that they were all privileged to bring their friends, as many and as often as they desired to enjoy the pleasure of the club house.

Col. Voute then gave the word, and with the valuable assistance of Lieut. Kirk, the forces were lined up in front of the club house and the march to the boat commenced. On the way home the boys waltzed and danced quadrilles with each other, sang glees, played salvation army with their colored porter, Billie, in front with the bass drum, and cut up other didos. Quite a number marched up Summit street behind the drum corps just to keep up the celebration as long as possible. It was a great success in every way, and everybody had a good time.

The next regular meeting will be held at the island club house Friday, August 14. Members will be notified of further particulars by postal.

THE CHURCHES.

To-Morrow's Announcements for Several of Them.

Eleventh Street Church of Christ, Errett Gates, pastor: Services at 10:30 a m, subject, "The Poor in Spirit;" services at 8 p m, subject, "The Higher Justice."

St Mark's P E church, Collingwood avenue, Rev E Watt, rector: Sunday school at 9:45 a m; church services at 11 a m and 8 p m.

Church of Christ, scientist, No. 321 Tenth street: Services 10:45 a. m.; Sunday school 12 m; meeting every Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

St John's M E church, 513 Magnolia street, Rev J H Bethards, pastor: Class at 9:30 a m; preaching at 10:30 a m; Sunday school at 12 m; league at 7 p m.

English Lutheran Mission of the Redeemer, Bancroft street, near Franklin avenue, Rev Beates, pastor: Sunday school at 3 p m; no preaching to-morrow.

St Stephens' English Lutheran, Oliver and Harrison streets, Rev Jas F Beates, pastor: Services to-morrow at 11 a m; no evening service; Sunday school at 9:30 a m.

At St Paul's M E church: Rev N S Brackney will preach at 10:30. In the evening at 8 o'clock Rev S G Anderson, of Westminster church, will preach other services as usual.

Memorial Baptist, corner Oak and Fort street, Rev E E Williams, pastor: Preaching, 10:30 a m and 7:45 p m; Sunday school meets at 12 m; prayer meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p m.

Oliver Baptist church, Segur avenue, near Broadway. The pastor, Rev William Sheridan, exchanges to-morrow with Rev J B Schaff, who will preach at 10:30 a m and at 7:45 p m. Mrs. Schaff will sing at the evening meeting.

First Presbyterian church, Huron, corner Orange, Rev J A P McGaw, pastor. Subject of morning sermon, "Resting Times." Last sermon before the pastor's vacation. Sunday school at 12; Y P S C E at 7. In the evening the pastor will preach an illustrated sermon on "Christ the Spiritual Magnet," in the Gospel tent at Ironville.

Gospel tent meetings at Ironville, in charge of Mr A H Buck, evangelist. Services every evening at 8, except Saturday; children's meeting every afternoon at 3. On Sunday evening Rev J A P McGaw will preach an illustrated sermon on "Christ, the Spiritual Magnet," with special music by Orlo male quartet. Everybody invited. The meeting held at Bro Booth's will be at the tent.

Disciples of Christ will meet in their new house of worship, corner Bartlett and Ewing streets, although their house is not yet completed. J L McDonald, the pastor, will preach at 11:15 a m, on "The Perfect Working Church," and at 8 p m on "The Soul's Cry and the Lord's Answer." Sunday school at 10:15 a m; young people's meeting at 7 p m. Hereafter the preaching will be at 10:30 a m, and the Sunday school changed to correspond.

Grace church, Stickney avenue, Rev W C Hopkins rector: 8 and 10 a m, holy communion; 10 a m, also morning prayer and sermon on Forms for the Sake of the Spirit; 7 p m sharp, baptism; 7:30 p m, evening prayer, song service, sermon to youths on Happiness in Obedience. Rector's vacation all of August. During that month morning prayer and Sunday school as usual; evening prayer omitted.

At the Y. M. C. A.

The meeting for boys will be held in Association hall, corner Summit and Orange streets, as usual, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Every boy should bear what is to be said upon the subject of "Principles of Cause and Effect," as applied to our lives.

The men's meeting at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon in Association parlors, corner Summit and Orange streets, will be addressed by Mr. Chas Stollberg, of Canton, O. All young men are invited to be present.

There are some patent medicines that are more marvelous than a dozen doctor's prescriptions, but they're not those that profess to cure everything.

Everybody, now and then, feels "run down," "played out." They've the will, but no power to generate vitality. They're not sick enough to call a doctor, but just too sick to be well. That's where the right kind of a patent medicine comes in, and does for a dollar what the doctor wouldn't do for less than five or ten. We put in our claim for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

We claim it to be an unequaled remedy to purify the blood and invigorate the liver. We claim it to be lasting in its effects, creating an appetite, purifying the blood, and preventing Bilious, Typhoid and Malarial fevers if taken in time. The time to take it is when you first feel the signs of weariness and weakness. The time to take it on general principles, is NOW.

IN THREE GREAT STATES.

OHIO.

Canton is after a big bicycle factory.

The Garrettsville Item has suspended.

A recent wind storm did big damage at Troy.

Michael Bowers was found dead in bed at Dayton.

Mervin Kuhns is making chairs in the penitentiary.

Two Eaton wells furnish 180,000 gallons of water daily.

Canton Catholics are to have a new monthly paper.

The Fourteenth regiment will encamp at Washington C. H.

New Masonic lodge has been established at North Baltimore.

Dayton streets are being cleaned by a mechanical scraper.

Fostoria and Fremont are agitated over the tennis championship.

John Wheeler, of Newark, has sued the B. & O. for $20,000 damages.

The permanent Ohio militia encampment grounds may be located at Newark.

The first Ohio Sunday school was established at Marietta 100 years ago last Sunday.

Lorain county teachers' institute will be held at Elyria, August 17 to September 1.

Col. Smith, of Cincinnati, is forming a battalion of independent military companies.

Ex-pupils of the Ohio Soldiers' and Sailors' home at Xenia will meet in reunion August 4-6.

Open Farmers' alliance lodges, numbering 932, have membership of 42,000; secret lodges have 20,000 members.

At Lakeside, July 29, Congressman Breckenridge will talk on free trade, and the day following Major McKinley will talk tariff.

The new bridge between Cincinnati and Covington will be open for passage in less than three weeks. The bridge has been two years in course of construction.

The Association of Stationary Engineers from Cleveland, Lima, Fostoria, Defiance, Toledo, Tiffin, Lorain, Berea and other places will have a basket picnic at Cedar Point to-morrow.

J. L. Reardon, once a prominent young business man, has been taken to Fayette C. H. to answer charge of defalcation and robbery. He was bookkeeper of the Fire Creek Coal company and it is said embezzled $5,000. He fled to Chicago, where he was captured.

The state school book commission will meet August 1 at Columbus to canvass the bids submitted by publishers under the new law enacted last winter. As soon thereafter as possible the commission will issue a pamphlet of instructions, containing a list of the books and the prices at which the publishers propose to furnish them.

MICHIGAN.

Saginaw is to have a new window shade roller factory.

Bay county has the biggest crop of oats this year of its existence.

Postmaster E. R. Phinney, engaged in large lumber operations at Saginaw, is giving chattle mortgages to secure creditors, being financially embarrassed.

The one and only ladies' band in the country, the organization at Fenton, made a hit during their engagement with the exposition management at Dallas, Tex. They begin about the middle of August a two weeks' engagement at Jackson Mound park, Memphis, Tenn.

John Gless, a blacksmith, got his foot tangled in a rope attached to a balloon at Wenona Beach, on Saginaw bay. He hollered to the folks to hold him when the balloon went up, but they could not. However, he got his feet untangled before he had gone up more than three or four rods, and striking in soft sand as he went down, escaped uninjured.

An attorney was administrator of an estate at Adrian and prosecuted a case connected with its settlement before the supreme court. He put in a bill covering his services both as administrator and attorney, and the circuit court sustains the view of the probate judge that he can charge only for service as administrator.

INDIANA.

Lawn fetes are the great fad at Richmond.

A New Albany woman was gored to death by a cow.

The cowboy evangelist is holding forth at Jeffersonville.

Wheatland shipped 50,000 bushels of wheat last week.

A servant girl burned a pile of brush at Rushville and the fire spread to a barn doing big damage.

Charles E. Reese owns a Napoleon I medal presented to a soldier for bravery in the battle of Jena in 1806.

Decker is on deck with the statement that hundreds of wagon-loads of wheat are being hauled there daily.

Officers Wilkinson and Kennelly, of Ft Wayne, Ind., have been paid the $250 reward offered for the capture of Mervin Kuhns, the murderer of Wm. Campeau.

AT POINT PLACE.

Steubenville People Enjoying Themselves Heartily.

There is now encamped at Point Place one of the best organized and jolliest rod and gun clubs in the state. The boys come from flourishing Steubenville, and are chiefly composed of glass workers.

The Toledoans who have visited the camp say they never met more hospitable hosts than the visitors from Steubenville, while on the other hand the visitors are loud in their praise of the treatment they are receiving on the pleasant banks of the Maumee. They are a fine looking body of men, and are enjoying a well-earned month's rest from one of the most taxing labors in the field of industry. They are spending their outing in a manner both pleasant and profitable and it would be well if other organizations had such a systematic and beneficial plan for giving their members a royal good time such as the Steubenville Rod and Gun club are now enjoying.

The boys have everything in and about the camp in perfect order, and fun and merriment reigns supreme.

The Cottman boys are the favorite vocalists of the club, and since the Toledo boys have been telling their sisters about their Irish songs, they are all going down to the Point to hear them.

The band has also made a proud name for itself since the encampment began.

When Brother "Bottles" puts on the gloves and enters the ring, John L. Sullivan and Kilrain are forgotten by the spectators. Brother Welsh has not much to say, but can act the "jolly good fellow" to perfection.

The boys have their own steward and a good French cook, who attend to the wants of the inner man. They intend to remain two weeks longer, and all of them are charmed with Toledo and her surroundings.

Gen. A. W. Greely has been invited to attend the final meeting of the International Polar conference to be held at Munich, Bavaria, on September 7. Eleven nations will be represented at the conference.

CRUISER THIRTEEN.

She Must Make 21 Knots an Hour for Four Hours

Washington, July 25.—Secretary Tracy has decided to award the construction of cruiser No. 13 to the William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building company. The price agreed upon is $2,620,000, the same figures submitted by the Bath iron works, of Maine. The secretary's object in giving the contract to the Cramps instead of to the Maine firm is to facilitate the construction of the ship.

At least a year's time will be gained, as the Cramps have every facility to do the work speedily. The vessel when completed must make not less than 21 knots per hour and this speed must be maintained for four hours. She will be one of the speediest vessels in the world.

The Tea Ship is In.

Tacoma, Wash., July 25.—The overdue tea ship Guy C. Goss arrived in port Thursday night. She has on board a cargo of tea valued at nearly $500,000. Much anxiety had been felt for her safety, as she was long overdue.

DETROIT INTERNATIONAL FAIR AND EXPOSITION

OPENS AUGUST 25th. ❋ ❋ CLOSES SEPTEMBER 4th.

Wonderful Display of Electrical Inventions and Manufactures.
Admirable Show of Curious Machines at Work and Interesting Manufacturing Operations.
Greatest Show of Blooded Horses and Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry.
Grand Horse Races—Trotting, Pacing and Running, $12,500 in Prizes.
Floral Hall full of Beautiful Flowers and Luscious Fruits.
Great Double Balloon Ascensions and startling leaps from the Clouds every afternoon.
Immense Pyrotechnic War Drama, "The Siege of Sebastopol," with vast Theater and 350 Actors, Every Evening.
Magnificent Fire Works--$2,000 worth of Fire-Works Burned Nightly.
Grand Free Band Concerts Every Afternoon.
Parades, Processions, Spectacles, Games, Sports, Races on Land and Water, Marvelous Rifle and Pistol Shooting, and All Sorts of Wonders and Pleasures Hourly.
Half Fare on All Railroads and Steamboats.
Beautifully Located on the Bank of the Detroit River.
Steamboats, Street Cars and Railway Trains run directly to the Grounds.
Largest and Finest Fair Buildings, and Handsomest Grounds in the World.

LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Toledo postoffice Saturday, July 25, 1891:

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Adams, Joseph H
Barley, I B
Burroughs, James W
Brown, James H
Brooks, L R
Boozelad, J A
Boers, J J
Bopes, Henry
Barber, Henry A
Berg, J
Beitel, Geo
Birney, H J
Bogers, August
Bergman, Albert
Craft, Clarence A
Chapman, Harry C
Churchill, Frank
Campbell, John
Carson, N B
Dudley, Lorenzo
De Gray, N F
Dodds, John
Daley, John
Dunnouse, Frank
De Vean, C
Dearing, Bert
Emck, John
Eddy, John F
Elder, Mr
Eagle, Ed
Eagan, Ed
Elsworth, E F
French, A L
Forest, E W
Fowler, Harry
Fulton, James C M
Freemond, Tom
Fungang, Wm
Green, H F
Grob, E H
Good, Bennie
Gimble, C W
Green, Adam
Gouthey, Berlow
Gill, Francis
Hamper, August
Halter, Chas R
Holmer, Geo R
Haggerty, John
Herron, John O
Herron, M
Hall, Seth
Hardinger, Walter
Ingraham, J C
Johnson, Everett P
Johns, Wm W
Kyle, James
Koester, Theo
Kusek, Joseph
Kelloe, J K
Lynch, J W
Loui, F F
McKinnon, Peter
Meewen, Alfred
Meyerheim, A
Mayo Arthur
McClure, Albert
Michael, Edward
Millard, H
Miser, Johan
Morrow, J C
Mason, J H
Mellues, Joseph
Neal, Capt James S
Osborne, W H
O'Meily, Willie
Permer, Eddie
Pfeffenberger, Fred
Pfeifer, Gus
Pickwood, John
Rupert, John
Rupert, J H
Reiss, John
Rysinger, J J
Reid, R M
Robinson, Temple A
Russell, Wm H
Shook, Wm
Sarsser, Paul
Skinner, P R
Shuner, N B
Smurch hall, M
Scanlon, J
Shaw, John
Stearist, Chas
Smith, J P
St John, John A
Stout, James
Stahl, Bob
Terrill, Bert
Troy, Thomas
Troy, T J (6)
Thonton, Henry
Tanner, John Q
Tucker, J
Thomas, Fred Y
Trombley, Edgar
Vining, W F
Weeks, W K
Wilson, J T
Wagner, Lou
Walters, L A
Watts, Harry
Watson, Frank
Wentzward, Chas
Webster, Charlie
Whaples, Arthur
Zlarez, Theo J
Kruse, Edward,

LADIES' LIST

Armstrong, Mrs Mary T
Arnold, Miss Cora
Atherton, Mrs Sarah
Brownell, Mrs A M
Burst, Mrs Levy
Bumgardner, Miss Jennie
Bake, Mrs G M
Bigley, Mrs Fanny
Cone, Adeline
Close, Miss Lettie
Collins, Mrs Josie
Carson, Miss M A
Curtis, Mrs Maud
Daug, Miss Helen
Danofsky, Miss Ida
Dann, Miss Lillie
Douglass, Miss Louisa
Doane, Mrs H C
Emmons, Mrs Helen
Emry, Miss Kittie
Engman, Miss Willon
Geuson, Mrs Frank
Gill, Miss
Graham, Miss Emma
Guilford, Mrs Eva J
Gourley, Cora
Ginegar, Mrs Frankie
Hunter, Mrs H
Hollingsworth, Mrs Alta
Halter, Miss Zoe
Hackley, Mrs Lydia
Hall, May
Hoffman, Miss
Hawie, Miss
Hiskitt, Mrs Mary A
Harris, Mrs Sarah
Hickman, Miss Sadie
Juhn, Mrs C G
Johnson, Floy
Kelley, Miss
Lister, Mrs Alberta
Lintz, Miss Allie
Litten, Miss Jennie
May, Miss
Murfoom, Miss Katie
Montoney, Mrs Kate
Miller, Miss J
Myers, Miss Emma
Nicking, Mrs Hattie
Nehls, Miss Ida
Norton, Wanda
Nopper, Grace
Palmer, Miss V Violet
Perry, Miss Vandora J
Pally, Maggie
Pectre, Mrs Frank
Robarts, Miss Tilla
Royston, Miss Emma J
Sutton, Mrs Jane
Sanders, Mrs J J
Sullivan, Ellen
Schuetto, Miss Ernst
Schulz, Miss Ida
Slusser, Mrs M B
Shepton, Miss Mary
Sullivan, Miss Mary
Stoddard, Mrs N P
Shafer, Miss Sarah
Talty, Miss J
Thompson, Mattie
Waldeck, Mrs L C
Wilde, Mrs J
Withey, Mrs J
Weaver, Anna M
Worthington, Miss E
Young, Miss Katie E

MISCELLANEOUS LIST

Acting Sec Toledo Academy of Sciences
Bass, J A & Co
Beary, G & Co
Jones & Gibson
Knickerbocker Ice Co
Lee, C E & Co
Sleer & Grater Com
Toledo Advertiser
Warwick Bicycle Co
Webster, H A & Co
Woodhull & Co
Webster Die Office
Yost & Cailin

J. M. BROWN, P. M.

Invalids and American Port Wine.

No American wines have received the indorsements that have been accorded to Speer's Port Grape Wine, Claret and Climax Brandy. Sold by Druggists.

GEO. F. C. KLOEPPINGER,

Sole Manufacturer of

Weis's Patent Skylights!

Patented Oct. 8, 1889.

No Sweating or Dripping from any cause.

Manufacturer of

Kloeppinger's Patent Feed Steamer for Stock

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES AND SHEET METAL WORKS.

FIRST CLASS SLATE ROOFING. ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

30 Ottawa St., Toledo, O

FORD SILK HATTER

A. FORD

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

STIFF AND SILK HATS!

Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.

Repairing of all kinds of Hats a Specialty.

208 Summit Street

G. A. MUHME, Home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st over Mr. Egley's shoe store, second floor. Removes Corns, Bunions and ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures Sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Chilblains and frozen feet. EMMA MCCARTHY, Secy.

NOW IS THE TIME

TO INVEST IN

Furniture! Carpets! and Stoves!

At prices never heard of before. Improve the time.

Cash or Easy Payments.

JOHNSON BROS

ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS.

One block from Monroe St.

I Like my Wife to use POZZONI'S MEDICATED COMPLEXION POWDER

Because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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PRICES—Consultation, Examination and full Electrical Treatment $2. Office hours are from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address all communications to PROF. CHAMBERS & CO., 702 Madison st., Toledo, O.

BOUND TO GET TO THE TOP.

CAPITOL CIGARS!

THE GREAT 10c LEADERS---THREE FOR 25c.

The Purest Cigar Made!

SMOKERS.

You have doubtless experimented with many cigars; some gave you more satisfaction than others, because purer; but all left more or less of an "acrid void" that nothing could satisfy. You have been smoking highly flavored and otherwise imperfectly treated cigars—not the pure weed with its natural aroma and satisfying principle. Smoke Capitol Cigars and realize your past folly.

Berger, Burdick & Co., Mnfrs., Detroit and Charlotte, Mich.

SEND FOR OUR ART CATALOGUE.

The Chapman Hardware Co.,

515-517 ADAMS STREET.

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY —IN THE— Union Savings Bank 320 Summit St. Jas. Secor, Pres. Leander Burdick, Cashier

SEE HOW SAVINGS GROW.

5 cents a day in 1 yr. amts to	$18.25;	in 10 yrs.	$82.85
10 " " " "	36.50;	"	365.00
15 " " " "	54.75;	"	547.50
20 " " " "	73.00;	"	1 095.00
25 " " " "	91.25;	"	1 642.50
50 " " " "	182.50;	"	3 285.00
75 " " " "	273.75;	"	4 927.50
100 " " " "	365.00;	"	6 570.00

IN THE BEE HOUSEHOLD.

The First Duty of Woman is to Herself.

One Housekeeper's Tale of Woe.

More About Dress Reform—Training the Boys—What Makes Good Children?—Gossip and Comment.

THE OLD, OLD STORY.

If I had told her in the spring
The old, old story briefly,
When the sparrow and robin began to sing
And the plowing was over chiefly.

But haste makes waste, and the story sweet,
I reasoned, will keep through the sowing;
Till I drop the corn and plant the wheat,
And give them a chance for growing.

Had I even told the tale of June,
When the wind throu' the grass was blowing,
Instead of thinking it rather too soon,
And waiting till after the mowing.

Or had I hinted out under the stars
That I knew a story worth hearing,
Lingering to put up the pasture bars,
Nor waited to do the shearing.

Now the barn is full, and so is the bin,
But I've grown wise without glory,
Since love is the crop not gathered in,
For my neighbor told her the story.
—New York Recorder.

A TRIBUTE TO THE SHEAVES.

All day the reapers on the hill
Have plied their task with sturdy will,
But now the field is void and still;

And, wandering thither, I have found
The bearded spears in sheaves well bound,
And stacked in many a golden mound.

And while cool evening suavely grows,
And o'er the sunset's dying rose
The first great white star throbs and glows,

And from the clear east, red of glare,
The ascending harvest moon floats fair
Through dreamy depth and purple air,

And in among the slanted sheaves
A tender light its glamour weaves,
A lovely light that lures, deceives—

Then swayed by fancy's dear command,
Amid the past I seem to stand,
In hallowed Bethlehem's harvest land!

And through the dim field, vague descried,
A homeward host of shadows glide,
And sickles gleam on every side.

Shadows of man and maid I trace,
With shapes of strength and shapes of grace,
Yet gaze but on a single face—

A candid brow, still smooth with youth;
A tranquil smile; a mien of truth—
The patient, star-eyed gleaner, Ruth!
—Edgar Fawcett.

We hold it to be a distinct gain for all humanity that woman's horizon widens. Whether it be a gain or not, it is a fact. The affairs of the community, of the commonwealth, of the country, and of the world command more of woman's attention and interest, and feel her impress more, than in any previous age. Unless she is so illy balanced that she would in any event be a failure, the woman is no less a good wife, mother, daughter and housekeeper for this.

Every woman will, however, do well to make for herself an inflexible rule that she will not do, nor undertake to do, too much. Duties should not be assumed to her full capacity if that be beyond her strength. This is an age of hurry, mental strain and overwork, and many a man breaks down under the pressure. None the less if a woman happens to do the same, and if she has had activities outside of woman's old routine, she thenceforth becomes a moral to adorn the tale of those who preach of "woman's legitimate sphere." This is not pleasant for her, nor helpful for the rest of us. Therefore, to keep well should be her first care, so no men may say, "I told you so!"

In determining not to overdo, the busy woman looks round first to see what may be left undone. Home duties are not to be evaded or neglected. How best and easiest to keep abreast of society in its best sense, and up with the times in a general sense, is the problem. Along this line there has been of late some very poor advice given. No less an authority than the editor of Harper's Bazar advocates the employment of a visitor for busy women and invalids who shall keep them posted on current events. She says:

The visitor must be a paid one, so that her stay may be shortened or prolonged at the invalid's will. Then she must be a woman of reading—knowing what the papers and the periodicals have said, what the best of the last books is about, what the new pictures are, and the play, and what the world is thinking. In a little while, in half an hour or so of easy talk, she can give most of this—to-day discuss a picture, to-morrow a book, and next day perhaps an affair of the government, the invalid deciding or not, as she chooses, what she is to talk about.

Notwithstanding, as the writer suggests, this would open up another avenue of work for women, we cannot indorse it. Information gained in this way could scarcely be called knowledge. It would be superficial and necessarily colored with the visitor's own impressions. Let us not undertake to know what we cannot ourselves investigate. It is always charged against women that they are superficial. The woman who had no firmer grounds for understanding a thing than such second-hand information as this, would be guilty of the change.

It is not against an interchange of thought we protest, but against accepting the ready-made thought or opinion of another. To accept a synopsis of a book, an opinion on a picture or a resume of some governmental affair from another is one thing; to read the book, look at the picture, watch the action of the government, and then compare our own opinion with those of others is another and a different thing. One does learn much in an interchange of thoughts and opinions, and it is a great help in keeping one up with the times. It makes life brighter and easier. Here the value of women's clubs, of which there are now a diversity, with widely different purposes. But this is perhaps another subject, which may be pursued some other time. This preachment is meant only to suggest that while all the troubles of all the world are legitimate field for investigation by and reformation through women, duty to home and family takes precedence, and duty to one's self comes first of all. And a woman's first duty to herself is to keep her health and strength.

There is nothing in the world a sweeter than a well-bred child, and few things more disagreeable to have around one than children destitute of good breeding. Children need love to nurture them as surely as the flowers need sunshine, and not to be able to love any and every child seems almost a crime. It is the harder on the child that where good behavior is lacking the fault is not with the little one, but with the parents.

Is not this true? that the greatest fault in the training of children lies in the very bad habit of crossing their wishes, when that is not necessary, and the next greatest is yielding to their wishes after once they have been told that it should not be done. Writing to the Hostess the other day, a valued contributor to this Household touched upon this point, as follows:

"I think as great a compliment to my mother-work as I ever received came from the lips of a young girl, when she told me she thought I said 'No' the easiest of any woman she knew.

"I feel disgusted with women whose children tease and tease, and their mothers say 'No' as if they did not half mean it, and finally turn around and give or allow the very thing they've said no about.

"No wonder children grow up saucy and do less."

When the Hostess reviewed, the other day, the question of domestic service from one standpoint it was with the expectation and hope that some member of the Household would take up the talk from another standpoint. This is done this week, and one "mistress" tells her tale of woe. It would not be fair to assume, nor do we think she intends we should, that the same course of treatment would always work the same way. But that many who employ domestics become discourage because kind treatment is not better appreciated is no doubt true. There are many sides to this question, and the discussion of them, as of other topics, is open to all readers of this page. Communications should be addressed HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT,
TOLEDO BEE,
Toledo, Ohio.

LISTEN TO THIS TALE OF WOE!

How beautiful to sit at the feet of the learned and listen. How interesting and enchanting is theory—but practice and experience develop an altogether different state of affairs. May all the saints and ministers to good causes defend us, while we come before this august sisterhood, and expound the practice of some of their theories on the servant girl question.

Sarah Gadden has called out our sympathies for the poor oppressed class, who never have any comforts, and who must work early and late that others may—so that when Jonathan and I decided we must have a girl to help with the work this spring, we were bound she should not be treated in the manner Sarah told about.

So, upon her arrival, instead of showing her to the room on the left, which really was plenty good enough and should have been hers, she was shown to the room on the right, which belongs to our daughter, away at boarding school. The poor girl should, as much as possible, fill the vacant place. Vain delusion!

The first thing to notice was the lack of a comb—even a girl who works out could have one of her own—so the comb from the guest chamber was brought for her use.

In a few days I visited the room to find the pitcher just ready to float in a bowl of dirty water, and the comb with half the teeth out, and other disorders it would not be polite to tell about. So much for a beginning!

Now do not jump at conclusions and say "it was because she had so much to do in the kitchen," for time was given her every morning, when the breakfast work was finished, to put her room in order. She was never called upon to keep any other part of the house in order save that room, and the kitchen, and a good part of the time she was to be found hanging on the gate or fence, to talk to some other girl or fellow. So it was not from lack of time.

The poor servant girls, so much has been written of their hard times and abuses; but how about the poor mistress? It is generally supposed in as small a family as ours (two of us) that when a servant is kept, the lady of the house can have some leisure; but this girl proposed if there was any leisure, to take it herself.

This was shown in the necessity of calling several times ere she appeared in the morning, and sometimes her appearance was not made until the breakfast was nearly ready.

On one occasion I passed through the kitchen where she was preparing supper, and seeing what she had still to do, thought I would stop at a neighbor's door of an errand; but ere I was half way across the street she called to me from the front door to know where I was going. I went on, did the errand and came back to the kitchen expecting to find the supper ready, but alas! She, too, had gone to see a neighbor.

Poor girl, she had such a hard mistress! One who would not allow her to take the big rocking chair into the kitchen of an evening, to use while sewing carpet rags, because she thought if the common kitchen chair was good enough for herself while helping about the rags, it was good enough for her servant.

There was still another theory which must be tried, that of teaching the servant to "do things." So she must learn to crochet, dear delightful task; and then some pillow-shams were bought and an afternoon was devoted to the teaching of outline stitch. She was such a faithful creature you see what a pleasure it was.

Poor girl when, although she thought she could sew, she could not even make a common kitchen apron neatly, and what was more was provoked at me because she had to make one and because I wanted her to do it right.

Perhaps some of you will call me too particular. That is what she thought, and I suppose her services could not be procured by me again. However, of one thing I am certain, if they were I should wish to be paid for having them.

But be it known, if she had been true, good help as was needed, not only could she have stayed weeks longer with us, but the next door neighbor would have been glad to keep her the year round. Good help never lacks for a place, and I have faith to believe there are plenty of good mistresses, no matter how much theorizers think to the contrary. SAMANTHA.
Wauseon.

A PRETTY SUMMER HAT.

THE USEFUL HAMMOCK.

On porches and under trees hangs the ever popular hammock; but how often does extreme heat, or even wet weather, prevent its being used outdoors. But hung in the house, in a cool hall or room, there is to be found comfort, even when the giddy thermometer scales the nineties. Hammocks are always much cooler than any lounge or chair could possibly be. And they are so pretty and graceful this year that they could not possibly detract from the appearance of any room—on the contrary, adding to it.

This year the fashionable hammock is of pure white cord, with wide white flounces on the sides. The generous pile of turkey-red pillows render these very picturesque. Where there is a large porch set with all manner of red chairs, such a draped hammock would be appropriate and artistic.

Some lovely and cool-looking hammocks are in a gray-white, and some, in a cool, quiet blue, are very restful looking. Hang a hammock in the city home for the children who cannot be taken to the country. When winter comes you will be likely to leave it in place, only spreading in it a warm-looking rug, both for looks and feeling. It is then quite a decorative feature of your room, and will even take the place of a lounge or sofa.—Housekeeper's Weekly.

Listen while Old Hundred pours
Forth through the summer-opened doors,
From old and young. I hear it yet,
Swelled by bass-viol and clarinet.
While the gray minister, with face
Radiant, let loose his noble bass.
If heaven it reached not, yet its roll
Waked all the echoes of the soul,
And in it many a life found wings
To soar away from sordid things.
Church gone and singers too, the song
Sings to me voiceless all night long,
Till my soul beckons me afar,
Growing and trembling like a star.
Will any scientific touch
With my worn strings achieve as much?

OVER OUR TEACUPS.

Elsewhere on this page is an article on dress reform, clipped from a New York paper, which follows a line of thought presented in the Household a few weeks ago. That is, that no new and outre fashion of dress is to be adopted as "the" reform dress, but practical women, having come to the conclusion that they must have a dress they can walk, exercise and be comfortable in, and be at the same time secure from damage by wind or weather, would make gradual changes, and were already emancipating themselves from some superfluities of dress heretofore arbitrarily fixed as the part of every costume. There are dresses made from materials that no more need other skirts should be worn with them than they need crinoline or bustles. Crinoline and bustle have gone, and the petticoats are going. There are possible ways of making street costumes clear of the ground and yet becoming, and these are being found. Gradually but effectually and gracefully dress reform is coming to stay with us.

Chatter.

Twenty-three states now give school suffrage to women.

Large brown straws are charmingly trimmed with wallflowers and mignonette.

A very stylish large black hat has a soft crown of gold lace, with a bunch of yellow thistles at the back.

Never have hats been so many colored as this year, and for those who know how to choose the right colors the most unexpected shades seem to harmonize.

Mrs. Flora Hill Barton, of Manchester, N. H., will present to New Hampshire a portrait of her father, Edson Hill, who was treasurer of that state from 1859 to 1863.

It is the thing to trim cotton dresses with black lace, arranged as a narrow flounce across the hem in front and caught up in festoons. The sleeves and the front of the bodice are covered with black lace also.

A lawyer said that in his experience the women who go to law are "little bits of women." It would be interesting to look into the matter, and see if women are like wrens, pugnacious in inverse proportion to their size.

The belted waist is again the favorite for summer dresses, especially with Parisiennes, who have rung all the changes possible on coats, and begin to tire of them.

Miss Frelinghuysen, the daughter of the late secretary of state, is a tall and slender brunette, with fine eyes, clear-cut features and a fascinating smile. She is liberal in her charities, and is especially occupied with kindergarten work.

Mrs. Logan has left the general's library just as it was when he last occupied it, untouched, except by the dust brush, and unchanged. His arm chair still retains its customary position, and hardly a paper has been moved from his desk.

Traveling and general wear dresses of the never tiring blue serge have a vest and collar of tan cloth or serge fastened in Breton fashion with two rows of buttons. The coat basque requires no other trimming, and the close-fitting skirt is absolutely devoid of any garniture.

A dust cloak or a waterproof of some kind is as necessary as boots or shoes. Some of the newest are made in poplin, but they are only shower-proof, and silk ones are quickly shabby. Light tweed, invisibly waterproofed, are the best.

In connection with Lord Salisbury's proposition to confer suffrage on the women, it is interesting to note that the late census returns show that there are about a million more females than males in England, and one of them on the throne.

Mrs. Cleveland preserves a voluminous scrap book filled to the covers with notices of her husband clipped from the columns of the daily newspapers. Insomuch as the uncomplimentary as well as the complimentary notices have been religiously kept, it must furnish interesting reading to its owner.

In the list of late patents are one for a propeller and brake cork-packed bicycle, another for improvement in the construction of tires for bicycles, others for improvements in the running gear of vehicles, and all invented by women.

Lady Henry Somerset has consented to deliver six addresses while in this country, which will be given in the principal cities. Lady Somerset is a frequent contributor to the British Women's Temperance Journal, and her papers are read with much interest.

Of the three China silks in the American market—Shanghai, Canton and Shang-Tung—the Shanghai is graded highest. The cheap "Indias" on bargain-tables, and used as advertisements in widow displays, are domestic goods, and, though many of them are pretty and serviceable, they are not to be compared with the Oriental silks.

A lady living near New York city has paid the rent of a large and expensive place by her entirely judicious management of the hot-houses. Floriculture would seem to be an occupation specially adapted to women, and there is an immense demand for flowers, that is steadily growing in the vicinity of large cities. In some of the English colleges for women floriculture has been added to the curriculum. Why should it not be here?

A Working Girls' club in Boston has started, among other good things, an "emergency cupboard," which is stocked with jelly and other delicacies for the sick, and also contains a hot-water bag, a rubber sheet, bundles of old linen, etc., which are at the disposal of any member of the club, or any needy person recommended by a member, in time of illness. Friends outside have pledged themselves to keep it well stocked with supplies.

About children's costumes there are words to say, and for once the small woman who prayed there might be no "best clothes" in heaven, may remain upon earth and still be content, reasonably. The babies who wear laces and flummery only advertise the folly of their mothers, for it is the babies who dig in the sand for precious stones and who build houses that are washed away by the incoming waves, who are going to be healthy and wise.

Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont and her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Beaton Fremont, have taken possession of the beautiful home at the corner of Hoover and Twenty-eighth streets, presented to them by a committee of ladies. There is also a trusted servant, who has faithfully followed the fortunes of the family for 26 years, says the Los Angeles Express.

A serious charge has been brought against the Parsee ladies by a native writer, who, among other offenses laid to their charge, accuses them of actually spending "three-quarters of an hour over their toilet!" Most people would not consider this a very extravagant amount of time to devote to a toilet, especially one which includes the doing up of back hair. Yet the censor in question evidently considers this one of the many causes which have led to the decadence of the race to which he belongs.

Sailor hats of white felt are revived for seaside and country wear. They are higher in the crown than the straw sailor hats now worn, and have a stiff brim widely bound. Their trimming is merely a band of white ribbon for very young ladies, while those who prefer fuller trimming add white wings on the left side, or a large rosette made of thick gros grain ribbon. Yellow ribbon bands and bows are on other white felt hats, and still others have a soft full rosette of chiffon of pale yellow that holding two wings that may be either white or yellow.

THE REFORM DRESS IS HERE.

Much has been said abroad about the "Fin de Siecle" dresses. There has even been a "coming dress bazar" held in Kensington town hall, in which the dresses worn by members of the Reform Dress association were remarkable for their picturesqueness and grace, though all were alike in being several inches from the floor. Soft, graceful materials were universally advocated and used. The Syrian skirt, which was extremely full, caught up underneath, so that it fell in a full puff around the edge, and the Turkish tea gowns are picturesque examples of this dress.

The trouble in this matter is that we do not want any reform in picturesque dress. There are styles enough for silk and velvet which are neither burdensome nor out of place. There is a demand for a lighter, less burdensome dress for general street wear, an outfit that shall give a woman all the freedom of a riding habit and yet be no way conspicuous or unfeminine in effect.

While men have been sneering over the prospect of feminine trousers and a general adoption of the Boomer style of dress all the change which women of this country have desired has already taken place. Women of sense, who are good pedestrians and experts in athletics, and others who refuse to be unnecessarily burdened, have ordered their tailor dresses to be made as light as possible and so as to clear the sidewalk, and underneath these they have now discarded petticoats and adopted riding habit tights, without further show or talk about the matter.

Fashionable dressmakers are furnishing such outfits generally for their customers who are going to the mountains. Where extra warmth is required, an arrangement not unlike the stage-trunks is made up by the dressmaker. In rainy or muddy weather "spats" or gaiters to match the dress are worn, and, if the wearer fancies, these may be worn about the calf or over the knee.

There is no comparison in neatness or grace between a woman neatly attired in a tailor gown of this kind and one arrayed in a trailing dress and petticoats befounced with lace, swish-swashing through the mire and filth of city streets or country roads.

The reform dress is here, call it what you may, and thousands of women have adopted it, though there has been no "coming dress bazaar" as yet in this country.

TRAIN THE BOYS.

The earlier a boy learns those little mannerisms which brighten social relations, the more unconsciously graceful he is in their observance. A gentleman may not be born, but he is the better gentleman if his training in courtesy began in early life. Here are some rules in the etiquette of hat raising which a boy should be taught as soon as he begins to wear a hat. A gentleman lifts his hat:

1. When he bows to a lady or an elderly gentleman.
2. When he is with a lady who bows to any person, even if the other is a total stranger to him.
3. When he salutes a gentleman who is in the company of ladies.
4. When he is in the company of another gentleman who bows to a lady.
5. When he is with a lady and meets a gentleman whom he knows.
6. When he offers any civility to a lady who is a stranger to him.
7. When he parts with a lady, after speaking to her, or after walking or driving with her.

WHITE DRESSES.

Whether because of the cool effect, or simply a fancy of the moment, white dresses seem to be greatly admired and worn in every fabric, from soft white mull, with airy garniture of lace and flowers, for the hop-room, or in thick white cloth, richly ornamented with gold embroidery, for the cool drives at evening along the sea-beach.

White drapery-nets and lace dresses are worn with white ribbon rosette garnitures, and for less dressy, yet thin white costumes, there are the exquisite wool, and silk-and-wool crepons. Besides these, embroidered and hem-stitched white lawns are very much used for morning wear.

Even ladies in deep morning may wear white dresses, not the soft creamy white, but the cold, lawn-like white of thin silks and crepes. The most dressy of these are the incomparable crepes de Chine, for evening and dressy wear, and next to these come the China silks. White surah is sometimes seen, but nothing more softly grateful in wear during the "heated term" can be imagined than the thin India and China silks, which come in a great variety of weave and quality. Some of these silks are the thin, wiry, crapy-looking "real" China silks of our grandmothers' times, and many prefer these; but a still softer, "deader" silk is the India silk with a dull, lusterless surface, and impalpable softness of texture, almost paper-like except for its silkiness.

Heavier white dresses are wool crepons and Henriettas, and these are often trimmed with rich silk-cord fringes, giving a coat-shaped effect to the otherwise short dress. Very little combination of material is used; it is generally in the garniture that the contrast of fabric is afforded, delicate Alencon lace being considered an appropriate trimming for a wedding-dress of white French broadcloth.

When ribbon is used as a garniture it is usually narrow ribbon made into countless rosettes about the size of a silver dollar, and these are massed to form a vest, or set in rows around the low corsage, or outlining a simulated yoke. Often, also, they form a finish, soft and dainty, for the front of the skirt. Our crepon and light wool dresses such garniture is admirable; but for the soft silks, bias ruffles of the material are preferred.—Demorest's for August.

SCRAP BASKET.

Only a week or two ago this went into the basket, but while it is too good to spoil by keeping it may as well be used now as later. Edward W. Bok, editor of the Home Journal, says:

Like all the rest of my sex—or about 99 per cent. of the "lords of creation" (!) at least—I like a bright, cheerful woman—a woman who never makes a man wonder if there are any good and true women in the world, but who rather makes him curious at other men who argue the point at all. Such a woman unconsciously does more to make a man better by her influence than all the theories and sermons which have been preached since the dawn of creation. A spirit of sunshine in woman is wonderfully contagious to a man, and when such a woman possesses a love for healthy, wholesome fun, the combination is a regular tonic for the development of what is best in the most drooping natures.

* * *

It is a common error among parents to keep their daughters aloof from the sons, fearing that the former, by contact with the interests of the latter, will form masculine habits. There is no greater mistake. A sister's part in her brother's amusements, in those things which interest him, need not deprive her of one womanly instinct or feeling. The right kind of a girl who goes out into the world to carve her own way is not made masculine because, in her business life, she comes into contact with men. And what is true of the girl in the business world, is true to a greater extent of the girl in the home. A sister's influence upon a brother is softening and refining; she can mould his character better than any other single factor in life. Brothers and sisters are, by far, kept apart from each other too much in many of our homes. Were their interests, their sympathies more united it would be better for the home circle and every influence therein.

To color leather a blood-red, brush the leather with a solution of sulphate of ammonia and apply the dye. Use either aniline red or extract of alkanet root. Work rapidly to prevent the dye penetrating the leather.

We see that Time robs us, we know that he cheats,
But we still find a charm in his pleasant deceits,
While he leaves the remembrance of all that was best,
Love, friendship, and hope, and the promise of rest.

From the days of the first grandfather, everybody has remembered a golden age behind him!

Laugh, and the world laughs with you,
Weep, and you weep alone;
This sad old earth must borrow its mirth,
It has troubles enough of its own.
Sing, and the hills will answer;
Sigh, it is lost on the air;
The echoes bound to a joyful sound,
But shrink from voicing care.

Miss Alice French, or, as she is more familiarly known in the world of letters, Octave Thanet, is one of the most successful and talented of American literary women. She comes of New England parentage and was born in Andover, Mass., about 25 years ago. Her mother's family came over in the Mayflower and her father's people came to America a few years later. Her maternal grandfather was the Governor Morton, of Massachusetts, whose election by a majority of one, gave the conservative old commonwealth the only democratic executive it had known in 40 years. Miss French lives with her mother in a large, old-fashioned frame house that sets back from the street in the center of a large open space, in the thriving city of Davenport.

Vegetables with a strong flavor, such as onions and turnips, will be much improved by putting them to boil in cold water, renewing this from a kettle of boiling water as soon as it comes to scald.

VOCAL LESSONS.

Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 630 Madison street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.

DON'T DELAY TO

Stop that cough! Else the bronchial tubes will be enlarged and the delicate tissues of the lungs exposed to injury. No other medicine is so speedily operative in throat and lung troubles as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. A few doses have been known to break up an obstinate and distressing cough. Sufferers from asthma, bronchitis, croup, consumption, sore throat, and whooping cough find a sure relief in the use of this preparation. It soothes the inflamed membrane, promotes expectoration, and induces repose. Don't be without it in the house. Sallie E. Stone, Hurt's store, Va., writes: "I have found, in my family, that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral was always a certain cure for colds and coughs."

"Five years ago I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and had been given up by my physicians. I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was completely cured."—Anga A. Lewis, Ricard, N. Y.

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NONE SUCH CONDENSED Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD received at all Pure Food Expositions for Superior Quality, Cleanliness, and convenience to housekeepers.

Each Package contains material for two large pies. Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.

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PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. Another cosmetic will not do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

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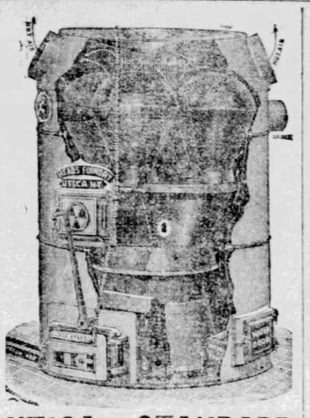

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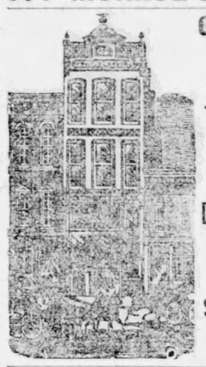

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Tutti Frutti,	Tutti Frutti,
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Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Lucas County Armory Trustees will receive sealed proposals until 12 o'clock, noon,
MONDAY, JULY 27th,
at the office of the clerk of said board, at office of Isaac D. Smead, 129 Huron street, Toledo, Ohio, for furnishing the necessary material and labor required in the erection and completion of the Lucas County Armory Building, according to plans and specifications on file at the office of L. G. Welker, architect, Marine building, corner of Jefferson and Water streets, Toledo, Ohio.
Separate proposals will be received for the construction of trusses over drill hall.
All proposals must be written with ink and upon blanks furnished by the board. No other proposals will be considered. Both proposals must contain the full name of every person interested in the same.
All parties filing proposals for the performance of the work specified in this notice shall deposit with the clerk of the Board of Armory Trustees, with each proposal, a bond of five thousand ($5,000) dollars, satisfactory to the board, that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into.
Blanks can be obtained from the architect.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of L. G. Welker, architect.
The board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.
By order of the Board of Armory Trustees.
ISAAC D. SMEAD,
Chairman.
R. F. HUGHES,
Clerk.
9jy-15t

PHONES 119, 289, 285.

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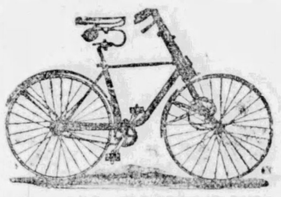

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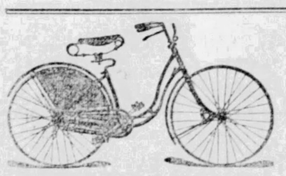

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Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.
AGENTS WANTED.

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If you want a Watch, or anything in the Jewelry line, and want a little time on them, call at No. 13 Adams Block (up stairs), cor. Adams and St. Clair Sts., and see
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John Bladon & Son's, 134 Ontario St., bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
Full leather top Cooney phaeton	65	1 Light open spring buggy	65
Full leather top Cooney piano box	75	1 Three spring open wagon	3
Open buggy as good as new	35	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels and tires and all newly jointed good as new job. Eastern make	125
1 extension top carriage	50		
Jump seat and canopy top Bladon	80		
Jump seat open	25		

All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage Mnfrs.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The printed quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged for Mr. Dennis C. D. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., July 25.

Our table herein of receipts and shipments of grain at four Atlantic ports shows a gain in wheat of 397,000 bu, and a gain in corn of 171,000 bu, compared with a gain in wheat of 363,000 bu, and a gain in corn of 131,000 bu in the previous week.

In the same table the receipts and shipments at eight principal western points show a gain of 2,083,000 bu wheat, to which add the gain at seaboard points of 397,000 bu makes an aggregate gain of 2,480,000 bu, compared with gain of 1,550,000 bu in the previous week.

Gain in corn of 137,000 bu, to which add the gain at seaboard points of 171,000 bu, makes an aggregate gain of 308,000 bu, compared with a gain of 439,000 bu in previous week. Loss in oats of 60,000 bu, compared with a gain of 265,000 bu in the previous week.

London wheat and corn markets quieter. Country markets generally dearer. Liverpool wheat firm at yesterday's advance; corn firm and higher.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 880,808 bu, compared with 864,000 bu on the same day last year.

Chicago Bulletin.—A dispatch from Buffalo says: "Owing to the serious break in the Erie canal near Schenectady, nothing was doing in New York freights. Boatmen asked a big advance, 4c on wheat and 3½c on corn, but none were anxious to load. The railroads were carrying the grain for July delivery."

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 515,828 bu in excess of the corresponding Saturday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were 236,269 bu of wheat and 106,032 bu corn. Flour comparatively light.

English markets as reported herein are firm for wheat and corn at yesterday's closing advance.

The receipts of grain this week at eight principal western points are: Wheat, 3,759,000 bu; corn, 2,025,000 bu; oats, 1,475,000 bu. In the corresponding week in 1890 the receipts of wheat were 1,986,000 bu; corn, 2,849,000 bu; oats 1,818,000 bu.

Foreign Markets.

Chicago quotes Paris and Berlin wheat markets daily, but they seem to be unsteady and decline as much one day as they advance another.

The wheat markets on this side of the ocean are again firm and dearer. No doubt great numbers of dealers are disgusted that it is so. They intended to sell the market down to 70c. That would have cost this country $100,000,000, which Europe would have gained, because America is where the starving millions are turning their eyes for food. We command the situation and every American should do his level best to maintain prices. There is always better business and larger profits in high prices than in low and dragging markets. Every advance that is firmly maintained in this country will be reflected without fail in English markets.

The cool turn in the weather, threatening frost in the northwest, has had no influence on prices, probably, but we do not expect such an event.

Our receipts of wheat continue large. At least 200 cars were left uninspected. We shall have large receipts on Monday, but it is always so after a good harvest. Next week will very likely end the great pressure of receipts.

Corn has also had its turn to-day, and is higher, spot and future, east and west.

In New York July wheat closed at 99½c, a gain of ⅞c; September at 96c, a gain of ⅞c. July corn at 70¼c, a gain of ⅝c; September at 63⅞c, a gain of ⅝c. In Chicago July wheat closed at 89c, a gain of ⅜c; September at 86⅜c, a gain of ½c. July corn at 61c, a gain of 1c; September at 55½c, a gain of ⅝c.

In Toledo.

We have had a dull trading in wheat futures, quite in contrast to all the days of this week. Prices improved. At one time the advance was 1c, but before the close the market eased off a little and closed ½ to ¾c higher, except for cash and July, which declined ¼c. July opened at 90 and closed and 89¾c. August sold at 88⅞@89¾c and closed at 88¾c. September at 89¾c. December sold at 93¼c and closed at 92¾c.

Cash wheat was a shade less active. Saturday market is frequently a dull one and prices were a shade off at the close. No 1 at about 200 000 bu. No. 2 soft sold at 90 @ 90¼c and declined to 89¾c; No. 3 soft at 88 ; No. 4 soft at 83½c; rejected No. 1 at 82½c.

Corn—No. 2 at 62c; No 3 at 62½c; No 2 yellow at 63c. Oats were not dealt in; No 2 were offered at 32c, and 31c was bid; for more than a car lot 30c is the top of the market. Rye—No 2 at 70c; August, 70c bid. Clover seed—December sold at $4 30; December, $4 30 bid.

Daily Movement of Grain.

RECEIPTS				SHIPMENTS.			
	Wheat.	Corn	Oats		Wheat.	Corn	Oats
N Y...	168.00	103.00	97800		210714	65141	814
Balto.	100848						
Phila ...	37552	26548	10 62		22555	8438	11706
Boston	5.0	1.425	836 5		.....	32453	.....
Toledo.	3.8451	4204	4302		23540	.....	1400
Chicago.	37 4 2	224 0 9	156607		130913	146 2 5	224 49
Milwke	165.0		2320		6.0	8.0	289
St L...	15.0.0		26.0		39.0	143 ...	28800
Detroit.	49 6 0		6 4		2812	11.768	1276
Duluth..	1635		.....		5818	.....	827
Minne .	866.0				1919	.....	.....

Receipts and Shipments of Grain.

For the weeks named at Toledo, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Detroit, Minneapolis, Duluth and Peoria:

Receipts—	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Week ending July 25	3759000	2025000	1475000
Week ending July 18	3,276,000	1,888,000	1,535,000
Week endin. June 11,	1,768,000	2,244,000	1,120,000
Week ending July 2,	3,140,0	1,795,000	8,9,0,0
Total four weeks...	12,61000	8,878,00	4,630,00
Prev 4 w end June 27,	6,151,000	8,6,000	6885,000
Four w end July 26,	9,50 5,626,00	10,92,000	6,7,8,000
Four w end July 27,	9,2 6 4,3,0,0	8,484,000	4,773,800
Four w end July 28,	88 06 3,6,0,0	4,75,0,0	4,45,,0,0
Shipments—			
Week ending July 25	3676,000	1891000	1585000
Week ending July 18,	2,583,000	19,40,0	9,6700
Week ending July 11	1,04 6,0,0	2921,000	12,4 4,00
Week ending July 2,	7,6,0,0	880,000	8,2,000
Total four weeks ...	7970 00	7,96,000	4,588,00
Prev 4 wks end June 27,	6,05,0,0	7,59,0,0	6,53,8,0,0
Four w end July 26 '90	4,5,6,0,0	1,98,8,0,0	6,87,0,0,0
Four w end July 27 '89	42,1,0,0	2,4 9,0,0,0	4,77,8,0,0,0
Four w end July 28, '88	40,7,0,0,0	6,39,0,0,0	3,89,,0,0

Weekly Movement of Flour and Grain.

	Receipts.		
	This wk.	Last wk.	1890
Flour, bbls	835	855	1080
Wheat, bus	1583035	694 40	443,74
Corn, bus	10749	47909	19 8 80
Oats, bus	7 84	8 1	1 45
Rye, bus	38103	1089	1125
Barley, bus			
Clover seed			
Dressed hogs			
	Shipments.		
Flour, bbls	18184	5518	7387
Wheat, bus	1246336	385010	1381.7
Corn, bus	11009	14876	347553
Oats, bus	8767	9700	1500
Rye, bus	1801	403	
Barley, bus			
Clover seed, bags			
Dressed Hogs			

Weekly Movement of Grain.

The following table gives the receipts and shipments of grain in bushels at the ports named for the past week:

	RECEIPTS.		
	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	9650.0	494 00	61500
Baltimore	8681.0	9100	1000
Philadelphia	9000	5050	6010
Boston	6184.0	1600	1108.0
Total	1875.00	755.00	8850
Toledo	1.8.9 0	1670	660
Chicago	1010.00	1026000	454000
Milwaukee	9 8 0	17300	440 0
St. Louis	1090800	27300	2320 0
Detroit	9 9 7 0	1400	2700
Peoria	9000	10 2 0	21 000
Duluth	4770	.....	.....
Minneapolis	58.6 0	.....	.....
Total	5730 00	2028 00	1475 00
	SHIPMENTS.		
New York	1 01 80	39500	4600
Baltimore	283 00	2 4 0	
Philadelphia	935.0	5830	9910
Boston		1125.0	
Total	1478 00	8840 00	1400 80
Toledo	12 6 50	119 0	58 0
Chicago	651 00	157 000	1138 00
Milwaukee	5 0 0	25 0	2600
St Louis	51 000	1758 0	7 8 0
Detroit	24 5 3 0	3 0 0	9 8 0 0
Duluth	9 8 1 0	1181 0	3 6 5 0
Peoria	5 0 0 0	.....	28 0
Minneapolis	8 9 0	.....	.....
Total	3855 00	1891 00	1585 00

Bank Statement.

Reserve, increase	$1,220 650
Loans, decrease	1,887,6 0
Specie, increase	720,20
Legals, decrease	31,6,0
Deposits, decrease	2,1 6 .00
Circulation, increase	181,500

Markets by Telegraph.

London, July 25.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at a quieter, quieter, inclie, nothing offering. Wheat and maize cargoes on passage and for shipment, quieter. English country markets generally dearer.

Liverpool, July 25.—1:30 p. m.—Wheat market firm, demand poor; holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn firm, demand slir; 5s 10d; red western spring wheat No 2 to No 1, 7s 7½d@7s 8d; Cals wheat No 2 to No 1, 7s 1 d@7s 8d; corn 4½d, wheat off coast, demand poor; corn dull.

U S Yards, July 25—Cattle—Receipts 1,500; rarely steady. Hogs—Receipts 9,000; good qualities steady; poor and common neglected; heavy, $4 5@5 15; medium, $4 75@5 05; light, $5 00@5 70. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; steady.

Detroit, July 25.—Close—Wheat—No 2 red cash, 90c; August, 86c bid; December, 92½c. Corn—No 2 cash, 46c bid.

Chicago, July 25.—Close—Wheat—July, 88¾c; September, 86⅜@86¼c. Corn—July, 61c; September, 54¼c. Oats—July, 32¾c; September, 27⅝c. Pork—July, $11 47½. Lard—July, $6 52½; September, $6 70. Ribs—July, $6 75; Sept mber, $6 92½.

Buffalo, July 25.—Wheat steady. No 1 hard, $1 02½; No 1 northern, $1 02½; No 2 red 92c; No 1 white, $1 10. Corn firm. No 2 yellow, 69c; No 2, 67½c. Oats steady; No 2 white, 50½c.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Jul 25.—Cattle, 6 loads on sale; market quiet; no change in prices. Sheep and lambs, 3 loads on sale; market quiet; prices steady. Hogs, 10 loads on sale; market firm; prices strong at former figures.

New York, July 25.—Money closed at 1½ per cent. Exchange quiet; 60 day rates, $4 84½ for 60 days and $4 87½ for demand; actual rates, $4 84½ for 60 days and $4 88¾ for demand.

Governments quiet; currency, 6s, 1 10 bid; 4½s coupon, 1 0¾ bid; 4s do, 1 17½ bid.

New York, July 25.—Flour dull and without important change; city mill extra, $3 0@5 10 for West Indies. Minn extra is 2 75@5 50. Rye flour, $3 00@4 85; superfine, $3 50@4 15. Wheat options were moderately active and strong throughout, closing ⅜@⅝c higher; No 2 red winter, cash, $1 00¾; July, 99½c; August, 94½c; September, 96c; October, 96c. Corn opened strong and ⅜c higher. From there was a reaction of ⅛c by noon; No 2 mixed cash, 71¼c; July, 7 ¾c; August, 65½c. Oats dull but steady; No 2 mixed cash, 41@41⅜c; August, 34⅜c. Rye and barley are dull; new mess, $12 50@13 25. Lard quiet; July and August, 86 80; September, 86 93. Molasses in light request; domestic grades, 29@33c for good to fancy. Turpentine weaker at 35½@36½c. Rosin low; strained, good strained, $1 05@1 10. Petroleum dull. Freights quiet; grain to Liverpool, 2d. Butter quiet and without decided change; western extra, 17½@18c. Cheese easier; Ohio flat, common to fine, 5½@9½c. Eggs light demand; Western fresh, 15½@16c.

Sugar—Raw quiet and weak; fair refining, 3⅞c; refined, quiet and weak; cutloaf and crushed, 5½c; granulated, 4⅞@4¾c; mould A, 4¾c. Tallow dull; prime city, 4 3-16@4¼c. Coffee steady; fair rio cargoes, 16c.

Chicago, July 25.—Opening: Wheat—July, 88¾c; September, 86¼c. Corn—September, 54¼c. Oats—July, 33½c; September, 27¾c. Pork—July, $11 45; September, $11 65. Lard—July, $6 42½; September, $6 60. Ribs—July, $6 60; September, $6 80.

Prices Current.

Poultry—Springers, 30@35c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 10½c; 15 lbs, average 11c; 12 lbs and under, 11½c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 11c. Lard, prime kettle, 6c; refined, by barrel, 6¾c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 6¾c; refined, 7¼c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c.

Butter—Gathered creamk, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 20c; fancy northwestern cream, ery, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4c per lb; country, 4c. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c. No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bulls, 3½c; No 2 do, 2½c. No 2 steers, 5½c; dry-salted, 6@7c per bbl; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 0@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@28c; quarter blood, 22@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@29c; combing and delaine, 30@32c; fine merino, X and XX, 29@32c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@30c. Market firm, with fair demand for new clip.

Blackberries—$3 50 per bu.

Currants—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Gooseberries—$2 50@3 00 per bu.

Cherries—$2 00 per bu.

Raspberries—$3 50 per bu.

Peaches—$2 50@3 00 per bu.

Watermelons—15@20c each.

Blueberries—$4 00 per bu.

Celery—25@40c per dozen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, new, $2 00 per bbl; cabbage home grown, 75c per bbl. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00 per crate; southern, $1 75@2 25 per sack. Cucumbers, 20c per dozen. New beets, 20c per dozen. Peas, $1 00 for home grown. Tomatoes, $2 00@2 25 per bu. String beans, green, 75c; wax, $1 00.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 15@16c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $13 00@13 00; mixed, $10 00@11 00. Straw, $10.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 80c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 00@1 25 per bu, on arrival.

Milfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 50; spring family 5 25@5 50; winter patent, $5 50@5 60; fancy $5 25@5 40 winter family, $5 25@5 50; extra, $3 75@4 10; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 25@5 50 per bbl.

Salt—$1 per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; west, ern navy, $2 30@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c; sugar, 11@12½c per lb; Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@38c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 13@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 10@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14½@15c; twins, 11½@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 shore, $16 00@17 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $5 00@5 25. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. box herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white 150 headlight, 8½c; lard oil, 52@55c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Whisky—Sells at 90@94c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 42c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3½c per lb; do screened, 3½@3½c; recleaned and handpicked, 3½@4¼c.

Groceries.—Coffee, common, 19½c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20½c; fair, 20¾@21c; prime, 21¼c; choice, 21½@22c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Java, 25@30c; Mochas, 27@30c. Sugars strong; cutloaf, 6¼c; powdered 5⅞c; granulated, 5½c; confectioner's A, 4¾c; mould A, 4¾c; off A, 4⅝@4¼c; extra C, 4c; yellows, 3¾@3¾c. Demand fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 24@36c. Syrups firm; choice to fancy Louisiana, 25@30c per pound; Japan, 25@26c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are fractionally higher.

Satteens—B C Henrietta satteens, 10½c net; A Henrietta satteens, 10c reg; B Henrietta satteens, 10c reg; C Henrietta satteens, 9½c rec; D Henrietta satteens, 9c reg; E Henrietta satteens, 9c reg.

Warps—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, 21c, wadding black, 30c; wadding white, 35c; Stark A bags, $20 00 a bale; Georgia bags $15 50; Eureka bags, $17 00.

Dry Goods.

Prints—Allen's fancies, 5c; Allen's pinks, prints, 6c; Allen's robes, 6c; Allen's staples, 5c; American shirtings, 4c; American ¾ indigos, 5½c; Arnold B indigos, 10c; Arnold C indigos, 8½c; Arnold Gold Seal, 10c; Berlin solids, 5½c; Charter Oak fancies, 4c; Cocheco fancies, 5½c; Hartel fancies, 5c; Lodi fancies, 4c; Merrimack fancies, 5½c; Merrimack pinks, 6½c; Merrimack tan reds, 6½c; Merrimack cretonnes, 5½c; Pacific fancies, 5½c; Pacific mournings, 5½c; Simpson mournings, 5½c; simpson silver grays, 5½c; simpson zephyrs, 5½c; Washington A oil reds, 5c; Martha Washington oil reds, 5c; Melrose oil reds, 6c; oil green, blue and orange, 6½c; Windsor fancies, 5½c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag checks, 7c; Amoskeag staples, 6½c; Amoskeag A F C, 10½c; criterion cloth, 10½c; Everett classics, 8½c; Lancaster, 7c; Normandie 8c; Renfrew dress, 8½c; Renfrew novelties, 10½c.

Canvas—Kid finished—2-8 oz, XXXX selfasias, 12½c; XXX silisias, 10c; XX silisias, 8c; Conestoga satteens, 6½c; Victoria satteens, 7½c.

Brown Sheetings—Great Falls R, 7c; Piedmont, 6½c; Wamsutta W W, 9c; North Star I L, 5½c; Norwood XX, 5½c; Lawrence L L, 5½c; Indian Queen, 5½c; Diamond B, 5½c; Household L L, 5½c; Windsor H, 4½c; Henderson A, 5½c; Henderson C, 4½c; Riberon L L, 5½c; Constitution 4-4, 6½c; Constitution 9-8, 7½c; Lawrence 9-8, 6½c; Dwight Star, 7c; Atlas O N B, 7c; Cambria, 6c; Good Value, 6c; Newmarket B, 5c; Scotia O M, 5c; Great Falls N, 4½c; Household O G, 5½c; Niobe H, 5½c; Grafton A, 4c; Burlington A, 4c; National, 3½c; Wassue, 5½c; Tennis, 4c; Boston 9-4, 20c; Boston 10-4, 22½c.

Bleached Sheetings—Sunlight, 4c; Middlesex B B, 5c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6½c; Golden Rod, 7c; Senator, 7½c; Pennant, 7½c; Fearless, 7c; Fearless, half bleached, 6c; Lawrence, 7c; Rosalind, 7½c; Laundesoy, 7½c; Lonsdale, 8½c; Fruit of the Loom, 8½c; Silver Queen 8½c; Hillsville Cambric, 8½c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Boston 9-4, 22½c; Boston 10-4, 25c; Newmarket, 42 inch, 10; Newmarket, 45 inch 11c; Pepperell 6-4, 15c.

Denims—Andover, blue and brown, 12c; York blue and brown, 12c; Everett, blue and brown, 12½c; Everett, 8 ounce, 15c; Arizona, blue and brown, 10c; Mystic fancies, 12c; York 4 acles, 12½c.

Shirtings—Household checks, 8½c; Coronet checks, 7½c; Sibley, 7½c; Alabama, 6½c; Lenox, 6½c; Sou hern, 4½@5½c.

Tickings—Amoskeag A C A, 12½c; Falls 22, 12½c; White Horse B, 14c; White Horse 10, 6c; White Horse 30, 8c; White Horse 40, 10c; White Horse, 50, 8c; White Horse 60, 9c; White Horse H C, 15c; Lewiston 3½ plaid, 11½c; Lewiston 20, stripe, 11½c; Zephyrs, 17c; Royal, 6½.

Crash—Cotton twill, 8½c; Windsor twill, 4c; B T 14 in linen, 5c; B T 15 in linen, 6c; A 17 in linen, 7c; P 18 in linen, 8c; S P 19 in linen, 9c; S B T 21 in linen, 12c; bleached huck, 4½c; Windsor bleached, 5c; Pemberton bleached stripe, 6c; check linens, 8c; plaid linens, 10c; twilled linens, 14c.

TOLD IN A SOCIAL WAY.

What Our Happy Neighbors are Doing.

Gossip Picked Up by Busy Bees Among the Flowers that Make Us Rejoice.

Sandusky.

A pleasant party of society people from Norwalk picnicked at Cedar Point Wednesday. The following composed the party: Mesdemes E T Brown, H Patrick, C H Smith, W B Benham, J Benham and the Misses Mary Ford, Nettie Morehouse, Lucy Strutton and Bexy Strutton.

A jolly party of gentlemen enjoyed a day's fishing Tuesday, and among the number were Mr E E Walton, of Springfield; Mr Clifton J Morse, of New York; Will Reynard, Will Hooper, Will Debnel and Clark Colton.

Rev and Mrs F K Brooke, who have been visiting Mrs L S Hubbard, Adams street, have left for their home in Atchison, Ks.

Mr W H Grimson, formerly of this city, called on his many friends this week.

Mrs G D Lewin is entertaining her sister, Miss Blanche Stumway, of Cleveland.

Mr and Mrs E N Odenbaugh, of Cleveland, Sundayed in this city, the guests of Mrs Adam Feick, Central avenue.

Mr and Mrs J W Stevenson have returned from Chicago accompanied by their grandson, Master John Sweet, jr, who will remain during the summer.

A special meeting of the young men's lyceum was held in the Y M C A rooms, and arrangements made for an excursion to Put-in-Bay next Tuesday evening.

Mr. Beckwith, of Elyria, chartered the Erie, and gave a ride to Put-in-Bay to about forty of his Sandusky friends.

Mrs Sylvia Brownell, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr and Mrs H C Post, for several weeks, has returned to Cleveland.

Mrs Philip Kunz and daughters, of Dayton, are visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Carrie Craig is home, after a two weeks' visit in Toledo.

Miss Carrie Irvine is home again, after a delightful visit with friends in Detroit.

Mrs. Edward Haylor, who has been very ill, is slowly convalescing.

Miss Cora Greenfelder is visiting her aunt, Mrs. William Emrich, in Cleveland, O.

Mr W H Gilcher entertained a party of ladies and gentlemen at Put-in Bay last Friday.

Mr C E Bouton was in Toledo this week on a business trip.

Mrs Jacob Barker is very ill with fever at her home on Washington street.

Mr and Mrs Thomas Keyes and family were in the city Wednesday to attend the funeral of the late Capt J B Keyes.

Mrs Ann S Reyburn, mother of Col W W Woodward, is visiting old friends in Tippecanoe and Dayton.

Mr. Will Melville, of Lima, arrived in the city Thursday and is a guest of his mother, Mrs. Melville, Fulton street.

Mrs. Perry Walker, Huron avenue, is entertaining Mrs. and Miss Clint of Coldwater, Mich.

Miss Peillister, of Zanesville, is a guest of Mrs. Henry Huntington, Adams street.

Messrs. Ed. Wright and Albert Robrahn soft for the far west Wednesday last.

Mr. H B Hubbard is entertaining his len, Mr. Chas. H Hubbard, and grandson, Master Chas. Hubbard of Hartford City, Ind.

Prof. Eugene Bonn, of Rochester, N. Y., is in the city for a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. Will Kennedy, of Cincinnati, who is visiting at the Melville residence on Fulton street, is suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Miss John Hauger is entertaining Mr and Mrs C H Voegele, of Mansfield, O.

Mrs A J Shearman, of Oberlin, who has been the guest of Mrs George Tolman for the past two weeks, has returned home.

Mr Harry Taylor, of Hartford, Conn., who has been very ill at the residence of his aunt, Mrs James Woolworth, is convalescing.

Mrs Lorenzo Anthony is entertaining Miss Lydia Scranton, of Detroit, Mich.

Mr and Mrs A A Howell, of Wheeling, W Va., and Mr Thomas Howell, of Philadelphia, parents and brother of Rev R L Howell, who have been guests at Grace church rectory, have returned home.

Bellevue.

Mayor Lanterman left last Tuesday for a trip up the lakes on the steam barge "Elphicks."

Frank McGuire of Youngstown, O., spent a few days with relatives and friends here the past week.

B F Bunn and guest Claude Bunn o Three Rivers, Mich., returned Wednesday evening from a few days trip to Niagara Falls.

Mrs J E Anderson, of Dayton, Florida, arrived here Thursday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs Stephen Clark and family and other relatives and friends.

Mrs W W Harper is visiting her parents and friends at Cambridge.

Mr and Mrs Martin Gross left the forepart of the week for Mt Clemons, Mich.

Arthur P Harsch left a few days ago for Colorado, in the hopes of improving his health.

H C Stahl and family arrived home Tuesday morning from North Britain, Conn, where they have been visiting the past few weeks.

Miss Belle Gardner of Cleveland, is here on a visit with her parents.

John A Sunning is spending a week's vacation with friends at Tonawanda and Niagara Falls, N. Y.

J B Wood has returned from a few days visit with his brother, Thomas H, at Grand Rapids, Mich. The latter is suffering from a complication of diseases and is in very poor health.

Miss Rosa Brandle of Sandusky, O, was the guest of Mr H Bauman and family on Woodward avenue, this week.

Prof E F Warner and family left Monday for a week's visit with friends in Massillon and other points.

Mr and Mrs W M Halliday have returned from a short visit at Put-in-Bay.

Miss Bertha Wehrmeister who succeeds Miss Snarp of Fremont, O, as associate principal of the high school, arrived here from Central City, Neb, Friday. She will make her home with Mr and Mrs Wm Heyman on East Main street.

The marriage of Miss Binnie Berger and Mr Harry Cook of Columbus, O, took place at the residence of the bride's mother west of town on last Wednesday at 1:30 p m. The young couple left on the evening train for a trip to Colorado.

Waterloo.

Miss Nettie Beidler, of Elkhart, will remain with her grandma until autumn before returning home.

Mrs I Davidson and daughter, Miss May, left Thursday to visit Mrs Davidson's father and family, at Green Springs, O.

Rev J M DeWeese and family will leave for Rome City Monday to attend the assembly meetings which convenes the 29th.

Mr C I Riddle, of Fort Wayne, was in our city Tuesday.

The W C T U will meet at the residence of S L Dickinson Saturday evening.

Rev Landy will preach in the old school house, Uniontown, Sunday afternoon.

Dan Leas went to Detroit Monday.

Jessie and Laura Huestis, of Fort Wayne, and Nellie Carrenter, of Pleasant Lake, were in the city a few days this week, guests of Dr Carpenter's family.

The cadets went to Fort Wayne Monday for the annual drill and encampment in that city.

Miss Anna Bevier is home from Fayette, O, to visit her parents, Dr Bevier's.

Rev W H Mygrants, of Hicksville, O, was in the city the latter part of the week.

Wapakoneta.

Prof. C W Williamson was in Cincinnati this week purchasing books for the public schools.

Mrs. J S Mead who has been visiting her parents here, has returned to her home at Lorain, O.

Auglaize county, with a population of 28,000, has nine newspapers and the tenth is about to be established at Buckland, a small town in the oil field.

Misses Mamie and Doretta Rensch, of Toledo, are visiting their grandmotner, Mrs. Marie Maisen.

The bountiful wheat crop has hustled up business considerable.

Louis Piehl has returned home from Middlesborough, Ky.

Sylvania.

Mrs. J. M. Hopkins has returned from a short visit in Mason City.

Shaw, Kendall & Co., of Toledo, are refitting the High school building.

F. R. Warren had a valuable horse badly hurt on a barb wire fence last week.

Hopes are entertained now for the recovery of Mrs. Frank Debruin, who has been at death's door for a number of days.

Mr. P. Cousins, of Cleveland, O., is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Barney Clark.

James Ruth was struck by lightning Monday afternoon and narrowly escaped with his life.

Napoleon

Milton J Shoemaker, wife and family have returned from Findlay. While there their son Carl fell from a swing and broke his arm.

Miss Lou Crover has taken charge of a school in Monroe township. She is a graduate in the class of '91 and is very popular.

Miss Bennie Edwards is visiting Miss Daisy Palmer in Defiance.

Vernon J Emery has departed for Europe.

Mrs L Y Richards has returned from an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs Schwarzee, in Marion, Ind.

Miss Lizzie Finnerty is spending several weeks with relatives in Toledo.

Miss Cora Davison has returned from her Defiance county trip.

Misses Mayme Wilson and Jennie Ulrich are spending the summer at Lakeside.

Mrs Shelby of Defiance spent the greater part of the week with friends here, returning yesterday.

Miss Randa Rundell, of Stanton, Neb., is the guest of Miss Maud Hudson.

W W Campbell, M E Luce and family, and Mrs. Dr. Harrison left on a several weeks' trip up the lakes.

Mrs. D C Brown and children are visiting Mrs. B's. mother, Mrs. W Woodward, in Liberty Center this week.

W J Baisley has returned from Mechanicsburg, Pa., having been the guest of his father during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Art Tyler, Cleveland, are guests at the home of Hon. J H Tyler.

Misses Minnie Lannen and Nellie Sullivan returned to their home in Toledo after a week's stay with Mrs. Brennan.

Samuel Martin attended a reunion of his old regiment, the 123d O. V. I., at Cedar Point this week. He also visited relatives in Seneca county.

Misses Clara Hengstler and Nellie Kuebler, of Defiance, are guests of Miss Della Gardner.

Wauseon.

Attorney C F Greenough is vacating at Lakeside.

Dr L A Miley and wife left Thursday for the great lakes where they will cruise for a week or so.

Mrs Ed Rice and Mrs F M Cochran are visiting relatives in Cleveland.

A Mr Fassett was here yesterday endeavoring to organize a republican club.

Miss Nellie Brobker, of Kansas City, is here shaking hands with her old schoolmates.

Miss Lillie Kelley is home from a month's visit with her sister at Chicago.

Ex-Auditor A W McConnell was called to Medina county the first of the week on account of the death of his brother Julius.

C W Schwartz was in Toledo Tuesday on business.

Mrs Hugh Cain is home with her mother for the summer from Morristown, Tenn.

Perrysburg

N H Callard was in Bowling Green Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Douglass, of Peoria, Ill, and Miss Myrtle Shepler are visiting Mrs Geo McKnight.

Mrs Ada Hall, Oberlin, is visiting relatives here this week.

Charles Lawrence went to Mackinac Thursday.

Miss Grace Parks, East Toledo, is spending a few weeks with her grandparents, Dr and Mrs H A Hamilton.

Miss Emma Houston, who is visiting friends in Van Lear, O., witnessed the death of her cousin, Geo Westcott, shortly after her arrival Wednesday.

Joe Hilbert and Rad Pomeroy, arrested for assault and battery, are fined $10 and costs and 20 days in the county jail.

Misses Ada and Ila Lawrence, Maggie Emley, Mary Clark and Ina Oblinger took a trip to Detroit Tuesday.

Lincoln Beach, of Ann Arbor, Mich., called on Perrysburg friends Sunday.

Miss Mary Hilbert has returned from a visit to Piqua, O.

Mrs D A Haylor has returned to Bowling Green.

Mert Yeager is visiting in Portland, Ind.

Mrs E I Priest, Monroe, Mich, is visiting her parents, J H Pierce and wife.

At the social given by the Ladies' Centennial society at the residence of H M Hoover, last evening, Uncle Sam and Miss Columbia received a large number of guests to welcome the representatives of foreign nations. Tue evening was spent most enjoyably.

B Trombla and son have purchased the Exchange livery from J H Pierce.

Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock Susan Butler, colored, wife of Samuel Butler, departed this life after months of suffering. For nearly 26 years she has lived in this place, having come here from her home in Kentucky, where she was born a slave and lived to see the emancipation act. All here knew Susan and all will miss her. Funeral services Sunday at 2 p. m. from the M. E. church.

Mrs. L. C. Lock, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Condit and children, of Austin, Tex., are guests of Mrs. E. Lee.

The wedding chimes of St. Rose de Lima church called together a large number of guests to witness the marriage of Gideon Blanchard, Defiance, and Miss Lulu Boff, of Perrysburg, this week. A reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents in the afternoon, and many friends were present. Rev. Father Boff, of Cleveland, uncle of the bride, performed the marriage ceremony. Many friends were present from Defiance.

Morenci, Mich.

H H Spencer, W W Crabbs, Dr Chase Butler and H W Snow attended the Detroit races this week.

Mrs H A ford, accompanied by Miss Jessie Wilson, spent Sunday with Mrs J Fuller and daugater, of Blissfield.

A party of four cyclist visited Fayette, and on account of the rain had the pleasure of riding in on foot.

Miss Frye, of Cincinnati, is visiting Miss Chas Buck.

Miss Jessie Morris is entertaining friends from Adrian.

Fremont.

Charles Zahm, S C Lamberson and their families, spent Sunday at Catawba island.

Dr. J C Swauder and wife are visiting in Lindsey.

Miss Nellie Sanford, of Mansfield, is the guest of Fremont friends.

J Youngsman, mother and sister,

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 30 cents, three times 40 cents, and four times 50 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credits is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Once, 5cts; Three times, 10cts; Six times 15cts.

WANTED—Barber, 635 South St Clair st. 24jy2p

WANTED—Press feed boys at Bee job rooms. 23jy3

WANTED—At once white male waiter at 241 Summit. 24jy3

WANTED—Business man with experience, energy and capital—or a company of such—to manufacture and push the sale of article needed in every factory, public building, store house, hotel, market and private dwelling; greatest invention of the age; cost small; demand universal; profits fair. For particulars address with reference, C 28, Bee office, Toledo, O. 24jy2p

WANTED—One grocer's clerk and one delivery man not over 30 years of age, must be quick and attentive and must be well recommended. Address Grocer, Bee office. 24jy2

BRASS MOULDER—Wanted, young man who has worked at the trade. The Central Chandelier Co. 24jy2

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy-tf

WANTED—Porter, at the Jefferson. 22jy-tf

WANTED—Salesmen — Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers; write at once. Ellwanger & Barry, Mt Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N Y. jy22to aug18p

CUTTERS WANTED—Indications point to the Cleveland cutting school, Cleveland, O, being crowded during the entire season. What is the reason? Simply this: Cutters produce better results with the A D Rude New Method than by any principle of cutting taught. 23jy4

WANTED—Successful insurance solicitors to work in the city of Toledo; those who have worked in the accident line preferred. For particulars call at the Hotel Union after 6 p m. Inquire G R F. 21jy6p

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell goods to merchants by sample; big pay for workers; new goods; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade. Model Mfg Co, South Bend, Ind. 18jy1mp

WANTED—For the United States army able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 8jy9m

WANTED—Permanent office assistant. Salary $750. Railway fair paid. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, box 582, Chicago. 27jun6f

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Nurse girl. German preferred. Mrs F W Kelp, Cherry st, near Page. 25jy2p

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family and small house. Inquire at 531 Scott st. 24jy2p

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three. Inquire at 1812 Jefferson st.

WANTED—Dining room girls and one kitchen girl at Niagara dining hall, 224 Summit st, opposite the Lion store, up stairs; all meals. 24jy2p

WANTED—Competent girl at 125 21st st, between Monroe and Jefferson; small family, modern conveniences, liberal wages; reference required. Mrs Geo K Detwiler. 23jy-tf

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a competent girl for general housework, apply mornings at 506 Irving st. 23jy3p

COOK—Wanted, one good second cook, at New York House, 135 st Clair st. 23jy3p

WANTED—Three first-class dining room girls at once; will pay $16 per month. Fountain hotel, Mt. Clemens, Mich. 15jy2wsn

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 332 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

A C OTTO, 751 Monroe st, near Ontario, makes models and all kinds of light mechanical work; special attention to repairs on sewing machines, bicycles, lawn mowers, gasoline stoves, clothes wringers, scales, guns, etc. 25jy3w

A GOOD PLACE to buy crockery, glass and tinware, lamps, etc. 612 South St Clair s 5th ward. Isidor Huen. 23jy3t

MARENGO GROVE—Picnic parties will find covered wagon at Broadway street car barns; make arrangements by calling phone 1110; fare round trip 15 cents. 22jy10a

DR. MINGOS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend all calls; special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 23jy1mp

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have claims as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 21jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 7 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan1-tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 321. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 29mayly

WANTED—SITUATIONS

COOK—(male) wants situation in hotel or restaurant; first-class; have best of recommendations. Address Cook, P O box 402, Toledo. 25jy6p

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation as housekeeper by well to do middle-aged lady, or general housework in a small family. Address C 37, Bee office. 25jy3

WANTED—Dresses to make at Mrs Shaw's, 609 Summit st. 25jy3

WANTED—Situation as cashier, stenographer, typewriter or copyist, by a well educated young lady; best of reference if necessary. Address C 35, Bee office. 24jy9

WANTED—Situation as teacher in a district or other school; good recommendations and certificates can be given; teach also German if required. Address Teacher, 1106 Page st, Toledo. 24jy3

WANTED—Situation by first-class German cook, woman in a private family. Address 122 S St Clair st. 24jy3

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper, or general housework in small family, by middle-aged lady. Address C 34, Bee office. 24jy3

SITUATION—Wanted, as housekeeper, by a middle-aged lady; can give reference. Address C 33, Bee office. 24jy3

WANTED—Dressmaking by the day. Address C 32, Bee office. 23jy3

WANTED—Laundry work, janitress or cleaning of any kind; first-class reference, Mrs Allen, 503 Wisconsin st. 22jy2

WANTED—Situation, by a woman to wash out by the day or at the house. Call at 118 Nebraska ave. 23jy3

WANTED—Situation, by a young married man, 25 years residence in the city; speaks German and English; experience in wholesale and retail groceries, dry goods, notions and spice and coffee business; good recommendations. Address C 13, Bee office. 23jy3

WANTED—By a middle-aged American woman, engagements as lady's nurse, or care of an invalid. Call or address Miss Hulsey, 1511 Forrer st, city. 21jy9p

WANTED AGENTS.

WE offer agents big money, in exclusive territory. Our new patent Safes, sell a night in city or country. New agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $80. so can you. Catalogue free. Alpine Safe Co., No 369-371, Clark St., Cincinnati, O. 27jne-w&sat-3mo

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want county and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $300 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $750; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 11jy3m

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—small round gold watch charm with gold shield in center engraved. Finder will please return to room 12 Marine building and receive reward. 24jy2p

WANTED—TO RENT.

HOTEL—Wanted to rent, hotel or boarding house; will buy furniture, etc. Address P O Box 17, Hortville, O. 20jy2w p

BUSINESS CHANCE.

$3,000 to $10,000 a year can be made by men of integrity and ability, able to organize and control local business of large financial institution; permanent position; opportunity of a century; large, exclusive territory to parties having means to manage same; fortune for experienced solicitor or agency manager. Address, stating experience and references, S P G, P O box 111, Manchester, N H.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, a 9 acre farm just outside the corporation under the influence of the lake air and well adapted for truck gardening and fruit. George E Pomeroy & Son, 414 Madison st. 9jy1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Horse, cart and harness, or will sell horse separately. Can be seen at 1234 Washington st. 25jy6p

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jy1f

FOR SALE—20 acres of land, 3 miles west of Monclova, and 5 miles east of Swanton, unimproved; will sell the same for $250 on liberal terms. Address Daul Utley, Toledo, O. 23jy6p

FOR SALE—Two barber chairs, cheap; also shop. Inquire 337 St Clair st. 24jy2p

FOR SALE—Cheap—Family horse, perfectly safe for ladies to drive, dark bay, 8 years old, weighs about 1,300, together with surrey, Seibert's make, new harness, robes, whips, etc. Apply at 321 St Clair st. 24jy2p

FOR SALE—Delivery wagons—Three good delivery wagons, all sizes, at 511 Summit st. 24jy2

FOR SALE—House and lot, two story frame, 7 rooms, large summer kitchen, natural gas, barn, rents for $8; very cheap, two minutes' walk from electric car. Apply 1251, cor Fort and Dawson sts, Southeast Toledo. 24jy6p

FOR SALE—Saloon and fixtures, cor Cherry st and Woodruff ave, opposite Wheeling & Lake Erie depot; reasons for selling. Address Peter Miller, 1101 Cherry st, Cherry st, Toledo, O. 23jy3p

FOR SALE—Two-seat surrey, extension top buggy; price $125; good as new; can be seen at Geo Kapp's, 336 West Woodruff ave. 22jy6

BANCROFT PLACE—Lots for sale on Bancroft, Utica and George sts. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Frontage to sell for sale between Locust and Lagrange sts. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Well located lots with nicely graded streets and broad alley. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Stores, schools and street cars conveniently; lots at a reasonable figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Neighborhood good lot, well laid out, property cheap; get our prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Lots for sale on easy time and small payments; look at the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—A short walk from center of the city; business close. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has a number of homes already built; more will soon follow. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is an attractive addition for homes at a low figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is especially cheap to parties wishing to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is easily reached by street cars from all parts of the city. Irving B Hiett & Co

BANCROFT PLACE—Title perfect, abstract furnished with each lot sold. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Money advanced to parties wishing to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Lots cheap; house built to suit purchasers; if you want one call on Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—For sale at prices which will surprise you; see us soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Look at this addition and judge for yourself; our prices are right. Irving B Hiett & Co

BANCROFT PLACE—Has pavement and street cars on Bancroft st and street cars on Lagrange. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is well drained and in healthful neighborhood. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is good place for investment; property will increase in value. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has lots suitable for business or residence at proper prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is sold in lots on warranty deed, with good title making purchase safe. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—is not far from Wheeling depot; is convenient for railroad men. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Should be seen to be appreciated; look at the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has lots for sale at prices that are right; call for figures Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—If you buy now all advances and profits you will receive yourself. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is a first-class place to buy; fortunes have been made by buying real estate cheap. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is in a growing district; good neighborhood already started. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—is open for your inspection; let us show you the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The stone building recently occupied by Byrtl & Merick as a furniture, planing and jobbing establishment; the building is eighty (80) by seventy-three (73) feet, 3 stories in height with cellars, situate on Water st, Sandusky, in the center of the city; there are three railroads passing at the rear of the building, one within 10 feet; there is also an engine of 100 horse power, with a new steel boiler and planing machine matcher, resawing, moulding, ripping and cross-cutting off machine, all in good order for business manufacturing; the owner is going out of business; the property will be sold at a sacrifice or rented to a good tenant. James D Lea. Sandusky, June 15, 1891. 16je6w

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 71 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $32; house and lot on Lee st, 6th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,600 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 10 Produce Exchange. 7marlyr

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 378 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, with kitchen. Call at 712 Madison st. 25jy6p

ROOMS—For rent, nice, clean rooms, newly furnished, painted and papered; $1 per week; also rooms on first floor, cheap. 21 5th st. Call and see.

ROOMS—For rent nicely furnished rooms; also basement rooms for light housekeeping, with use of bath. Apply at 28 Ontario, between Monroe and Washington. 2 jy6p

FOR RENT—Store room, cellar and dwelling above, No 650 Jefferson, Epstein block, fitted up for a saloon; none but good parties need apply. Inquire of M M Eppstein. Finlay's brewery, or H Weitzel, Secor block, cor superior and Monroe sts. 20jy11

FOR RENT—Several suits of rooms in the Epstein block, Cherry st, modern improvements. Inquire of M M Eppstein, at Finlay's brewery, or H Weitzel, Secor block, cor superior and Monroe sts. 20jy11

ROOMS—For rent, five nice rooms on second floor; natural gas and water. 406 Irving st. 20jy6p

FOR RENT—HOUSE

HOUSES—For rent two new houses, eight rooms each, with all modern improvements, on Lafayette st, near Michigan, $25 each. Inquire of Fellbach & Co, cor Monroe and Huron sts. 24jy2p

FOR RENT—Old saloon, 1795 Summit st; good location for grocery or saloon; owner next door. Dennis McElroy. 20jy6

FOR RENT—The commodious storeroom No 58 North Erie st, between Monroe and Washington; phone 237. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 512 Madison st. 17jy12

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1425 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY—To let—$700. Address H L H, 315 Locust st, city. 23jy2p

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16mayif

MONEY TO LOAN on farm or city property in large or small amounts, at low rate of interest; will buy notes, bonds, mortgages on liberal terms. Merrell & Bastell, 312 Madison st. 11jne1y

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

Concrete is laid on Superior street as far as Madison.

The trustees of the Children's home are in session to-day.

Spitzer & Co. have purchased $80,000 of Fostoria sewer bonds.

Send next week's washing to the Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 488.

Labor day will be celebrated in Toledo in an enthusiastic manner.

Walter Brown & Co. always lead; they keep Leroux Cider Vinegar.

Meet your friends at the depot with a Carriage from the Crescent Livery Co.

Harry White, of Toledo, has been talking temperance at Chillicothe this week.

Connection is being made to-day with Summit street from Jefferson by the Robisons.

Order a Carriage or Surrey for a Sunday drive from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 869.

William J. Ellis and Patience S. E. Roe were married by Justice Parker yesterday afternoon.

The ceilings of the halls in the Produce Exchange building are being plastered and decorated.

The Ninth regiment, U. R., K. P., will meet in encampment as a regiment at Huron next month.

Take a ride on the Belt Line to-morrow. Special prices in diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware at B. H. Broer's, 606 S. St. Clair street.

The leading dealers sell Buckeye Paints and Varnishes, because they give customers universal satisfaction.

Everett M. Cook, dentist, successor to Nevius & Cook Worthington block, corner Superior and Adams streets.

Justice Merrell gave judgment for $13 to the plaintiff in the case of Scott against Barnham yesterday afternoon.

Dan O'Leary and Edward Brafety were each fined the costs in police court this morning for being drunk yesterday.

John Wilson and S. R. Canter were arrested this morning as suspicious characters and locked up to await investigation.

The Second regiment, which last year camped at Presque Isle, will this year hold forth at Bowling Green from August 10 to 17.

The assault and battery case of Jennie Matthes against John Dean was again continued in the police court this morning.

David Keefe, arrested yesterday for carrying concealed weapons, forfeited $10 bail by not appearing in police court this morning.

The Belt line is finished; go and get an airing to-morrow.

Building permits: Alfred Wiltsie, Webster street, $3,000; Mrs. M. Stalls, Price street, $400; Fred Stallbaun, Pontiac street, two cottages, $900 each.

In Justice Austin's court: Lubaner against McCoy, settled; Harris against Batt, judgment for plaintiff, $36; Ninde against Lampson, settled.

The case of Lewis against Keifer, Nindworth against Thomas, and Stout against Blake, were all continued in Justice Merrell's court this morning.

Not around the Horn, but around the Belt Line; it is all finished; take a ride.

To tone up the system and stimulate the appetite, take Angostura Bitters. Dr. J. G. B. Seigert & Sons, sole manufacturers. Ask your druggist.

George N. Ostrander, arrested yesterday for selling goods at auction without a license, was tried in police court this morning and the case was continued.

John T. Thomas, of Lima, says the Times, is to assume the position of head cook at the Oliver house in this city on Monday.

This morning Spitzer & Co. paid into the treasury $30,000 on last Monday's bond purchase. The rest will be deposited by August 1.

The Toledo railway clerks go to Put-in-Bay to-morrow, where they will meet sister societies from Cleveland, Detroit and Sandusky.

Will F. Sapp, of Toledo, is occupying the cashier's desk at the Oak Harbor State bank during the absence of Geo. L. Seeley on his summer vacation.—Oak Harbor Press.

Go to the Asylum to-morrow on the Electric Line.

Yesterday afternoon the grand trustees of the grand lodge, Red Cross of Ohio, met at the office of John D. Irving, grand chief, in the produce exchange building and held an interesting session.

The little office in Cherry Grove at the corner of Walnut and Frederick streets is now open from 12 to 7 p. m. for the sale of the remaining lots in Cherry Grove addition. Call on Mr. H. H. Modewell at the office, or on R. W. Smith, 224 St. Clair st.

F. B. Losee & Co., yesterday sold the following lots in Montgomery Place addition: To Edward Gever, lots 34 and 35; to Joseph Theil, lot 15; to Henry Smith, lot 11. Houses will be erected on these lots at once.

Go to the Asylum to-morrow on the Electric Line.

Battery D., O. N. G., is painting up its pieces and making other preparations for camp. The company leaves for McConnelsville, O., next Thursday morning, where it will camp with the first regiment for eight days.

Paul Raymond was given judgment against William Patton in a case of forcible detention in Justice Parker's court. The case of Frank Frankfort against Constable Gries was also heard, and judgment will be given next Tuesday.

Word has just been received in Toledo of the death Mrs. J. E. Sheridan, who was well known here, being the daughter of the Jolly Chris Gerber, who now resides at Elyria. Mr. Gerber and his family have the sympathy of their numerous Toledo friends in their bereavement.

Much complaint is heard regarding the condition of the fountain in front of the postoffice on Madison street. At various times of the day the streets are loaded with teams waiting for a turn to reach the fountain. A fountain of some kind is perhaps a necessity, but it should be removed to a less prominent thoroughfare.

Don't worry your horse or deny your self any pleasure when out riding. Just drive up to Snipherd's Carriage Repository on Cherry street where you will not only see the finest stock of buggies, carts and light wagons in the state, but also a complete line of fly nets, light robes and dusters—everything in horse goods. Quality of goods way up. Prices way down.

James Daily, a sailor from Cleveland, was arrested yesterday for begging on the streets. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs and given 30 days in the workhouse, in the police court this morning. The sentence was more for his lying on the witness stand than for his begging.

The hose of prostitution kept by James and May Riley on Washington street, and known as the Hotel Brunswick, was raided by the officers yesterday afternoon. Three men and three women were arrested in the house—John J. Coffee, William Johnson and Wm. Kilby, Jennie Bennett, Maude Bell and Mary Abbott. Jennie Bennett, Wm. Johnson and Wm. Kilby each forfeited $15 bail by not appearing in police court this morning. John J. Coffee and Maude Bell were each fined $15 and costs, and May Abbott's case continued until July 27.

Attention is called to the advertisement of Dr. Tutt which appears in our columns. For over twenty-five years Tutt's Pills have been before the public, and each succeeding year their valuable properties become better appreciated. They now stand on the top round of the ladder for that much abused and overtaxed organ, the liver, and for the removal of that cause of so many ills, constipation. They are used in every civilized country in the world, and carry with them voluminous testimonials of their safety and efficacy. Tutt's Pills should have a place in every household.

Car Loads | Stolberg & Parks are getting in car loads of Furniture, cheaper and better than ever before.

The Special Train

account of the G. A. R. Encampment at Detroit, runs through without change of cars over the Lake Shore.

Remember the City of Toledo's Excursion to Put-in Bay, Sunday, July 26. Fare round trip, 50 cents.

Read This | We recover Parlor Furniture cheap and in Modern Style. Get our prices. STOLBERG & PARKS.

A Brilliant Affair

is what the National Encampment at Detroit will be. Members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. should avail themselves of the opportunity offered by the Lake Shore R'y for visiting Detroit by Special train August 3, and at low rates.

Do Not Miss This Chance

of attending the National Encampment, by Special train over the Lake Shore on August 3.

Remember the City of Toledo's Excursion to Put-in Bay, Sunday, July 26, Fare round trip, 50 cents.

Lakeside.

The City of Toledo will run to Lakeside daily except Sundays, up to August 18. July 29 will be Democratic Day; free trade address by Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, M. C. July 30 will be Republican Day; address on the tariff by Hon. Wm. McKinley, jr. Fare round trip $1.50.

If you wish to enjoy a pleasant ride take the Wallace next Sunday. Barrett's Famous Band on board. Moonlight ride 6:30 p. m.

Idlewild for Detroit and Belle Isle Park, Sunday, July 26. Fare 50c round trip. Leaves her dock, foot Jefferson street at 9 o'clock a. m. city time. Returning, leaves Detroit at 5 p. m.

EXPOSITION NOTES.

Some of the Attractions That Will Amuse the People.

The work of getting the exposition grounds in shape for the opening is progressing rapidly, and when finished will be the best equipped in the state. A complete system of drainage has been added, and together with the grading of the track and grounds and remodeling of the buildings makes the grounds accessible to all, and an exceedingly pleasant place for a day's recreation.

C. H. Nelson is negotiating with Secretary Crane to have his string performers give daily entertainments.

Secretary Crane has one side of the exposition building on St. Clair street covered with posters and lithographs. The work is attractive and has caused much comment.

Entries have commenced to come in already, something that was never known in the past. It is an indication of success.

Over half of the privileges have been sold.

One gentleman who showed his stock here in 1883, and who has not been in Toledo since that time, has applied to enter.

False Economy

Is practiced by many people who buy inferier articles of food because cheaper than standard goods. Surely infants are entitled to the best food obtainable. It is a fact that the Gail Borden "Eagle" brand Condensed Milk is the best infant food. Your grocer and druggist keep it.

Mr. S. Canfield, agent of Steamer Idlewild, will have tickets to Detroit and return, for sale from August 1 to 8, good to return until August 20, for accommodation of those attending the G. A. R. Encampment. Fare round trip $1.00.

Summer Tours.

The Wabash railroad are offering round trip tourist tickets, at very low rates, to Excelsior Springs, Eureka Springs, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Butte, Helena, Ogden, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Sitka, Alaska and many other points.

They are the only line east of Chicago that have a complete line of tourist tickets, obviating the annoyance to passengers of exchanging their ticket at some point en route. Palace reclining chair cars (seats free) elegant sleepers and famous Wabash dining cars on all trains.

Through Pullman buffet sleeping cars and palace reclining chair cars to Kansas City without change.

For illustrated printed matter, maps, folders, routes and rates apply to Boody house ticket office or P. E. Dombaugh, passenger and ticket agent Wabash railway, 308 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

Jay Gould, so a current item says, only weighs 107 pounds. When he goes down on Wall street with a Smokette cigar in his teeth, the fellows think he weighs a ton.

SPORTING.

National League.

THE RECORD.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	45	32	77	.584
New York	41	30	71	.577
Boston	42	33	75	.560
Cleveland	41	38	79	.519
Philadelphia	37	39	76	.487
Brooklyn	34	41	75	.453
Cincinnati	32	45	77	.416
Pittsburg	30	44	74	.405

American Association.

THE RECORD.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cen
Boston	56	25	81	.691
St. Louis	56	29	85	.659
Baltimore	45	33	78	.577
Athletics	40	36	76	.526
Columbus	40	42	82	.488
Cincinnati	35	47	82	.427
Washington	26	51	77	.338
Louisville	19	59	88	.330

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Cleveland	Gruber—	7	9	3	6	8
Pittsburg	Baldwin—	3	12	5	0	2
Chicago	Hutchinson—	11	12	8	3	4
Cincinnati	Radbourn—	7	5	4	0	7
New York	Rusie—	5	9	2	1	4
Philadelphia	Casson—	2	7	2	5	3

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Athletics	Chamberlain—	9	15	3	1	7
Baltimore	Cunningham—	5	6	4	0	4
Cincinnati	Dwyer—	12	11	7	0	5
St. Louis	McGill—	20	21	6	2	6
Columbus	Knell—	3	8	0	0	1
Louisville	Stratton—	0	3	3	0	0

Fight Arranged For.

New York, July 25.—Jack McAuliffe, of Brooklyn, and Austin Gibbons, of Paterson, N. J., met this afternoon at the Police Gazette office to arrange a fight before the Granite club of Hoboken, N. J. After a long wrangle the men finally agreed to fight at 133 pounds, give or take two pounds. The articles were drawn up that the fight be for $1,500 a side and a purse of $4,000 to be put up by the club. Then McAuliffe wanted the fight to be 15 rounds, but Gibbons insisted on the contest being to a finish. McAuliffe refused and the match fell through. Gibbons' backer left $500 on deposit for Gibbons to fight any man in the world at 133 pounds at $1,500 a side.

Among the Amateurs.

The Starrs were beaten at Paulding yesterday by the score of 6 to 8.

The Speranzas play the Ironville Unions at Presque Isle Sunday morning. A good game is expected.

The Speranzas accept the challenge of the Ironville Unions, and will play them at Presque Isle Sunday, July 26, for $2.25 a side or more. H. Lippert, manager; W. Leary, captain.

We, the Bad Boys, have accepted the challenge from the Speranza Jr. to a game of ball on the Monroe street grounds, at 1:30 p. m. sharp, on Monday, for 50 cents.
HARRY SHEPLER, Manager.

Nervous debility, poor memory, diffidence, sexual weakness, pimples, onium habit, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

STEAMER PASTIME | is doing a great business these hot days and the grand free Open Air Concerts given at Presque Isle after the arrival of the 2 and 3:30 boats are highly appreciated; 20 cents pays the whole bill.

Idlewild for Detroit and Belle Isle Park, Sunday, July 26. Fare 50c round trip. Leaves her dock, foot Jefferson street at 9 o'clock a. m. city time. Returning, leaves Detroit at 5 p. m.

Dedication Excursion to Fremont Sunday, July 26, 1891.

The special train to be run on the occasion of the dedication of St. Ann's church, Fremont, on Sunday, July 26, will leave Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad depot, Cherry street, at 8 a. m., standard time. Excursion rate 75 cents.

No Change of Cars to Detroit

will be made by members of the G. A. R. or W. R. C. who take the Lake Shore Special Train August 3.

Card of Thanks.

I desire on behalf of myself and family to express my appreciation, gratitude and thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted us in our sad affliction in the loss of our dear son and brother, Mathew.
MR. JAMES COLLINS AND FAMILY.

Special Train to Detroit for the G. A. R.

For the National Encampment of the G. A. R., the Lake Shore & Mich. South. R'y will run Special train to Detroit, August 3, for which tickets will be sold at low rates. For time of trains, etc., see posters, or apply to local ticket agent for full particulars.

G. A. R. Special Train

to Detroit August 3, via Lake Shore R'y.

Rockers | We can surprise you; such a variety, so pretty and cheap. STOLBERG & PARKS.

Princess Mary, of Teck, is the prettiest marriageable royal girl in Europe. She is the object of devotion of Prince Edward, of Wales, but the match is prevented by the strong objection of the queen.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them

BUSINESS LOCALS.

THE SECOND ANNUAL

EXCURSION TO NIAGARA FALLS will take place Saturday, August 22. A special train is engaged for the occasion; particulars later. Prepare yourselves to go

HATS: new shapes to close out, 10c, 15c, 25c. MRS. M. O YOUNG, 909 Cherry St.

THE finest of imported Port and Sherry wines, Holland Gin and California Wines and Brandies at lowest prices at J. STEINEM & BRO., 424 Summit St.

No Gold Dollars for 75 Cents,

But you can buy a quart bottle pure California Claret at 25 cents, at F. BEHR'S, corner Adams and Huron.

TRIMMED Hats half price. Flowers, 10c 15c, 25c. MRS. M. O YOUNG, 909 Cherry St.

THE time to get Furniture below cost is now at Hager's Closing Out Sale.

THE best of imported and domestic Clarets, genuine Rheinwines, rare old Whiskies at lowest prices at J. STEINEM & BRO., 424 Summit St.

Finest Imported Spanish Port

And Sherrys, French Clarets, Houte Southerner and Brandys, at the lowest prices in the city. F. BEHR, Corner Adams and Huron.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is no humbug. "Everything goes" below cost.

AMUSEMENTS.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.
TUESDAY, JULY 28TH.

W. S. Cleveland's Consolidated
The Eiffel Tower of Minstrelsy!
THE BIG CITY SHOW
No Old Favorites! Everything New!
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Seats now at Holmes'.

"People who walk up stairs

still carry their Mail to the Post Office. Where Elevators are used one expects to find the U. S. MAIL CHUTE and the FREE Collection Service."

If you don't find them, you should Address CUTLER MFG CO., Patentees, Rochester, N Y

The new BEE Building will be the first in Toledo to use the Mail Chute.

REAL ESTATE

MACOMBER, MOORE & McDONNELL.
108 Summit St., near Monroe.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1027 West Woodruff ave, 9 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, furnace, grates, natural gas; ready April 1st; $300 per annum.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1567 Monroe st, Hicks' block, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences; $500 per annum; ready May 1st.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $600 per annum.

FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near Bancroft, eight rooms, good barn; $20 per month.

FOR RENT—Dwellings from $6.00 to $20.00 per month.

FOR SALE—Building lots in all parts of the city. Cottages built to order and sold on long time, and on monthly payments when desired.

Taylor & Co.
REAL ESTATE
239 SUPERIOR ST
TOLEDO, O.
Choice City and Farm Property.
See our E. Toledo Addition just in the Market.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 Madison St.

GOLD IN IT | TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished. Address, THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

Robt. McCaskey Real Estate

Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my old customers and as many new ones as wish to get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY

FOR SALE—
Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,550.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x225, $1,350.
Building lot on Hicks st, 30x140, $450.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,800.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $1,900.
Handsome building lots on North st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS.
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

The Pittsburgh;

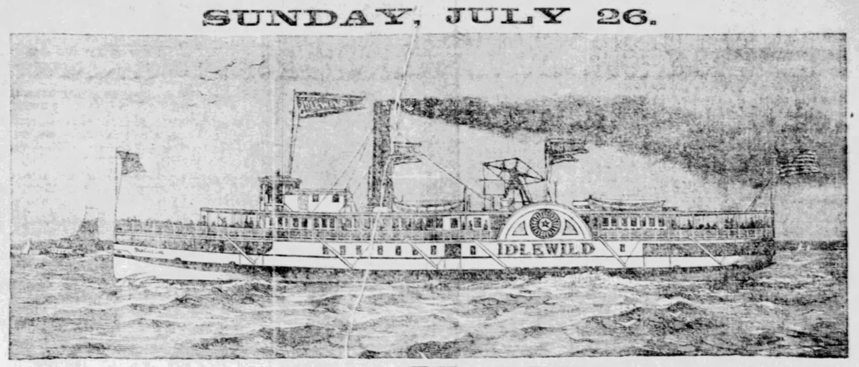
The Pittsburgh!

The Pittsburgh?

L. HASSENZAHL,
232 and 234 Summit St.

LOVELL DIAMOND SAFETY Made at Any Price. **$85**
No Better Machine
Diamond Frame, Steel Drop Forgings, Steel Tubing, Adjustable Ball Bearings to all running Parts, including Pedals. Suspension Saddle. Finest material money can buy. Finished in Enamel and Nickel.
STRICTLY HIGH GRADE IN EVERY PARTICULAR
Send six cents in stamps for our 100-page illustrated Catalogue of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Sporting Goods of All Kinds, etc.
Bicycle Catalogue FREE.
JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., Mfrs., 147 Washington Street, BOSTON, MASS.

GRAND EXCURSION TO DETROIT AND BELLE ISLE PARK
SUNDAY, JULY 26.



BY
STEAMER IDLEWILD
Fare, 50 Cents, Round Trip.
Leaves dock foot of Jefferson Street, 9 o'clock a. m., City Time. Returning leaves Detroit at 5 p. m.

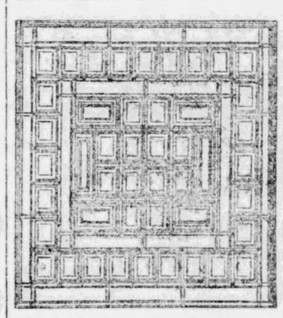
Our New Entrance

Is assuming shape and when completed, the entire remaining portion of the store front will be remodeled. Until all is finished THE ALTERATION SALE will be continued. If you have not called on us during this sale, it is to your interest to do so and convince yourself that when we advertise to give you your choice of any article from our immense stock at actual cost, we do just as we say. Carpets and Draperies included.

NEUHAUSEL BRO'S

DRINK GERMAN COFFEE

IT IS THE BEST.



Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.